

Report: Implementing a Dynamic Product Listing Component

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Prepared For: Project Day 4 - Building Dynamic Frontend Components

Objective:

The primary objective of Day 4 is to design and develop **dynamic frontend components** that can display marketplace data fetched from **Sanity CMS** or external APIs. This process focuses on modularity, reusability, and applying real-world development practices to build scalable and responsive web applications.

Task Overview

Objective:

Build a **Product Listing Component** for a marketplace.

Requirements:

1. Fetch product data dynamically using Sanity CMS or an external API.
2. Display the data in a **grid layout** of cards with the following details:
 - **Product Name**
 - **Price**
 - **Image**
 - **Stock Status**
3. Ensure responsiveness across devices.
4. Implement modularity by breaking the component into smaller, reusable parts.

Tools & Technologies:

- **Framework:** React or Next.js
 - **CMS:** Sanity CMS
 - **Styling:** Tailwind CSS or plain CSS
 - **State Management:** React Hooks
-

Implementation Plan

1. **Set Up Data Fetching:**
 - Integrate Sanity CMS or API endpoints to fetch the product data dynamically.
 - Use React hooks (`useEffect`) for data fetching and (`useState`) to store and manage the data.
2. **Design Reusable Components:**
 - Break down the Product Listing Component into smaller parts:
 - **Product Card Component:** Displays individual product details.
 - **Grid Layout Component:** Arranges the product cards in a responsive grid.
3. **Apply Responsive Design:**
 - Use Tailwind CSS or CSS Grid/Flexbox to ensure the grid layout adapts to all screen sizes.
4. **Enhance User Experience:**
 - Highlight important details like stock status with conditional formatting.
 - Add hover effects for better interactivity.

```
1  useEffect(() => {
2    const fetchProducts = async () => {
3      const productsData = await client.fetch(
4        `*[_type == "food"]{
5          name,
6          price,
7          description,
8          category,
9          originalPrice,
10         "image": image.asset->url,
11         "slug": slug.current,
12       }`
13     );
14     setProducts(productsData);
15     setFilteredProducts(productsData);
16   };
17   fetchProducts();
18 }, []);
```

2. Product Detail Component

Objective:

Develop individual product detail pages using **dynamic routing in Next.js**. These pages will display detailed information about each product, including:

- **Name**
- **Product Description**
- **Price**
- **Category**
- **Stock Availability**

Implementation Plan:

1. Dynamic Routing:

- Create dynamic routes using the `[id].tsx` file in the `pages/products` directory.
- Fetch product data based on the product ID from a CMS like Sanity or an API.

2. Data Fields:

Each product detail page should include the following fields:

- **Product Description:** A detailed explanation of the product, fetched from the backend.
- **Price:** Displayed prominently for clear visibility.

3. Integration with Product Listing:

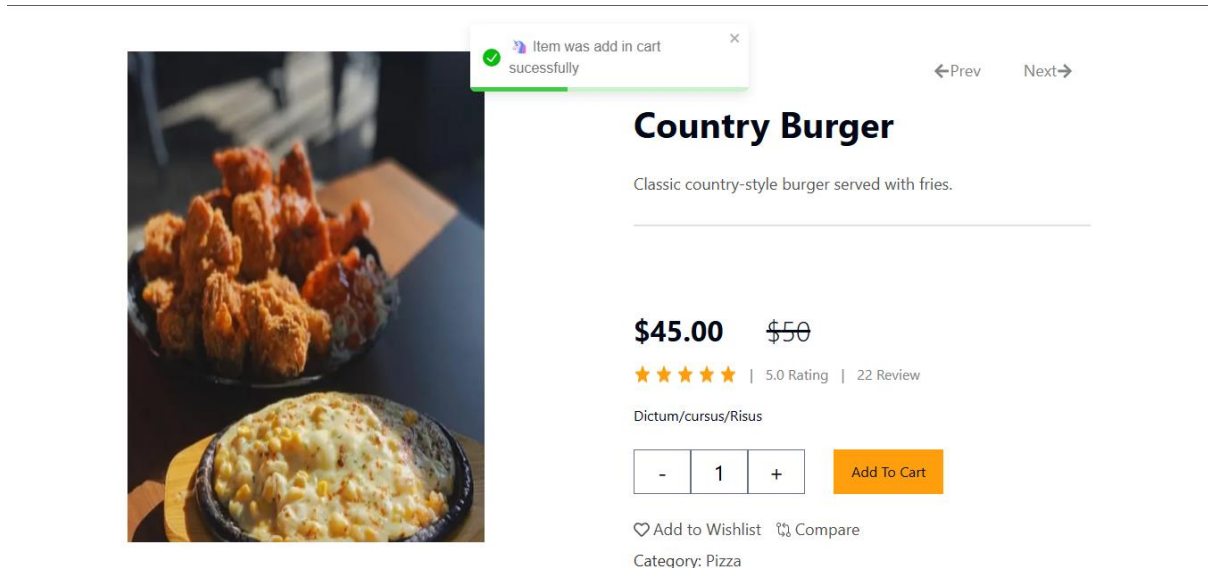
- Link each product card in the **Product Listing Component** to its corresponding detail page using the `Link` component in Next.js.

4. Styling and Layout:

- Use Tailwind CSS or plain CSS for a clean and responsive design.
- Ensure the layout highlights the product description and price for user clarity.

```
1  async function Productpage({ params }: { params: { slug: string } }) {
2    const product:IProduct =
3      await client.fetch(`*_type == "food" && slug.current == $slug)[0] {
4        name,
5        description,
6        price,
7        originalPrice,
8        tags,
9        "imageUrl": image.asset->url,
10       "slug": slug.current,
11     },{slug:params.slug});
```

UI Display OF Product Detail Page:



Step 3: Search Bar with Price Filter

Objective:

To implement a **search bar** and **price filters** to enhance the product browsing experience.

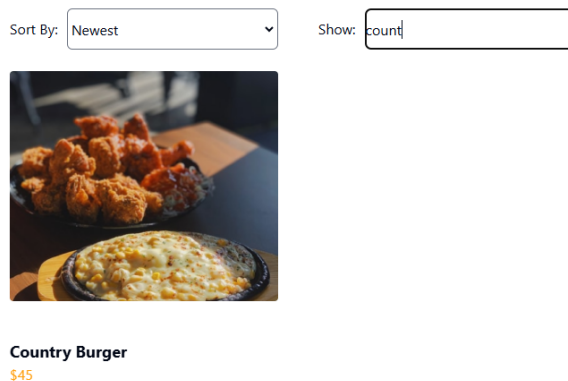
Implementation Plan:

1. Search Bar Functionality:

- Filter products based on their name or associated tags.
- Update the product list in real-time as the user types.

```
1 // Handle search
2 const handleSearch = (event: React.ChangeEvent<HTMLInputElement>) => {
3   const query = event.target.value.toLowerCase();
4   setSearchQuery(query);
5
6   const filtered = products.filter(
7     (product) =>
8       product.name.toLowerCase().includes(query) ||
9       product.description.toLowerCase().includes(query) ||
10      product.category.toLowerCase().includes(query) ||
11      product.slug.toLowerCase().includes(query)
12   );
13   setFilteredProducts(filtered);
14 };
```

UI Display :



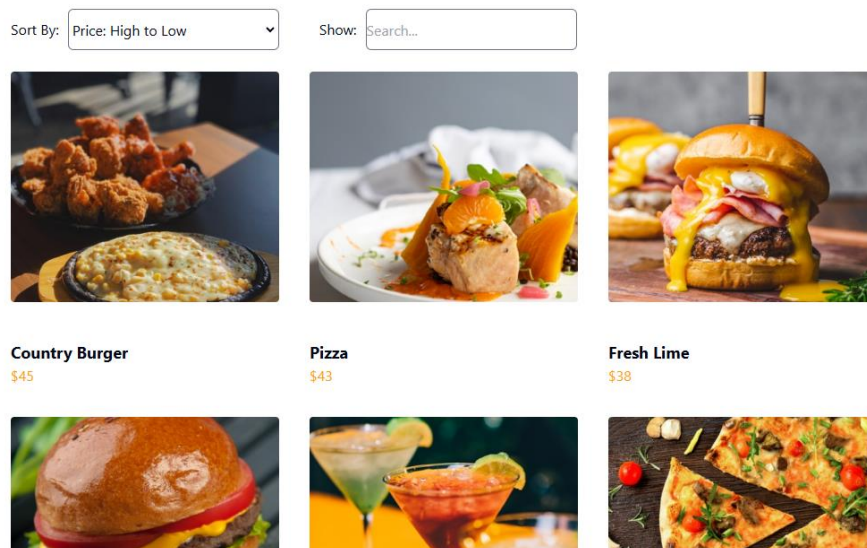
2. Price Filtering:

- Add options to sort products by price in **ascending** or **descending** order.
- Combine the price filter with the search bar and category filter for seamless interaction

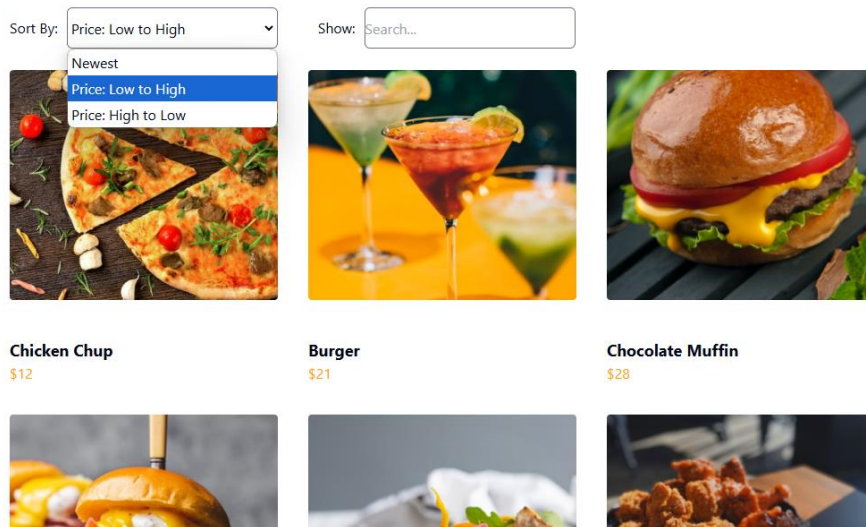
```
1 // Handle sorting
2 const handleSort = (event: React.ChangeEvent<HTMLSelectElement>) => {
3   const sortValue = event.target.value;
4   setSortOrder(sortValue);
5
6   let sortedProduct = [...products];
7   if (sortValue === "lowToHigh") {
8     sortedProduct.sort((a, b) => a.price - b.price);
9   } else if (sortValue === "highToLow") {
10    sortedProduct.sort((a, b) => b.price - a.price);
11  }
12  setFilteredProducts(sortedProduct);
13 };
```

UI Display:

- **High To Low:**



- **Low To High:**



Features Implemented:

1. **Search Bar:**
 - Filters products by name or tags in real time.
 2. **Price Filter:**
 - Allows sorting products by price (low to high or high to low).
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Step 4: Cart Component

Objective:

To create a **Cart Component** that displays the items added to the cart, their quantity, and the total price of the cart dynamically.

Implementation Plan:

1. **State Management:**
 - Use **React state** or a state management library like Redux for storing cart data.
2. **Cart Data:**
 - Include details for each product in the cart:
 - Product Name
 - Price
 - Quantity
 - Calculate and display the **total price** dynamically based on the items in the cart.

3. Cart Interactions:

- Allow users to **increase or decrease the quantity** of items.
- Automatically update the total price when the quantity changes.

```
1
2 // Handle Increment
3 const handleIncrement = () => {
4   const newQuantity = quantity + 1;
5   setQuantity(newQuantity);
6   setCartPrice(newQuantity * product.price); // Update price
7 };
8 // Handle Decrement
9 const handleDecrement = () => {
10   if (quantity > 1) {
11     const newQuantity = quantity - 1;
12     setQuantity(newQuantity);
13     setCartPrice(newQuantity * product.price);
14   }
15 };
16
17 function handleAddToCart() {
18   const cartItem = {
19     slug: product.slugs,
20     title: product.name,
21     img: product.imageUrl,
22     price: product.price,
23     quantity: 1,
24   };
25
26   dispatch(addToCart(cartItem));
27 }
```


UI Display Of Cart Page:

Product	Name	Price	Quantity	Total	Remove
	Country Burger	\$45.00	<div>- 3 +</div>	\$135.00	<div>×</div>

Coupon Code

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Quisque diam pellentesque bibendum non.

Apply

Total Bill

Cart Subtotal	\$135.00
Shipping Charge	\$0.00
Total Amount	\$135.00

Proceed to Checkout

Features Implemented:

- Dynamic Item Display:**
 - Each item in the cart is displayed with its name, price, and quantity.
 - Subtotal for each item is dynamically calculated.
- Quantity Update:**
 - Buttons to increase (+) or decrease (–) the quantity of an item.
 - Quantity cannot go below 1.
- Total Price Calculation:**
 - The total price updates dynamically as items are added or quantities are changed.
- Remove Item:**
 - Users can remove individual items from the cart.

Step 6: Notifications Component

Objective:

To create a **Notifications Component** that displays real-time alerts for user actions, such as adding items to the cart, encountering errors, or completing a successful purchase.

Implementation Plan:

1. Real-Time Alerts:

- Use **toast notifications** or **modal windows** to display alerts.
- Display notifications for actions like:
 - Item added to the cart
 - Errors (e.g., "Out of stock")
 - Successful actions (e.g., "Purchase complete")

2. Integration:

- Trigger notifications at appropriate moments in the app, such as adding to the cart or completing a transaction.

3. Libraries:

- Use a popular notification library like **react-toastify** or build a custom notification system.
-

```
1  const handleNotification = () => {toast.success('👉 Item was add in cart sucessfully', {
2    position: "top-center",
3    autoClose: 2000,
4    hideProgressBar: false,
5    closeOnClick: false,
6    pauseOnHover: true,
7    draggable: true,
8    progress: undefined,
9    theme: "light",
10   transition: Bounce,
11 });
12 }
```

Conclusion

On **Day 4** of building dynamic frontend components for a marketplace, the focus was on creating modular, reusable, and responsive components. The following key components were successfully implemented:

1. **Product Listing Component:**
 - Dynamically displayed products in a grid layout with details such as product name, price, image, and stock status.
2. **Product Detail Component:**
 - Built individual product pages using dynamic routing in Next.js, including fields like product description, price, and image.
3. **Search Bar and Filters:**
 - Implemented functionality to filter products by name or tags and added price filters (high to low and low to high).
4. **Cart Component:**
 - Displayed items added to the cart, quantity management, and total price calculation with dynamic updates.