

1. What is the concept of an abstract superclass?

- 1 The abstract superclass contains the methods which are just defined but not implemented.
- 2 It will work as a template for the classes which inherit the abstract superclass

2. What happens when a class statement's top level contains a basic assignment statement?

- 1 When a class statement's top level contains a basic assignment statement those variables are called class variables.
- 2 That is called class attribute initialisation

3. Why does a class need to manually call a superclass's init method?

- 1 `__init__()` method serves as a constructor for the class
- 2 It is used to initialise the instance attributes at the time of class declaration

4. How can you augment, instead of completely replacing, an inherited method?

- 1 From the subclass without removing that method we can call the same method from the parent class using `super()` method

5. How is the local scope of a class different from that of a function?

- 1 In class local space it can be used anywhere inside the class in any method.
- 2 It can also be modified in any class method.
- 3 In function the scope is up to that variable only and that variable cannot be modified by other functions