

BENHA UNIVERSITY BENHA FACULTY OF ENGINEERING

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING



Calculator using Embedded C

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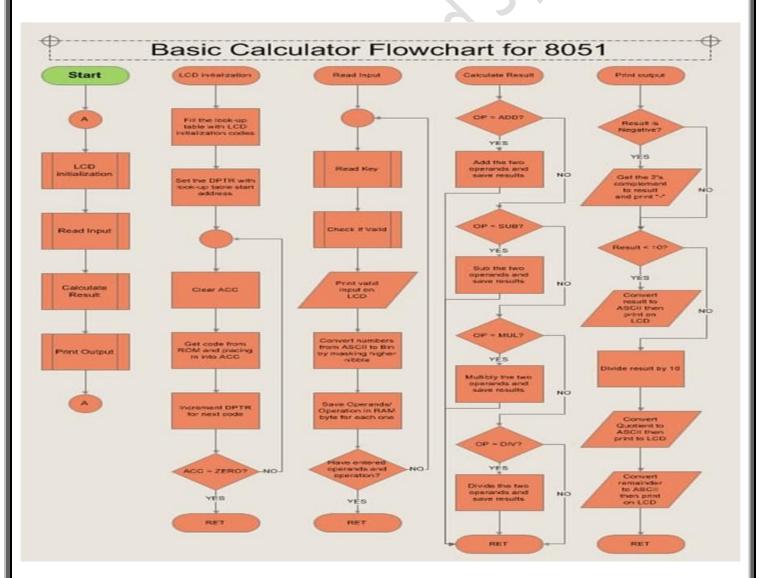
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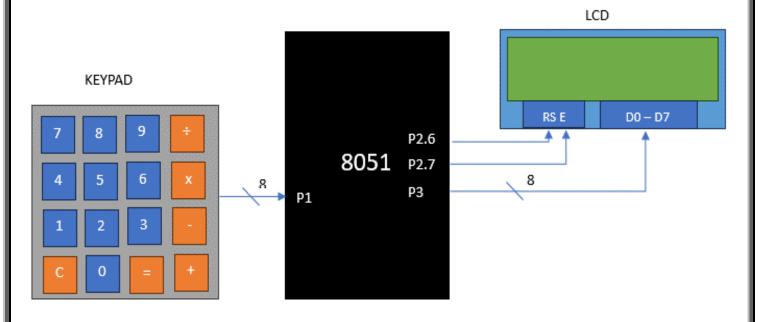
I. Abstract

ssembly code written from scratch to implement a basic calculator that performs the four basic operations: addition, subtraction, multiplication and division. An Initial message appears at the beginning to confirm to the user that our calculator functions efficiently. An operand-length limit is set to be 2 digits with the possibility to enter only one digit when desired. A remainder up to 4 digits after decimal point are provided in division operation result. There is also "ANSWER" feature which saves the result of current operation to be used in the next operation. Various error detection checkpoints to catch errors are added in order to avoid faults and wrong outputs. And also, the output is displayed up to 4 digits.

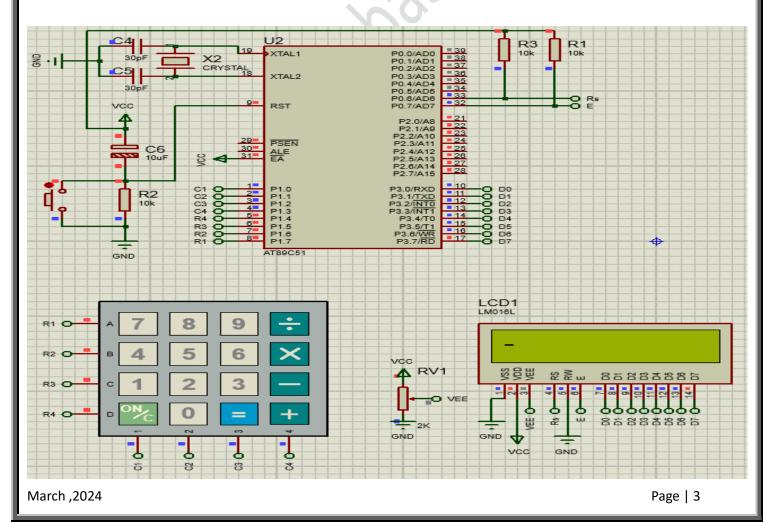
II. Flow chart



III. Simplified Block diagram



IV. Detailed Circuit



V. Assembly Code

```
#include <reg51.h>
#define max 9
#define LCD PORT P3
sbit rs=P0^6;
sbit e=P0^7;
#define keyport P1
unsigned char colloc, rowloc;
unsigned char keypad[4][4];
void lcd_command(unsigned char x);
void lcd_init();
void lcd_data(unsigned char x);
void lcd delete();
void delay(unsigned char x);
unsigned char key detect();
char scr;
typedef struct Stack
char top;
signed int items[max];
} stack;
void reset(stack *a)
        a->top=-1;
void push(int pushed,stack *a)
a->items[++a->top]=pushed;
signed int pop(stack *a)
         return a->items[a->top--];
signed int peek(stack a)
        return a.items[a.top];
signed int underpeek(stack a)
        return a.items[a.top-1];
signed int returnintresult(stack a)
        return a.items[0];
signed int returnfloatresult(stack a)
```

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```
return a.items[2];
char Priority(char val)
  if(val=='+'||val=='-')
    return 1;
  else if(val=='*'||val=='/')
    return 2;
  else
    return 0;
void main()
        unsigned char x;
        signed int digits [19];
        char digit counter;
        char numalpha;
        stack alpha;
        char evaluation;
        long firstoperator;
        long secoundoperator;
        signed int firstfloat;
         signed int secoundfloat;
        signed int resultfloat;
        signed int resultint;
        signed int ans_int;
        signed int ans float;
        start:
        scr=0;
        digit_counter=0;
        x='0';
        evaluation=0;
        numalpha = 3;
        reset(&alpha);
        P3=0xff;
        lcd init();
        x=key_detect();
        ans_label:
         while (x!='=')
        }
                  while(x=='.')
        lcd data(x);
        digits[digit counter++]=x;
        numalpha=1;
        x=key detect();
        lcd_data(x);
```

```
if (x \ge 0' \& x \le 9')
         x=x-0x30;
         if (numalpha==0)
         digits[digit_counter-1]=digits[digit_counter-1]*10+x;
         digits[digit_counter++]=x;
         numalpha=0;
else
if(numalpha!=0)//if operation pressed at the bggenning we push 0
digits[digit counter++]=0;
if(Priority(x)>Priority(peek(alpha)))
push(x,&alpha);
else
digits[digit_counter++]=pop(&alpha);
push(x,&alpha);
}
numalpha=1;
x=key_detect();
while(alpha.top!=-1)
digits[digit counter++]=pop(&alpha);
digits[digit counter]='$';
lcd data(x);
reset(&alpha);
while(digits[evaluation]!='$')
         if (digits[evaluation]=='+'||digits[evaluation]=='-'||digits[evaluation]=='*'||digits[evaluation]=='/')
         if (underpeek(alpha)=='.')
         secoundfloat=pop(&alpha);
         if (secoundfloat/10==0)
        secoundfloat*=10;
        pop(&alpha);
         secoundoperator=pop(&alpha);
         else
         secoundoperator=pop(&alpha);
         secoundfloat=0;
         if (underpeek(alpha)=='.')
```

```
firstfloat=pop(&alpha);
        if (firstfloat/10==0)
        firstfloat*=10;
        pop(&alpha);
        firstoperator=pop(&alpha);
else
firstoperator=pop(&alpha);
firstfloat=0;
switch (digits[evaluation])
        case '+':
        resultfloat=firstfloat+secoundfloat;
        resultint=firstoperator+secoundoperator+(resultfloat/100);
        resultfloat=resultfloat-((resultfloat/100)*100);
        push(resultint,&alpha);
        push('.',&alpha);
        push(resultfloat,&alpha);
        break;
        case '-':
        if(firstfloat<secoundfloat)
                  firstfloat+=100;
                  firstoperator--;
        resultfloat=firstfloat-secoundfloat;
        resultint=firstoperator-secoundoperator;
        push(resultint,&alpha);
        push('.',&alpha);
        push(resultfloat,&alpha);
        break;
        case '*'.
        firstoperator=firstoperator*100+firstfloat;
         secoundoperator=secoundoperator*100+secoundfloat;
         resultfloat=firstoperator*secoundoperator%10000;
         resultint=firstoperator*secoundoperator/10000;
         push(resultint,&alpha);
         push('.',&alpha);
         push(resultfloat,&alpha);
        break;
        case '/':
        firstoperator=firstoperator*100+firstfloat;
        secoundoperator=secoundoperator*100+secoundfloat;
        resultfloat=((firstoperator%secoundoperator)*100)/secoundoperator;
        resultint=firstoperator/secoundoperator;
        push(resultint,&alpha);
        push('.',&alpha);
```

```
push(resultfloat,&alpha);
                  }}
push(digits[evaluation],&alpha);
evaluation++;
resultint=returnintresult(alpha);
ans int=resultint;
resultfloat=returnfloatresult(alpha);
ans_float=resultfloat;
if(resultint<0)
{
lcd data('-');
resultint=0x10000-resultint;
}
reset(&alpha);
while(resultint!=0)
push(resultint%10,&alpha);
resultint/=10;
if (alpha.top==-1)
                  push(0,&alpha);
while(alpha.top!=-1) //to display integer nums
lcd_data(pop(&alpha)+0x30);
lcd data('.');
while(resultfloat!=0)
push(resultfloat%10,&alpha);
resultfloat=resultfloat/10;
if (alpha.top<1)
                  push(0,&alpha);
while(alpha.top!=-1) //to display integer nums
lcd_data(pop(&alpha)+0x30);
x=key detect();
if(x=='/'||x=='*'||x=='+'||x=='-')
```

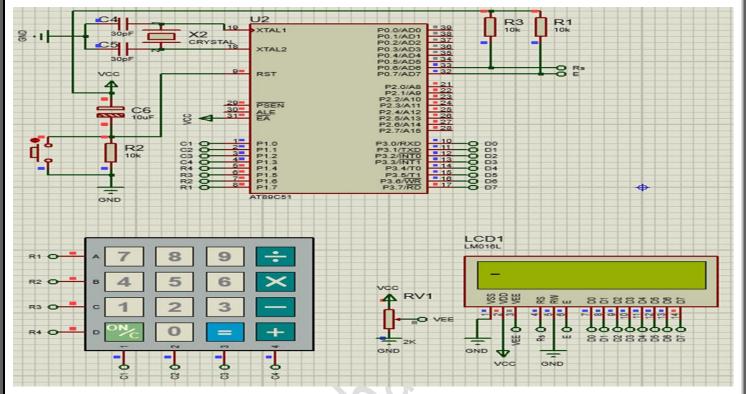
```
reset(&alpha);
        lcd init();
        lcd data('A');
        lcd_data('N');
        lcd_data('S');
        digit_counter=0;
        digits[digit_counter++]=ans_int;
        digits[digit_counter++]='.';
        digits[digit_counter++]=ans_float;
        numalpha=0;
        scr=4;
        evaluation=0;
        goto ans_label;
        else
        goto start;
void delay(unsigned char itime)
unsigned char j;
for (j=0;j<itime;j++);
//LCD INTERACING:
void lcd_command(unsigned char x)
LCD_PORT=x;
rs=0;
e=1;
x=0;
e=0;
delay(255);
void lcd init()
lcd command(0x38); //8bits & 2lines
lcd_command(0x0e); // display on cursor blinking
lcd command(0x01); // clear screen
lcd command(0x80); //force curcor to 1st line
void lcd data(unsigned char x)
scr++;
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                                                                                                                Page | 9
```

```
if (scr>15)
         lcd command(0x18);
LCD PORT=x;
rs=1;
e=1;
delay(255);
e=0;
unsigned char keypad[4][4] = \{\{'.', 7', 4', 1'\},
         {'0','8','5','2'},
         {'=','9','6','3'},
         \{'+','-','*',''\}};
unsigned char key_detect()
         keyport=0xF0;
                                             /*set port direction as input-output*/
         do
         {
                  keyport = 0xF0;
                  colloc = keyport;
                  colloc&= 0xF0; /* mask port for column read only */
                                             /* read status of column */
         \widtharpoonup while (colloc != 0xF0);
         do
                  do
                                             /* 20ms key debounce time */
                           delay(20);
                           colloc = (keyport \& 0xF0);
                                                             /* read status of column */
                  \ while(colloc == 0xF0); /* check for any key press */
                  delay(1);
                  colloc = (keyport & 0xF0);
         \ while(colloc == 0xF0);
         while(1)
            /* now circe..
keyport= 0xFE;
                 /* now check for rows */
                                                                                                                                /* check
for pressed key in 1st row */
                  colloc = (keyport \& 0xF0);
                  if(colloc != 0xF0)
                           rowloc = 0;
                           break;
```

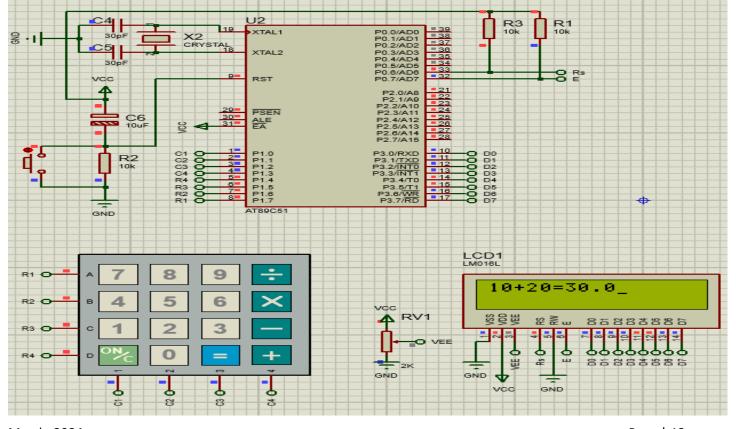
```
keyport = 0xFD;
2nd row */
                 colloc = (keyport & 0xF0);
                 if(colloc != 0xF0)
                          rowloc = 1;
                          break;
        keyport = 0xFB;
                                           /* check for pressed key in 3rd row */
        colloc = (keyport & 0xF0);
        if(colloc != 0xF0)
                 rowloc = 2;
                 break;
                                           /* check for pressed key in 4th row */
        keyport = 0xF7;
        colloc = (keyport \& 0xF0);
        if(colloc != 0xF0)
                 rowloc = 3;
                 break;
        if(colloc == 0xE0)
                 return(keypad[rowloc][0]);
        else if(colloc == 0xD0)
                 return(keypad[rowloc][1]);
        else if(colloc == 0xB0)
                 return(keypad[rowloc][2]);
        else
                 return(keypad[rowloc][3]);
```

/* check for pressed key in

VI. PROTEUS Simulations and Results



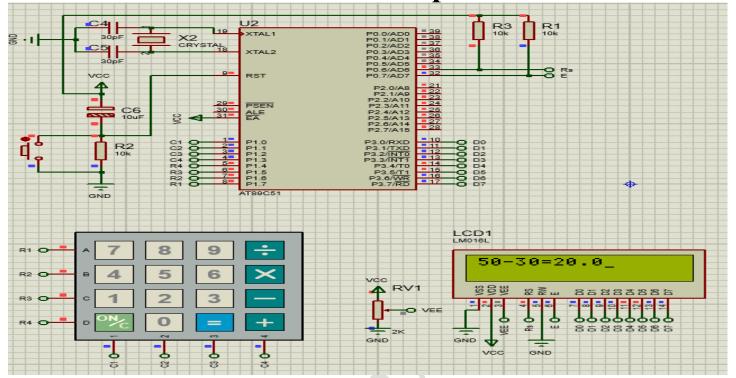
Addition Operation



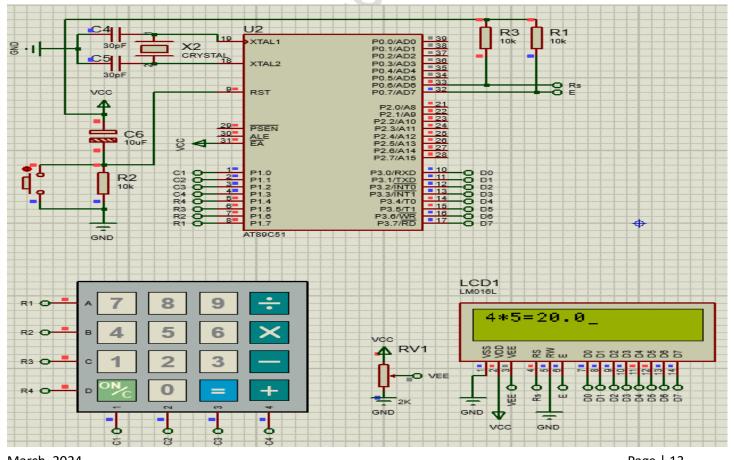
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Subtraction Operation



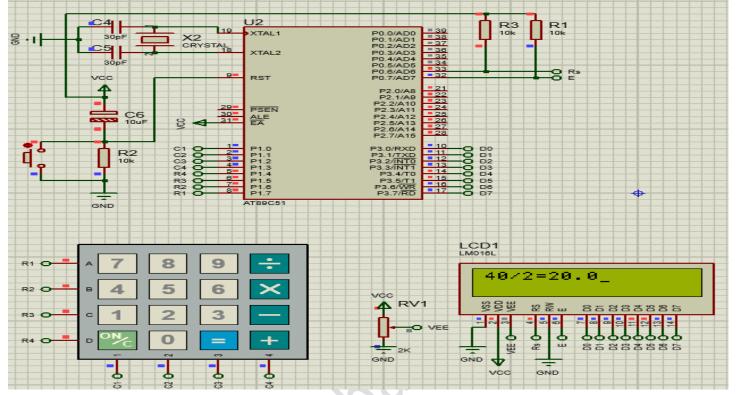
Multiplication Operation



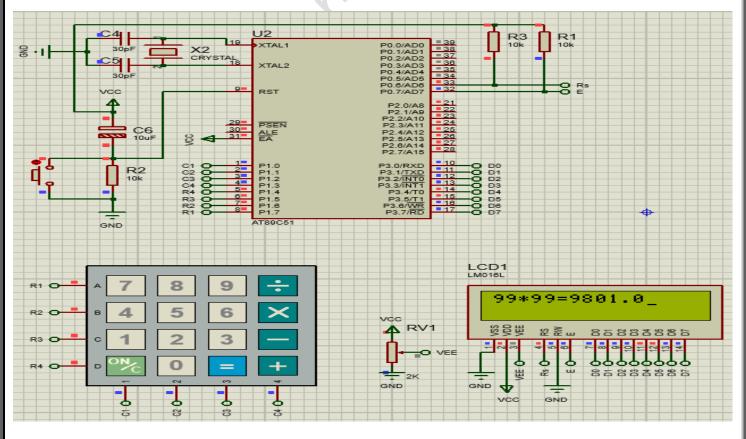
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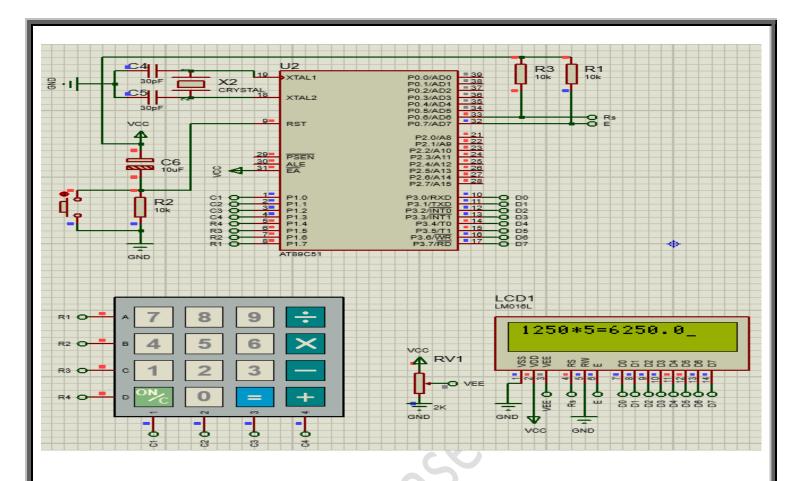
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Division Operation

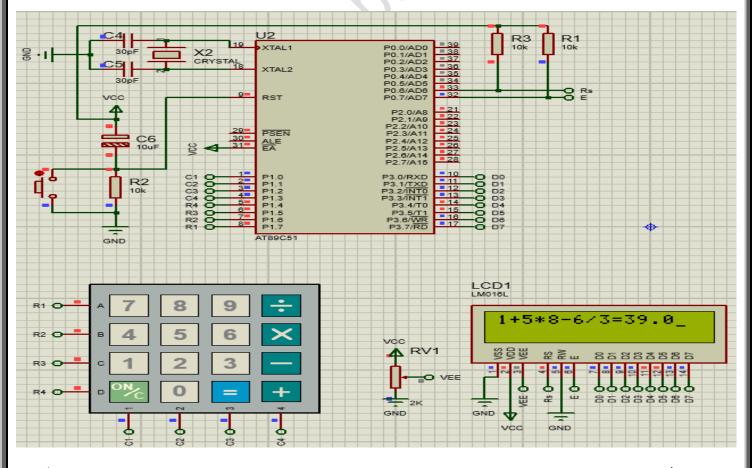


Multiple digit Inputs and Multiple digits output (feature)





Multiple Operations at the same time (feature)



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"ANS" feature U2 R3 P0.0/AD0 P0.1/AD1 P0.2/AD2 P0.3/AD3 P0.4/AD4 P0.5/AD5 P0.6/AD6 P0.7/AD7 X2 CRYSTAL XTAL1 11 XTAL2 voc RST P2.0/A8 P2.1/A9 P2.2/A10 P2.3/A11 P2.4/A12 P2.5/A13 P2.6/A14 P2.7/A15 PSEN C6 10uF P3.0/RXD P3.1/TXD P3.2/INTO P3.3/INT1 P3.4/T0 P3.5/T1 P3.6/WR P3.7/RD P1.0 P1.1 P1.2 P1.3 P1.4 P1.5 P1.6 P1.7 0 D0 0 D1 0 D2 0 D3 0 D4 0 D6 0 D6 0 D7 R2 10k AT89C51 LCD1 7 8 9 5*4=20.0 5 6 4 vcc A RV1 \$ G H & ≥ m 2 3 С O VEE P å 0 D + GND Φ GND vcc GND U2 R3 P0.0/AD0 P0.1/AD1 P0.2/AD2 P0.3/AD3 P0.4/AD4 P0.5/AD6 P0.6/AD6 P0.7/AD7 XTAL1 용내 C5 30pF XTAL2 RST P2.0/A8 P2.1/A9 P2.2/A10 P2.3/A11 P2.4/A12 P2.5/A13 P2.6/A14 P2.7/A15 **PSEN** C6 10uF 솶 P3.0/RXD P3.1/TXD P3.2/INTO P3.3/INT1 P3.4/TO P3.5/T1 P3.6/WR P3.7/RD P1.0 P1.1 P1.2 P1.3 P1.4 P1.5 P1.6 P1.7 D0 D1 D2 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 R2 10k AT89C51 GND LCD1 7 9 8 ANS+80=100.0 4 5 6 R2 O в A RV1 記り込 28 ≥ 11 1 2 3 R3 O C P D 0 æ 38888668 GND 4 vcc

Floating Point Input or/and Output (feature) XTAL2 vac RST P2.0/A8 P2.1/A9 P2.2/A10 P2.3/A11 P2.4/A12 P2.5/A13 P2.6/A14 P2.7/A15 C6 똢 P3.0/RXD P3.1/TXD P3.2/INTO P3.3/INT1 P3.4/T0 P3.5/T1 P3.6/WR P3.7/RD AT89C51 LCD1 8 9 50/6=8.33 5 4 6 RV1 能の認 2 3 å 0 岁 æ GND 4 vcc U2 P0.0/AD0 P0.1/AD1 P0.2/AD2 P0.3/AD3 P0.4/AD4 P0.5/AD5 P0.6/AD6 P0.7/AD7 XTAL1 11 30pF XTAL2 vcc RST P2.0/A8 P2.1/A9 P2.2/A10 P2.3/A11 P2.4/A12 P2.5/A13 P2.6/A14 P2.7/A15 C6 R2 10k AT8905 GND LCD1 8 9 2.5*40=100.0 4 5 6 R2 (0 RV1 認める 1 2 3 R3 O 0 æ 2882885 GND Φ

VII. Hardware documentation