EDF Scheduler Project

The System Hyperperiod

- Button_1 = 50 ms
- Button_2 = 50 ms
- Periodic _Transmitter = 100 ms
- Uart_Receiver = 20 ms
- Load_1 = 10 ms
- Load_2 = 100 ms

> Hyperperiod = 100 ms

The CPU Load

- CPU load = Total Execution Time During Hyperperiod / Hyperperiod
- For One Hyperperiod
 - Button_1 = 2*25.47 us
 - Button_2 = 2*25.47 us
 - Periodic _Transmitter = 1*27.6 us
 - Uart_Receiver = 5*29.6 us
 - Load_1 = 10*5 ms
 - Load_2 = 1* 12 ms
- > CPU Load = ((0.02547 * 2) + (0.02547 * 2) + (0.0276 * 1) + (0.0296 * 5) + (5 * 10) +(12 * 1)) /100 = 0.62277 =62.27748%

System Schedulability

1. Rate-Monotonic

A system is said to be feasible (Schedulable) if:

$$U \le n(2^{(1/n)-1})$$

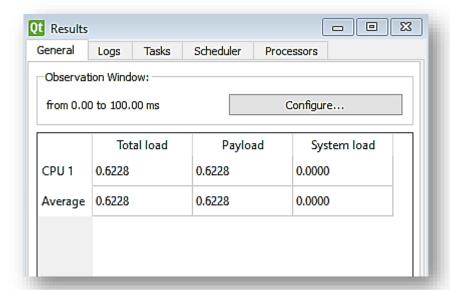
- U =0.62277 =62.27748%
- $URM = n (2^{(1/n)} 1) = 6(2^{(1/6)} 1) = 0.7347 = 73.47\%$
- Therefore, U < URM
- Therefore, The system is feasible (Schedulable).

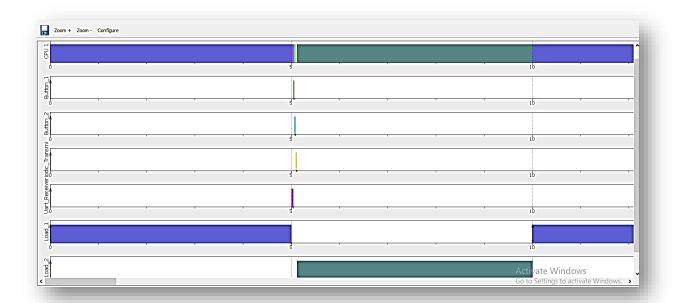
2. Time Demand Analysis

$$W(t) = \sum_{k=1}^{i-1} \left(\frac{\mathsf{t}}{p}\right) \mathsf{e}$$

- By deadline :
- Load1: W(10) = 5 = 5, W(10) is less than deadline for load1.
- Load1 is schedulable.
- Uart_Receiver: W(20) = 0.0296 + (20/10) * 5 = 10.0296, W(20) is less than deadline for UART (20).
- Uart Receiver is schedulable.
- Button_1: W(50) = 0.02547 + (50/20) *0.0296 + (50/10) * 5 = 25.09947, W(50) is less than deadline for Button (50).
- Button_1 is schedulable.
- Button_2:W(50) = 0.02547 + (50/20) *0.0296 + (50/10) * 5 + (50/50) * 0.02547 = 25.12494, W(50) is less than deadline for Button (50).
- Button_2 is schedulable.
- Periodic_Transmitter: W(100) = 0.0276 + (100/20) *0.0296 + (100/10) *5 + (100/50) * 0.02547 + (100/50) * 0.02547 = 50.27748, W(100) is less than deadline for Periodic (100).
- Periodic_Transmitter is schedulable.
- Load2: W(100) = 12 + (100/20) * 0.0296 + (100/10) * 5 + (100/50) * 0.02547 + (100/50) * 0.02547 + (100/100) * 0.0276 = 62.27748, W(100) is less than deadline for Load2 (100).
- Load2 is schedulable.

♣ Simso Offline Simulator





♣ Keil Simulator

