Project: WeRateDogs Insights from Twitter API

Ahmed Zidane

1. Data Gathering

- I used 3 separate sources of data, the archive data, image data and tweets data.
- I couldn't query twitter APIs, I tried everything and googled my way out, but it always didn't work during the extraction of tweets info using the tweet id, so I used tweets json.txt as recommended in the project page
- Later I will merge these 3 data sets into 1 master dataset

2. Quality Issues

- First, I checked for obvious things like datatypes, null values and duplicates.
- Then I was checking for wrong naming, outliers or data that didn't make sense

Here are the issues I found:

Quality Issues:

Archive Dataset

- 1. Some datatypes are wrong (timestamp, retweeted_status_timesta
 mp)
- 2. Some records have denominator not equal to 10
- 3. 745 records have dog name = None
- 4. Some records are retweets and replies
- 5. There are some outliers in rating numerator (Very high numbers)
- 6. Extended URL have some null values
- 7. Doggo, Puppo, Pupper and Floofer columns have None values, s hould be Nan

Images Dataset

- 8. P1, P2, P3 has no real dog names sometimes
- 9. The dataset doesn't have records for all 2354 ids. it only h ave 2075 ids

Tideness:

- . All three dataset should be joined together
- . Doggo, Puppo, Pupper, Floofer should be merged together in on
- e column stating the type
- . All retweets and replies should be deleted

3. Data Cleaning

in order to fix those issues, I first created a copy of each dataset, then:

- Corrected the wrong data types (timestamp, retweeted status timestamp)
- Removed records that was a retweet or a reply
- Merged Doggo, Floofer, Pupper and Puppo columns into one column to look like this

Where if a dog type is doggo, we will have a doggo record. And if there's no type for tweet it will be Nan



- Then I removed some unnecessary columns that i am not going to use
- Then I removed 23 records that have denominator Not equal to 10
- NaN

- Then I classified my numerators into 3 types
 - Normal (10 to 15) since most of the ratings have numerators in this range
 - <u>Low</u> (Less than 10) I found some ratings less than 10, but I needed to know if this is a typo or this is a real rating
 - Outlier (More than 15) some of the records have very high numbers more than 1000

I compared a random sample of my low numerators to the text and I found that it's low on purpose, I decided to keep it as part of the analysis. For the Outlier High numbers, I decided to remove then because even if they are high on purpose, they will distort my analysis and skew some averages.

- Then I changed the missing dog names from None to NaN
- Last but not least, I merged the 3 datasets together