

Service Quality Al Based System

Supervised by: Dr Ahmed Salah, T.A Moataz Mohamed

ABSTRACT

The concept of smart government has been gaining momentum in recent years, as governments around the world strive to improve service delivery and enhance citizen engagement with technology. In this context, the Smart Government Service Quality Project represents an innovative and ambitious initiative aimed at improving the quality of government services and enhancing citizen satisfaction. Our project has applied the target desired from smart government service quality idea as we have deployed many AI NLP-based techniques as topic classification, sentiment analysis, text generation and information retrieval, these techniques allowed us to analyze reviews, complains and feedbacks of citizens in order to get desired outputs automatically without need of human participating, these outputs includes: the ministry responsible for the review, the sentiment of the citizen posting the review, the specific governmental sector responsible for the problem in the review and the recommended solution for the problem in the review. We have deployed a website to make it easy for every citizen to use it from his house, work, or any place with the internet. We have applied fine tuning for transformer models like MARBERT, Arabert, Arat5, MT5 on our downstream tasks, we have reached **0.96** f1 score in sentiment analysis task, **0.957** fl score in topic classification task and 7.8 BLEU score in text generation task.

CONTACT

Amr ayman Ahmed samir

Youssef mohammed Mostafa gamal Ali fathy Zyad el sayed

Ain shams amr2018170267@cis.asu.edu.eg

INTRODUCTION

The Smart Government Service Quality Project is an innovative initiative aimed at improving the quality of government services through the use of advanced technologies.

The project leverages data analytics, artificial intelligence, and other smart technologies to optimize government service delivery processes, reduce bureaucracy, enhance transparency, and increase citizen satisfaction.

The project is based on a customer-centric approach that puts citizen needs and preferences at the center of service delivery. Through this approach, the project seeks to transform the way governments deliver services, making them more efficient, effective, and responsive to the needs of citizens.

METHODS AND MATERIALS

WE HAVE CREATED THIS PROJECT WITH MANY SCRIPTS, WE USED PYTHON PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE AS IT WAS THE SIMPLEST AND MOST USED LANGUAGE IN THE FIELD OF AI BECAUSE IT IS OPEN SOURCE, EASY LANGUAGE AND HAVE ENORMOUS NUMBER OF PACKAGES AND LIBRARIES THAT ARE VERY USEFUL IN OUR PROJECT FIELD.

ENVIRONMENTS:

LOCALHOST, GOOGLE COLAB, GOOGLE COLAB PRO, KAGGLE NOTEBOOKS: SAME AS GOOGLE COLAB WITH ADDITIONALTPU.

PACKAGES & LIBRARIES

PANDAS,.MATPLOTLIB,OS,.NUMPY,PY TORCH,TRANSFORMERS,SENTENCE PIECE,TQDM:,JSON,TENSORFLOW:,SCIKITLEARN,NLTK,RE,JOBLIB,SELENIU, BEAUTIFUL SOUP.

DATASET PREPROCESSING

GLARE DATASET PREPROCESSING, MERGED TOPICS DATA PREPROCESSING, WEB SCRAPPING MODULE, INPUT TEXT PREPROCESSING MODULE.

TOPIC CLASSIFICATION MODULE:

MODELS USED: MARBERT, ARABIC-MARBERT-NEWS-ARTICLE-CLASSIFICATION DATA PREPARATION: CORPUS COLLECTION, TEXT PREPROCESSING.

KEY PREPROCESSING TECHNIQUES INCLUDE: TEXT

CLEANING, TOKENIZATION, LEMMATIZATION AND STEMMINGFEATURE EXTRACTION, LABEL ENCODING.

TRAINING PROCEDURE: SPLITTING THE DATASET, MODEL SELECTION, MODEL TRAINING, HYPERPARAMETER TUNING.

EVALUATION METRICS: WE USE METRICS SUCH AS MACRO F1 SCORE.

SENTIMENT ANALYSIS MODULE:

MODELS USED: MARBERT MODEL ,ARABERT MODEL.

HERE IS A DESCRIPTION OF THE FUNCTIONS TYPICALLY EMPLOYED IN ARABERTFORSENTIMENTANALYSIS:

DATAPREPARATION, MODEL

ARCHITECTURE,LOSSFUNCTION,OPTIMIZATIONALGORITHM,TRAININGLOOP,EVALUATIONMETRICS

,HYPERPARAMETER TUNING.

RECOMMENDED SOLUTION GENERATION MODULE:

MODELS USED:GOOGLE\MT5,UBC\NLP ARAT5,AUBMIND\LAB ARAGPT DATA PREPARATION:

THE PREPROCESSED INPUT TEXT IS TOKENIZED USING THE MODEL'S TOKENIZER, THEN WE EXTRACT THE FEATURE USING THE TRANSFORMER MODEL REPRESENTATION TO BE ABLE TO BE PASSED TO THE ARCHITECTURE OF THE MODEL.

TRAINING PROCEDURE: FINE TUNING, TRAINING LOOP, LOSS FUNCTION, OPTIMIZATION ALGORITHM

EVALUATION METRICS:WE USED BLEU SCORE FOR EVALUATION AS IT IS A METRIC THAT MEASURES THE SIMILARITY BETWEEN A MACHINE-GENERATED TEXT AND ONE OR MORE HUMAN-GENERATED REFERENCE TEXTS.

INFORMATION RETRIEVAL:

TECHNIQUES USED:TF-IDF REPRESENTATION, SENTENCE COSINE SIMILARITY ALGORITHMS: FEATURE EXTRACTION, SIMILARITY CHECK, RANKING.

RESULTS

Topic classification

After large number of experiments using different models, applying different text preprocessing, and applying hyperparameter tuning we concluded that experiment 7 using marbert model and preprocessed Merged topics dataset gives the best f1 score as shown in table 4.

Sentiment Analysis

After large number of experiments using different models, applying different text preprocessing and applying hyperparameter tuning we concluded that experiment 5

using arabert model and preprocessed combination between 100k reviews dataset and glare dataset, gives the best f1 score as shown in table 5.

Text Generation

After large number of experiments using different models, applying different text preprocessing and applying hyperparameter tuning we concluded that experiment 3

using arat5 model and preprocessed glare dataset, gives the best bleu score as shown in table 6.

Information Retrieval

Here are some outputs from our algorithm shown in _figure 38, figure 39.

Table 4.

nt Zo.	ries	Data size	Data size	Size	ing Rate	lused	Score	et
٦	7	8000	2000	32	7e-06	MERF	fl: 0.65	Clare
2	7	8000	2000	32	7e-05	MARP	11 : 73.3	Clare
3	9	10400	2600	32	5e-06	MARB	fl: 0.70	Clare
4	4	8000	2000	32	2e-06	MARP	f1 : 0.81	Clare
5	4	8000	2000	32	5e-05 decaye d Ir	MARP	fl: 0.835	Clare
6	4	8000	2000	32	5e-05 decaye d Ir	MARE	f1 : 0.847	Clare
フ	7	4440	ООГГГ	32	5e-05 decaye	MARP	fl : 0.958	Merge d Topics

Table 5.

Expir erne nt No.	Catego ries	Train Data size	Test Data size	Batch Size	Learn ing Rate	Mode I used	Score	Datas et
٦	2	4000	1000	32	2e-06	MARB	fl : 0.85	Oclar
2	3	16000	4000	32	5e-05	MARB	fl: 0.695	100k revs & glare
3	3	8000	2000	32	5e-05	MARB	fl: 0.70	100k revs
4	2	8000 00	10000 O	32	2e-06	MARB	f1 : 0.71	glare & 100k revs
5	2	13600	2000	16	2e-05	Araber	f1:	100k revs&

Table 6.

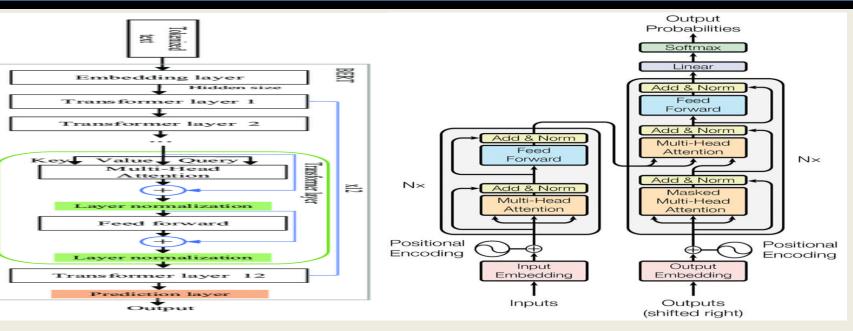
Expir eme nt No.	Catego ries	Train Data size	Test Data size	Batch Size	Learn ing Rate	Mode I used	Score	Datas et
٦	_	4000	1000	5	le-04	Mt5 small	bleu : 0.1154	Glare
2	_	16000 O	4000 0	70	5e-04	Arat5	bleu : 7.047	Glare
3	_	8000 0	2000 0	13	5e-05	Arat5	bleu: 7.8017	Clare
4	-	6000 0	10000	8	1e-03	Gpt2 arabic	bleu:	Glare
5	-	15000 O	15000	8	1e-03	Gpt2 arabic	bleu:	Glare

Figure 38.

المشكلة : تلوث الهوا من كثره الدنحااان والتلوثات الكتير سنرسل هذه الشكوه ال القطاعات الخاصه ب : البيئة الحل التي يجب ان يتم : تعزيز استخدام الطاقة المتجددة والتكنولوجيات النظيفة + Code + Markdown

Figure 39.

المشكلة : نقص الادويه في المستشفيات " سنرسل هذه الشكوه ال القطاعات الخاصه ب : الصحة الحل التي يجب ان يتم : تحسين جودة الخدمات الصحية في المستشفيات الحكومية



Acknowledgements

We would like to use this opportunity to express our gratitude to everyone who supported this project. We are thankful for their indispensable guidance, invaluably constructive criticism, friendly advice, and the most obliged provision of their genuine and illuminating views. We would like to offer our special thanks to our supervisor Dr. Ahmed Salah for his help and support. We would also like to extend our thanks to T.A. Moataz Mohamed for guiding and helping us throughout the whole course of the project; his help was invaluable to us.

CONCLUSIONS

The Smart Government Service Quality Project is an important initiative aimed at improving the quality of government services through the use of smart technologies. By leveraging data analytics, artificial intelligence, and other advanced technologies, this project can help governments to identify and address service delivery bottlenecks, reduce bureaucracy, enhance transparency, and increase citizen satisfaction. With its focus on continuous improvement and innovation, this project has the potential to transform the way governments deliver services, making them more efficient, effective, and responsive to the needs of citizens. The project can be able to automatically analyze the text reviews of citizens and get the topic(ministry) of the review, the sentiment of citizen writing the review, the governmental sector responsible for the review content and recommend solutions for the problems in the review. In this project we reached best scores in topic classification with 0.957 f1 score, in sentiment analysis with **0.96** f1 score, in generating the solution and sector for the review with reasonable solutions coming from the database of known services for the government.

REFERENCES

[1]Abdul-Mageed, M., Elmadany, A. and Nagoudi, E.M.B., 2020. ARBERT & MARBERT: deep bidirectional transformers for Arabic. arXiv preprint arXiv:2101.01785. [2]Antoun, W., Baly, F. and Hajj, H., 2020. Arabert: Transformer-based model for arabic language understanding. arXiv preprint arXiv:2003.00104.