```
//Modules: (go into each module and find these):
//Registers and MUX ... which will go into the DP
//Counters (Control Unit)
//Clock divider (Control Unit)
//But the registers they use are DP
If sub is = 0 and Q is 0 then you were in adjust and want to go to clock
If sub is = 0 and Q is 1 then you were in clock mode and want to go to adjust
CurrentTime; (14 bit register)
3-0 minute one //Mod 10 so we need to have corresponding counters
6-4 minute tens //Mod 6 so we need to have corresponding counters
10-7 hour one //Mod 10 so we need to have corresponding counters
13-11 hour tens //Mod 6 so we need to have corresponding counters
buttonState; (5 bit register)
0 BTNC
1 BTNL
2 BTNR
3 BTNU
4 BTND
SetAlarmTime; (14 bit register)
3-0 minute one
6-4 minute tens
10-7 hour one
13-11 hour tens
LD0 = 0; //Led 0 (1 bit variable)
Dp2 = 0; //Decimal point 2 (1 bit variable) //This is what makes it blink (this is a second)
ClockAdjust = 1; //Current mode (1 bit variable)
AlarmSound = 0; //Should the alarm make a sound (1 bit variable)
if(buttonState 0 == 1) do
ClockAdjust = 0;
End if;
while(ClockAdjust == 1) do
ENABLE CLOCKCounter;
if(buttonState_0 == 1) do
ClockAdjust = 0;
End if;
Dp2 = 1; //We should blink the decimal point (MUXs 0 and 1 as inputs and selection from control unit)
//Time registers = signal from the counter
if(CurrentTime == SetAlarmTime) //Zflag
AlarmSound = 1;
LD0 = 1; //This should blink //c2 this is what will make it blink
      while(buttonState == 0) do //No ones //We can send it to the CU so it can loop
           AlarmSound = 1;
           LD0 = 1;
     End while;
     AlarmSound = 0;
     LD0 = 0;
End if;
End if;
End while;
```

```
Should we stop the clock?

LD0 = 1; //Led 0 (1 bit variable)

Dp2 = 0; //Decimal point 2 (1 bit variable)

buttonState; (5 bit register)

LEDstate; (5 bit register)
```

//0 LD0 //1 LD12 //2 LD13 //3 LD14 //4 LD15

ClockAdjust = 0; //Current mode (1 bit variable) (0 means adjust mode)

CurrentTimeMin; (7 bit register)

parameter; (7 bit register)

CurrentTimeHour; (7 bit register)

SetAlarmMin;

SetAlarmHour;

//While in the time options we will display clock on 7SEG, while in the alarm options we will display alarm on 7SEG.

LEDstate 1 = 1;

```
if(buttonState_0 == 1) do
ClockAdjust = 1;
```

End if;

end if;

//Up/Down mod-4 counter for selection of 4x1 MUX that picks the bits that we want to change //With buttonState\_1 as -1 and buttonState\_2 as +1 case(sel) //c1

0: CurrentTimeMin & LD12 = 1 & LD13 = LD14 = LD 15 = 0 1: CurrentTimeHour & LD13 = 1 & LD12 = LD14 = LD 15 = 0 2: SetAlarmMin & LD14 = 1 & LD13 = LD12 = LD 15 = 0 3: SetAlarmHour & LD15 = 1 & LD12 = LD13 = LD 15 = 0 endcase

//Adjust
if(buttonState\_3 == 1) do
TheOneSelected<= TheOneSelected+ 1;
end if;
if(buttonState\_4 == 1) do
TheOneSelected<= TheOneSelected- 1;</pre>

Frequency in =  $100Mhz = 1x10^8$ 

We want one tick to be 60hz since 1hz is one second and one minute is 60 seconds.

Frequency out = 60hz

 $60 = x^*(1^*10^8) = (6^*10^-9)(1^*10^8)$