1. Write a program in C++ that prints the numbers from 1 to 150 except the multiples of 10. Make use of the continue statement.

```
#include <iostream>
 using namespace std;
 int main()
{int num;
 num=0;
     while (num <= 150) {
             if(num%10==0){
                        num++;
                  continue;
              cout<<num<<endl;
         num++;
     }
     return 0;
 }
  15
  16
  18
  19
  22
  23
```

2. Write a C++ program to find the sum of digits of a number. The sum of digits means adding all the digits of any number, for example, we take any number like 358. Its sum of all digits is 3+5+8=16.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{int num, sum, rand;
sum=0;
    cout << "input your number" << endl;
    cin>>num;
while (num>0) {
        rand=num%10;
        sum=sum+rand;
        num=num/10;

}
cout <<"your sum is "<< sum << endl;
return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
input your number
247
your sum is 13
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 2.955 s
Press any key to continue.
```

3. Write a program in C++ to check whether a number is prime or not.

```
using namespace std;
int main()
{int input;
    cout << "enter your number" << endl;</pre>
   cin>>input;
   if(input<=1){
    cout<<"it is not a prime number"<<endl;
    else{
     while (idinput) {
       if(input%i==0){
       cout<<"it is not a prime number"<<endl;
            break;
       }
       i++;
     if(i==input){
    cout<<"it is a prime number"<<endl;
    }
    return O:
```

```
enter your number
29
it is a prime number
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 2.408 s
Press any key to continue.
```