

Bio assay Sec 1

to study the biological activity of the drug.

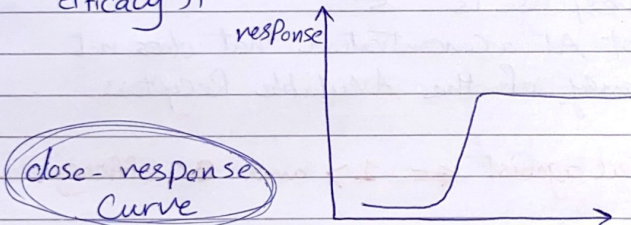
Quantitative analysis
Bibassay
test activity
standard

Bioassay

quantitative
* Potency of the drug.
qualitative (quantum bioassay)
* Is there biological activity? Yes or No

=> Relative Potency -> Potency
standard

efficacy
standard, test dose
efficacy



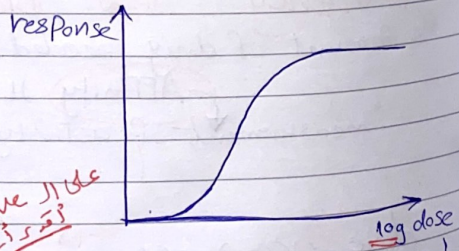
the test must be: dose "Molar"

specific
sensitive
drug
response

No response
Zero dose

ideal response

Standard, test
Same response



curve
log dose

Complex "Agonist-receptor"
induce response

efficacy

Intrinsic efficacy
Potency
Affinity

drug-receptor
complex
to induce effect

intrinsic efficacy لأن مقياس وحدة تأثيره \rightarrow response
 لأن \rightarrow response مقياس وحدة تأثيره

Biological activity, \leftarrow "كلون فيه"

measure of single "drug-receptor" response \leftarrow intrinsic efficacy \rightarrow "0 - α "

"Relative efficacy" \rightarrow "0 - 1"

"Antagonist" No response \rightarrow Full response

✓ Affinity x efficacy \rightarrow Full Agonist \Rightarrow Endogenous Agonist

endogenous Agonist \rightarrow effect drugs \rightarrow "Super Agonist"

"Spare receptors" تحت نظرية

Receptors May be Considered spare when the Maximal response is elicited by an Agonist At a concentration that does not Produce Full occupancy of the Available Receptors

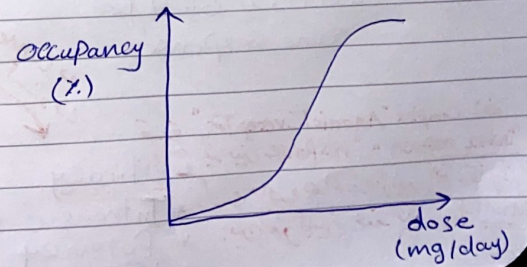
Partial agonist $\leftarrow 1 >$ and $0 <$ efficacy

(ex H1 receptor Blockers) \rightarrow Inverse agonist \leftarrow (قل من الصفر)

"Potency" \rightarrow Bioassay \rightarrow (الربط على) \rightarrow Amount of drug needed to produce certain response

potency \rightarrow "AFFINITY" \rightarrow "measurement of activity of drug to bind the receptor"

"dose-occupancy Curve"



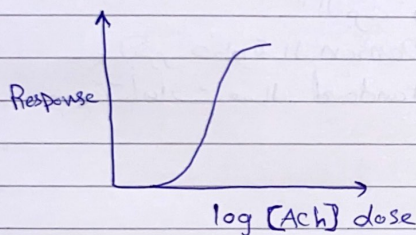
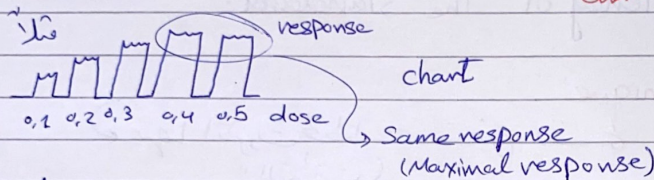
"lie work as Para-sympathomimetic drug"

Determination of [relative Potency] of "test compound"
 ~ Acetylcholine ~ ← "standard" ~

Procedure:-

1. Standardization "the process of making something conform to a standard"
2. Comparison
3. Bioassay technique.

1. Standardization → Acetylcholine dose-response curve



Maximal dose
 * Submaximal dose → Comparison between different drugs
 ED₅₀
 30-70% dose → maximal response

2. Comparison

0.25 Standard ~ Submaximal dose

Standard ~ 0.2 dose ~ test ~

Standard dose ~

Standard response ~ test ~

Same Potency

Standard ~

or

Response

result

test ~ 0.1 dose ~

* determination of relative Potency *

0.2 response ~

Standard

test (0.15 dose ~ response ~

$$R = \frac{\text{dose of standard}}{\text{dose of test}}$$

"Relative Potency"

dose of standard

dose of test

with same response

if equal (1)

So the test have the same Potency of the standard.

if equal 1.25 \Rightarrow then the Potency of the test is 1.25 the Potency of the standard.

if equal $\frac{1}{2}$ \Rightarrow then the Potency of the test is half the Potency of the standard.

3. Bio assay technique

"response" result

هنا انترنت خطوات بتبين قوة التجربة

لنرى خطوة ال comparison كذا مرة من سأل إن كذا دقة ال result
تساويات من ال standard وال test