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## Algorithms HW\_3

### 1) Knapsak Problem (Divide\_Ahd\_Conquire)

```
In [1]: def karatsuba(x,y):  
  
    if len(str(x)) == 1 or len(str(y)) == 1:  
        return x*y  
  
    n = max(len(str(x)), len(str(y)))  
    m = n//2  
  
    a = x//(10**m)  
    b = x%(10**m)  
    c = y//(10**m)  
    d = y%(10**m)  
  
    ac = karatsuba(a,c)  
    bd = karatsuba(b,d)  
    bc_ad = karatsuba(b,c) + karatsuba(a,d)  
    result = ac*(10**(2*m)) + bc_ad*(10**m) + bd  
    return result
```

```
In [2]: karatsuba(1234, 56789)
```

```
Out[2]: 70077626
```

### 2) fractional Knapsak

```
In [3]: def fractional_knabsak_dic(dic, w=0):
# -----
new_dic = {}
for element in dic:
    new_dic[element] = element/dic[element]
# -----
total_values = 0
fraction = 0
# -----
for i in range(len(dic)):
    max_key = max(new_dic, key=new_dic.get)
    # -----
    if w - dic[max_key]>0:
        w -= dic[max_key]
        total_values += max_key
    else:
        fraction = w / dic[max_key]
        total_values += max_key*fraction
    # -----
    del new_dic[max_key]
# -----
return total_values
```

```
In [4]: dic = {60: 10, 100: 20, 120: 30}
frac_knap_dic = fractional_knabsak_dic(dic, 50)
print(frac_knap_dic)
```

240.0

## Fractional Knapsack with input as two lists

```
In [5]: def fractional_knabsak_lst(val, wt, w=0):
# -----
val_by_wt = []
for i in range(len(val)):
    val_by_wt.append(val[i]/wt[i])
# -----
total_values = 0
fraction = 0
# -----
for i in range(len(val)):
    max_i = max(val_by_wt)
    index_i = val_by_wt.index(max_i)
    # -----
    if w - wt[index_i] >= 0:
        w -= wt[index_i]
        total_values += val[index_i]
    else:
        fraction = w / wt[index_i]
        total_values += val[index_i]*fraction
    # -----
    val_by_wt[index_i] = -1
# -----
return total_values
```

```
In [6]: frac_knap_lst = fractional_knabsak_lst([60, 100, 120],[10, 20, 30], 50)
print(frac_knap_lst)
```

240.0

## Dynamic Programming:

### 1) Coin Change Problem:

```
In [7]: def coin_change(coins, money):
import numpy as np
min_coins = np.ones(money+1)*(money+1)
min_coins[0] = 0
coins = sorted(coins)
for i in range(1,len(min_coins)):
    for j in coins:
        if (i - j) >= 0:
            min_coins[i] = min(min_coins[i-j]+1, min_coins[i])
        else:
            continue
    if min_coins[i] in [0,money+1]:
        min_coins[i] = -1
return min_coins[money]
```

```
In [8]: trial1 = coin_change([1,3,5,6,9],90)
trial2 = coin_change([1,2,3],10)
trial3 = coin_change([2],5)
print(trial1)
print(trial2)
print(trial3)
```

```
10.0
4.0
-1.0
```

## 2) Edit Distance (levenshtein distance):

```
In [9]: def edit_distance(x, y):
import numpy as np
x_dim = len(x)+1 # No. of columns
y_dim = len(y)+1 # No. of rows
min_distance = np.zeros((y_dim, x_dim))

for i in range(1, len(x)+1):
    min_distance[0, i] = i
for i in range(1, len(y)+1):
    min_distance[i, 0] = i

for i in range(1, len(x)+1):
    for j in range(1, len(y)+1):
        if x[i-1] == y[j-1]:
            min_distance[j, i] = min_distance[j-1, i-1]
        else:
            min_distance[j, i] = min(min_distance[j-1, i-1], min_distance[j,
# print(min_distance)
return min_distance[y_dim-1, x_dim-1]
```

```
In [10]: edit2 = edit_distance('short', 'ports')
print(edit2)
```

```
3.0
```

## 3) Longest Common Subsequence:

```
In [11]: def longest_com_subs(x, y):
import numpy as np
x_dim = len(x)+1 # No. of columns
y_dim = len(y)+1 # No. of rows
max_common = np.zeros((y_dim, x_dim))

for i in range(1, len(x)+1):
    for j in range(1, len(y)+1):
        if x[i-1] == y[j-1]:
            max_common[j, i] = max_common[j-1, i-1]+1
        else:
            max_common[j, i] = max(max_common[j, i-1], max_common[j-1, i])

#print(max_common)
return max_common[y_dim-1, x_dim-1]
```

```
In [12]: test = longest_com_subs('AGGTAB', 'GXTXAYB')
print(test)
```

4.0

```
In [13]: t = edit_distance('ab','ab')
print(t)
```

0.0

## 4) 0\_1 Knapsak Problem:

```
In [14]: def zero_one_knapsak(values, weights, W):
import numpy as np
n = len(values)
optimal_weight = np.zeros((n, W+1))
for i in range(n):
    for j in range(1,W+1):
        if j >= weights[i]:
            optimal_weight[i, j] = max(optimal_weight[i-1, j], optimal_weight[i-1, j-weights[i]]+values[i])
        else:
            optimal_weight[i, j] = optimal_weight[i-1, j]
return optimal_weight[n-1,W]
```

```
In [15]: test_kanpsak = zero_one_knapsak([60,100,120], [10,20,30], 50)
print(test_kanpsak)
```

220.0

In [ ]:

