

Deploying and Testing Composite Applications



Objectives

After completing this lesson, you should be able to:

- Deploy a composite application by using Ant
- Test a composite application in Enterprise Manager
- Track message flow through a composite application
- Undeploy a composite application by using Ant
- Describe a composite application package and its dependencies

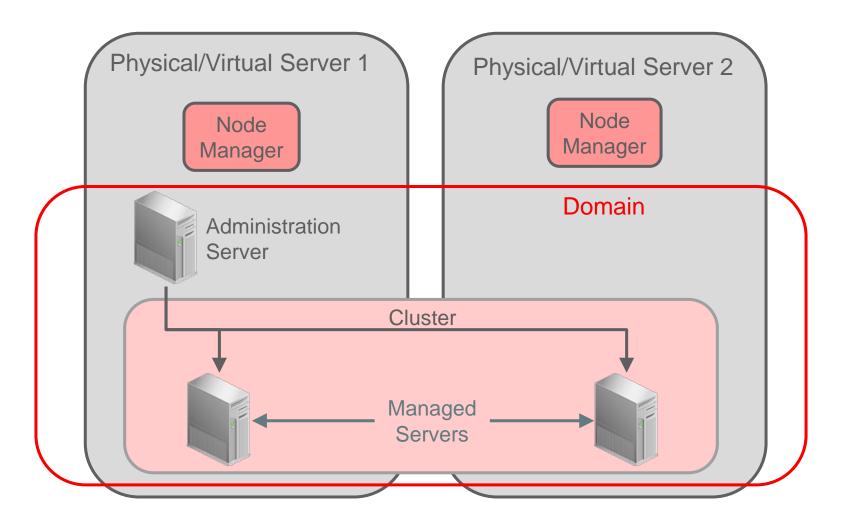


Agenda

- The Runtime Environment
- Packaging and Deploying a Composite Application
- Tools Used by the SOA Administrator

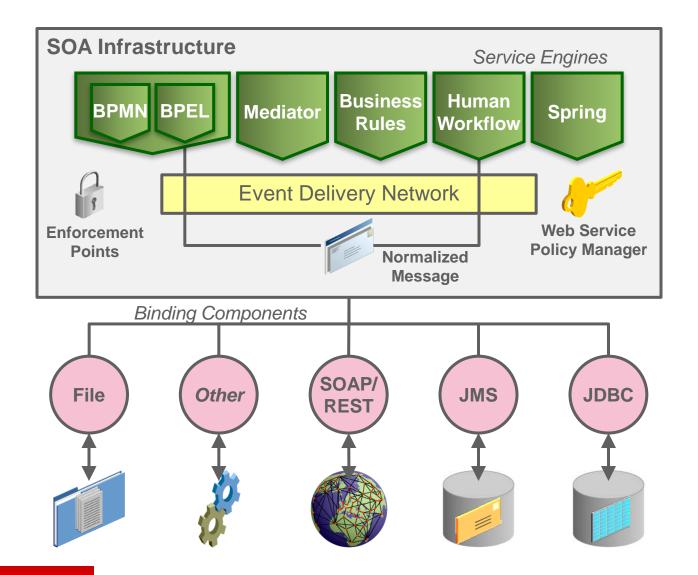


WebLogic Application Server





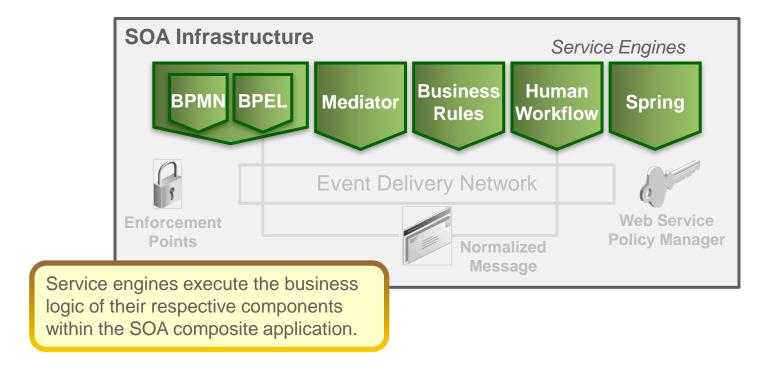
SOA Infrastructure





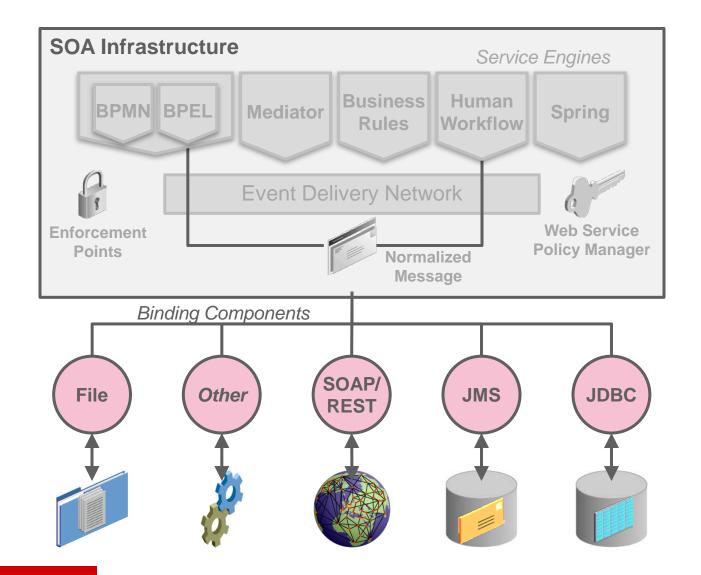
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Service Engines



In Enterprise Manager, you can monitor service components and composites, view message request and thread statistics, and configure properties that are specific to a service engine.

Binding Components

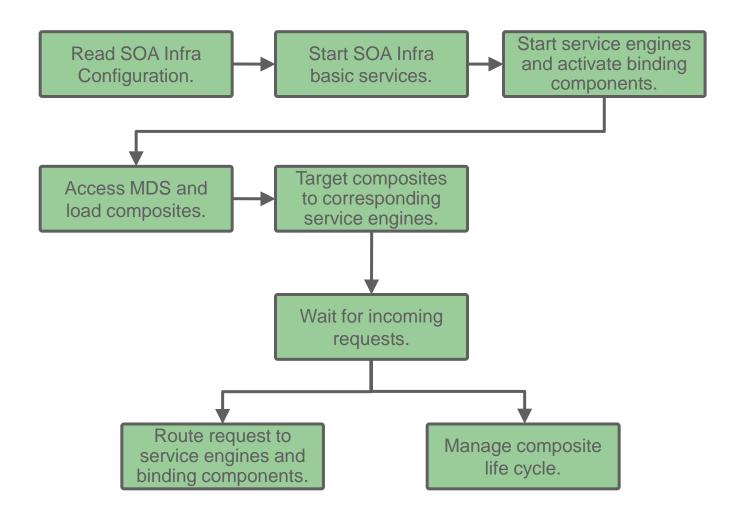




SOA Infrastructure Database Connections

Oracle WebLogic Server SOA Infrastructure Composite deployment Composite management (instantiation, targeting to component engines, etc.) Service engines Task control services: Thread assignment, request processing, etc. Composite metadata management SOA MDS (jdbc/mds/MDS_LocalTxDataSource)

SOA Infrastructure Life Cycle





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Quiz



Which of the following services is not provided by SOA Infrastructure?

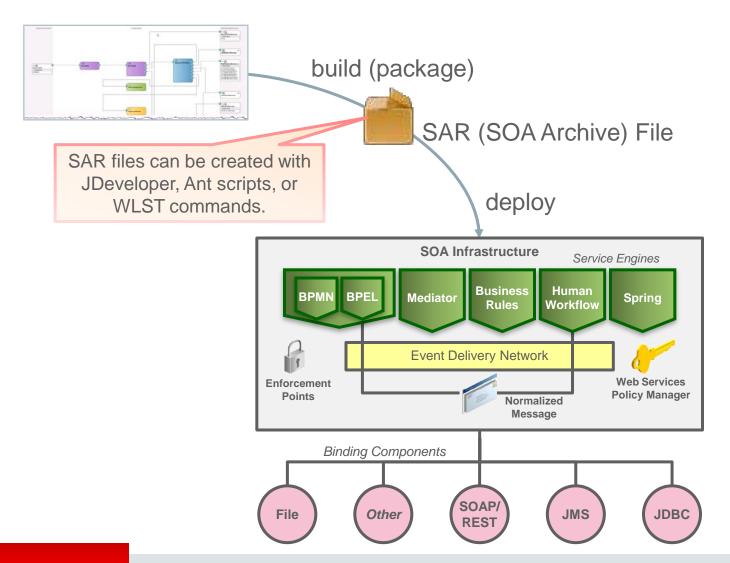
- a. Composite deployment
- b. Notification
- c. Composite lifecycle management
- d. Communication across service components

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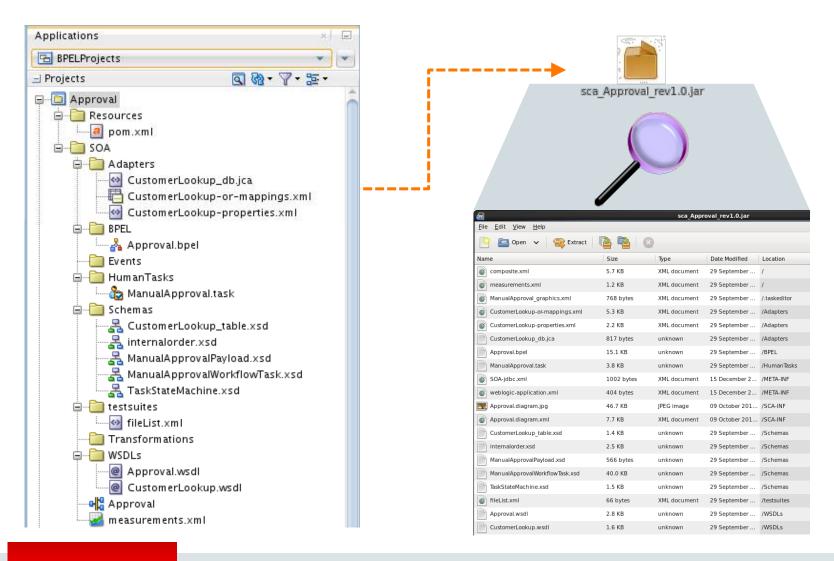


Packaging and Deploying a Composite Application





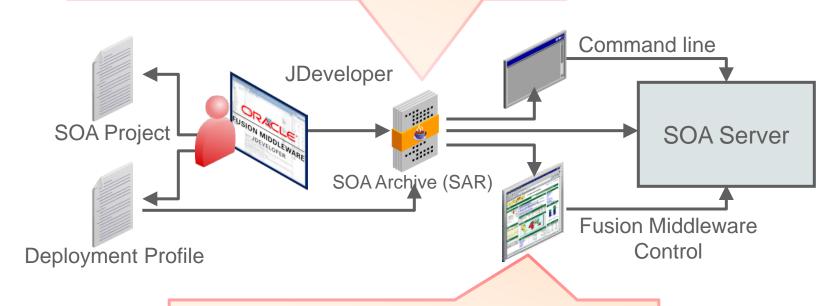
Building a Service Archive





Deploying a Composite Application

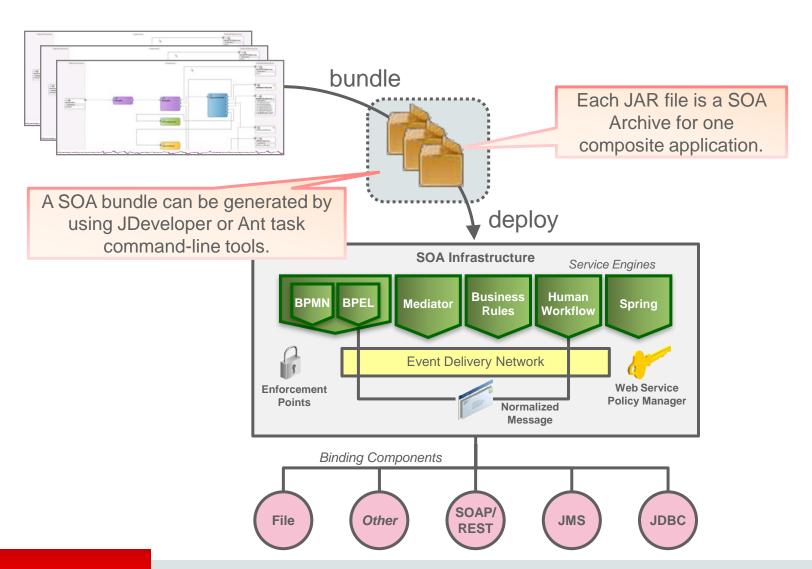
The application is deployed as a SOA Archive (SAR file) that includes all service components in a single application package.



The application can be deployed by using JDeveloper, Enterprise Manager, or command-line tools such as Ant and WLST.



Packaging Multiple SOA Projects

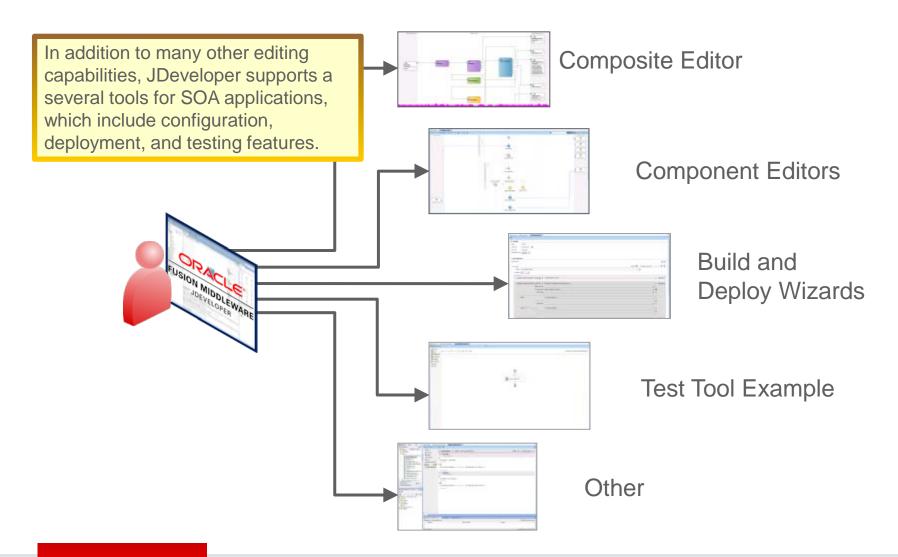


Agenda

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JDeveloper

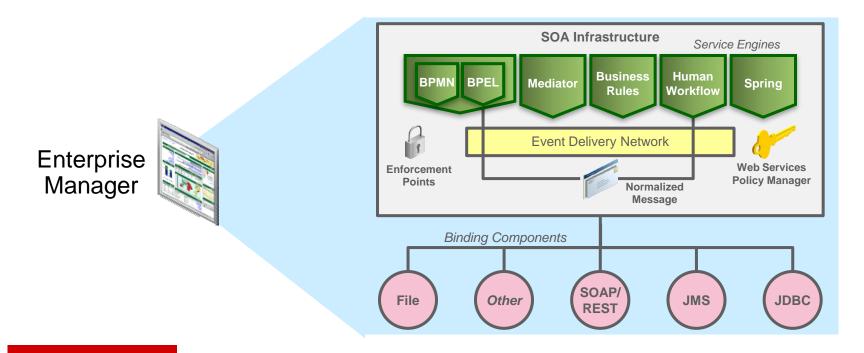


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Enterprise Manager

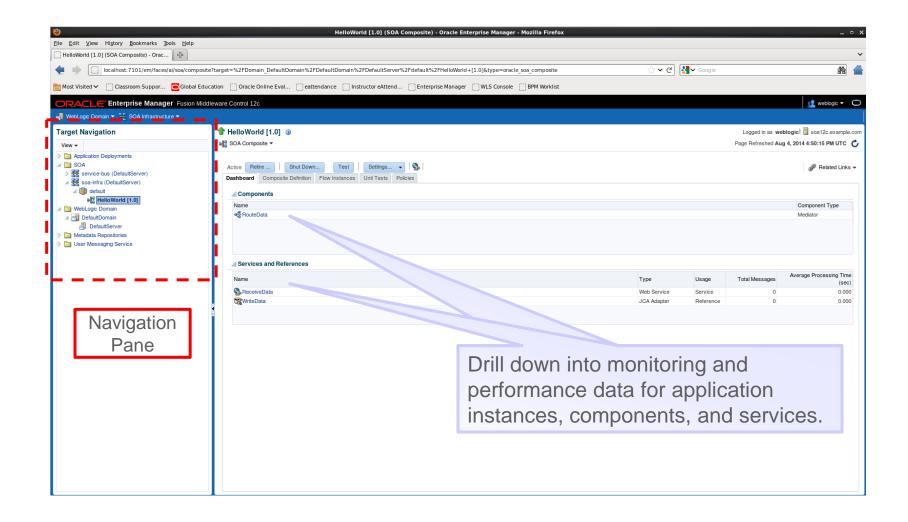
Enterprise Manager provides tools to:

- Deploy and undeploy applications
- Manage the state of applications
- Test applications



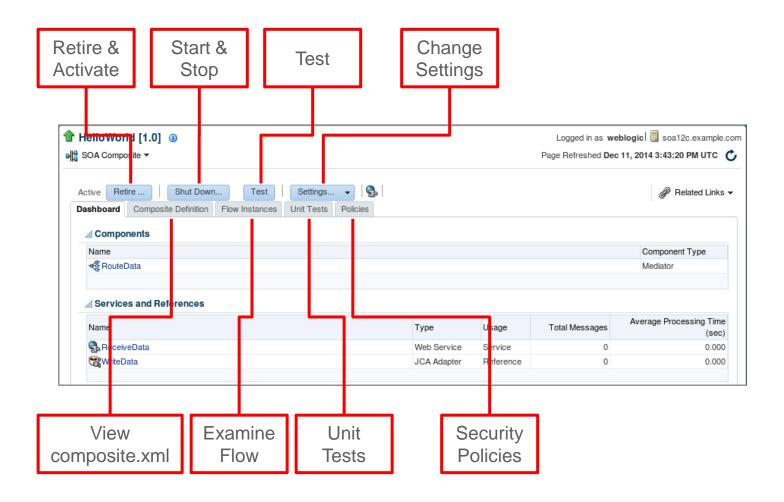


Oracle Enterprise Manager: The Application Dashboard





Composite Application Management Tools





Managing SOA Applications with the WLST Utility

sca_startComposite | sca_stopComposite | Start or stop a SOA composite application.

sca_activateComposite | sca_retireComposite | Activate or retire a composite application.



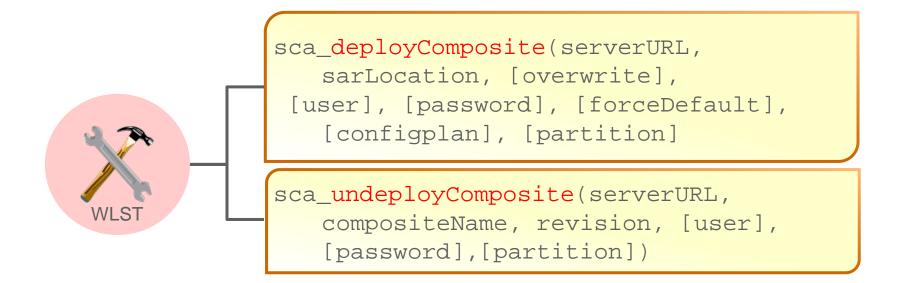
Assign the default revision version to a composite application.

sca_listDeployedComposites

List the deployed SOA composite applications.



Deploying and Undeploying Applications with WLST



deployment example

```
sca_deployComposite("http://myhost:7001",
    "/tmp/sca_HelloWorld_rev1.0.jar",
    partition="myPartition")
```



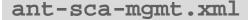
Managing SOA Applications with Ant Scripts

ant-sca-test.xml

Automates the testing of SOA composite applications

ant-sca-compile.xml
Compiles a SOA composite application

ant-sca-package.xml
Packages a SOA composite application into a composite SAR file



Starts, stops, activates, or retires a composite application; lists deployed SOA composite applications; manages the composite applications within a partition



Deploying and Undeploying Applications with Ant

Ant

```
ant -f ant-sca-deploy.xml
```

- -DserverURL=server.url
- -DsarLocation=sar.location
- -Doverwrite=true/false
- -Duser=user -Dpassword=password

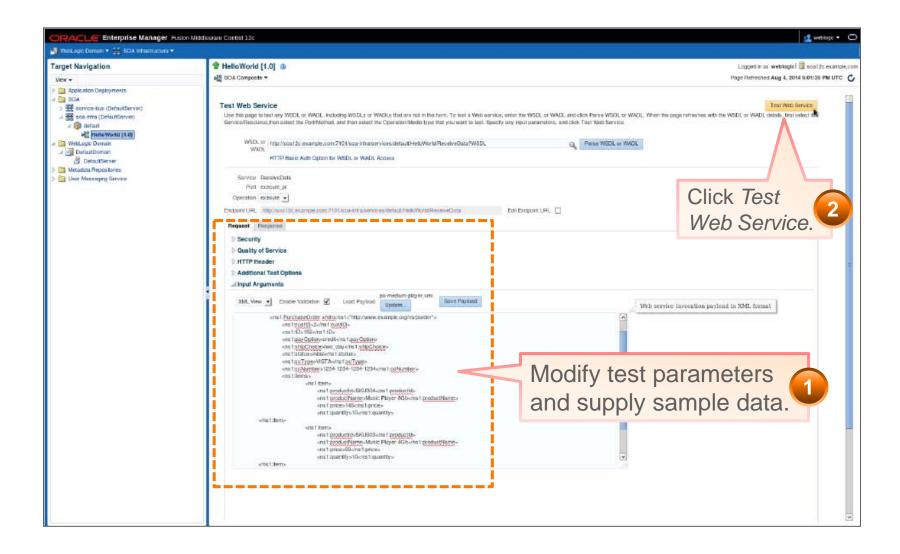
ant -f ant-sca-deploy.xml undeploy

- -DserverURL=server.url
- -DcompositeName=composite.name
- -Drevision=revision
- -Dpassword=password

Understanding Composite Application Instances

- A new composite instance is created when a SOA composite application is initialized.
- Each instance is identified through its unique instance ID.
- The state of composite application instances can be monitored in Oracle Enterprise Manager Fusion Middleware Control.

Testing a Composite Application





The Response Tab

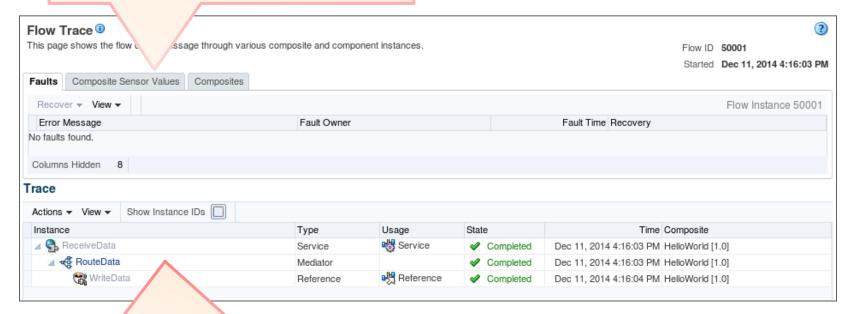
- The web page is refreshed with the Response tab displaying either of the following:
 - The synchronous response data or fault message
 - The fact that no response was possible because it was an asynchronous request (regardless of whether it was a one-way or two-way operation), because the web client cannot receive a response as an asynchronous callback message



Use the Flow Trace feature to examine the execution of the test in more detail.

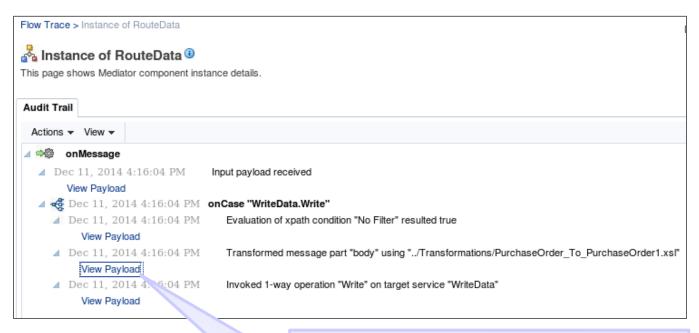
Flow Trace

Fault and sensor information is available from the Flow Trace pane.



Execution of the application instance is logged on a per-component basis. Detailed audit information (*component audit trail*) is available by clicking a component name.

The Component Audit Trail

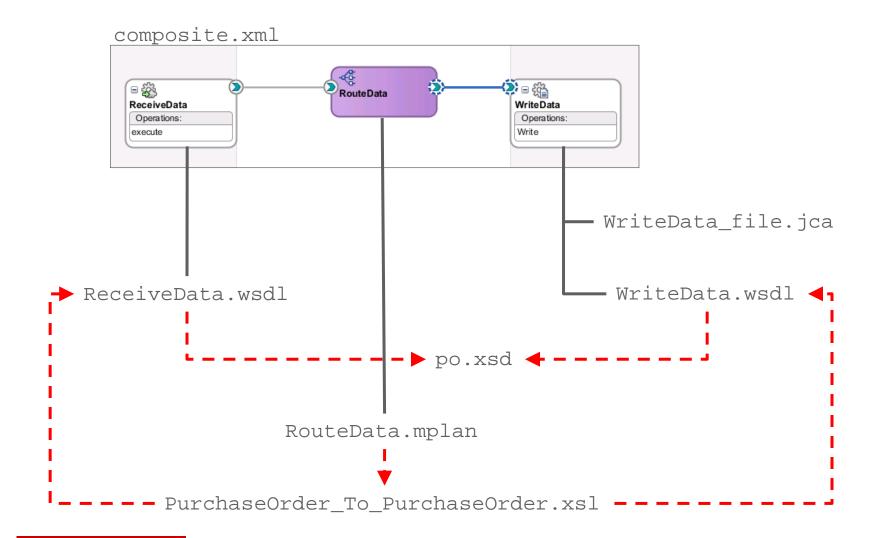


```
<ns0:ID>102</ns0:ID>
     <ns0:payOption>credit</ns0:payOption>
     <ns0:shipChoice>two day</ns0:shipChoice>
     <ns0:status>initial</ns0:status>
     <ns0:ccType>VISTA</ns0:ccType>
<ns0:ccNumber>1234-1234-1234-1234</ns0:ccNumber>
     <ns0:items>
        <ns0:item>
          <ns0:productId>SKU304</ns0:productId>
          <ns0:productName>Music Player 8Gb</ns0:productName>
          <ns0:price>140</ns0:price>
          <ns0:quantity>10</ns0:quantity>
        </ns0:item>
        <ns0:item>
          <ns0:productId>SKU303</ns0:productId>
          <ns0:productName>Music Player 4Gb</ns0:productName>
          <ns0:price>99</ns0:price>
          <ns0:quantity>10</ns0:quantity>
        </ns0:item>
     </ns0:items>
  </ns0:PurchaseOrder>
```

Examining the composite.xml Source

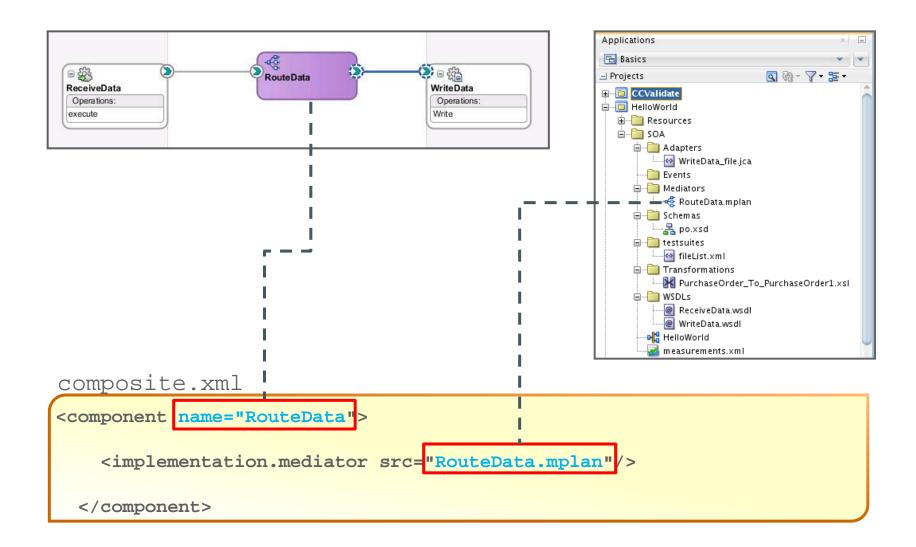
```
[header]
<composite [attributes]>
 <import namespace=[namespace] location="ReceiveData.wsdl" importType="wsdl"/>
 <import namespace=[namespace] location="WriteData.wsdl" importType="wsdl"/>
 <service name="ReceiveData" ui:wsdlLocation="ReceiveData.wsdl">
   <interface.wsdl interface=[path]ReceiveData#wsdl.interface(execute ptt)"/>
   <binding.ws port=[path]ReceiveData#wsdl.endpoint(ReceiveData/execute_pt)">
     property [config properties]>
   </binding.ws>
 </service>
 <component name="RouteData">
   <implementation.mediator src="RouteData.mplan"/>
 </component>
 <reference name="WriteData" ui:wsdlLocation="WriteData.wsdl">
   <interface.wsdl interface=[path]WriteData#wsdl.interface(Write_ptt)"/>
   <binding.jca config="WriteData_file.jca"/>
 </reference>
 <wire>
   <source.uri>ReceiveData</source.uri>
   <target.uri>RouteData/RouteData</target.uri>
 </wire>
</composite>
```

Project Files

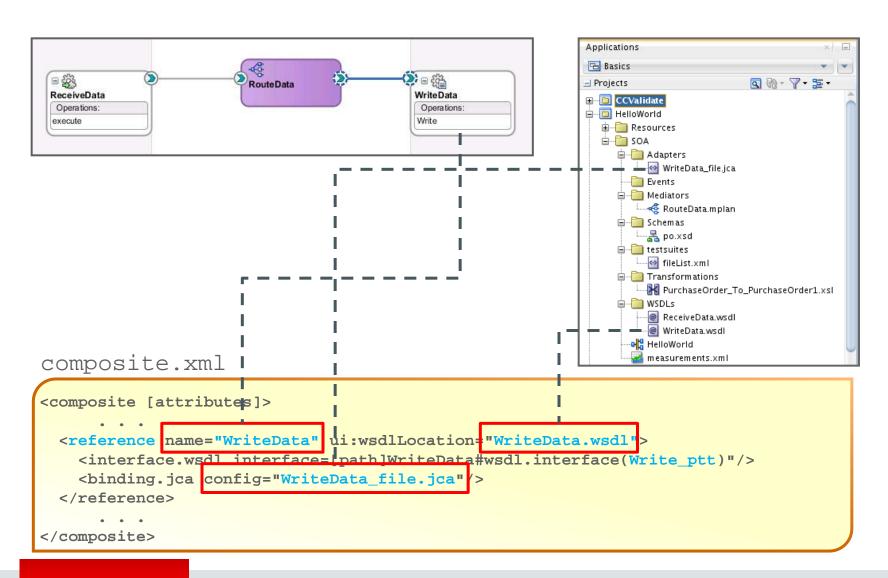


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Creating a Mediator



Creating an Adapter



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Summary

In this lesson, you should have learned how to:

- Deploy a composite application by using Ant
- Test a composite application in Enterprise Manager
- Track message flow through a composite application
- Undeploy a composite application by using Ant
- Describe a composite application package and its dependencies



Practice 8: Overview

This practice covers the following topics:

- Practice 8-1: Deploying and Testing the HelloWorld Composite Application
- Practice 8-2: Testing the Application
- Practice 8-3: Undeploying an Application with an Ant Script
- Practice 8-4: Exploring the Composite Application Files