```
In [6]:
```

```
1
    #1
 2
 3
    class First:
 4
        def __init__(self,n):
 5
            self.n=n
 6
        def gene(self):
 7
            for i in range(1, self.n+1):
                 if i%7==0:
 8
 9
                     yield i
10
11
12
   n=int(input())
13
14
   g=First(n)
15
   g.gene()
16
    for i in g.gene():
17
18
        print(i)
```

70

In [8]:

```
1  # 2
2
3  n=tuple(input().split(" "))
4
5  for i in set(n):
     print(str(i)+":"+str(n.count(i)))
```

```
New to Python or choosing between Python 2 and Python 3? Read Python 2 or
Python 3
New:1
or:2
between:1
3?:1
choosing:1
Python:5
2:2
to:1
and:1
Read:1
3:1
```

In [11]:

```
class Person:
 2
        def getGender(self):
 3
 4
            pass
 5
   class Male(Person):
 6
       def getgender(self):
7
            print("Male")
   class Female(Person):
 8
9
       def getgender(Person):
10
            print("Female")
11
   male=Male()
12
13 male.getgender()
14 | female=Female()
  female.getgender()
15
```

Male Female

In [12]:

```
1
   # 4
 2
   subjects = ["I", "You"]
 3
   verbs = ["Play", "Love"]
   objects = ["Hockey", "Football"]
 6
 7
   sentences = []
 8
 9
   for subject in subjects:
        for verb in verbs:
10
11
            for obj in objects:
                sentence = subject + " " + verb + " " + obj + "."
12
13
                sentences.append(sentence)
14
15
   for sentence in sentences:
16
17
        print(sentence)
18
```

```
I Play Hockey.
I Play Football.
I Love Hockey.
I Love Football.
You Play Hockey.
You Play Football.
You Love Hockey.
You Love Football.
```

In [14]:

```
1 # 5
2 s="hello world!hello world!hello world"
3 k=s.encode()
4 print(k)
5 print(k.decode())
```

b'hello world!hello world!hello world!hello world' hello world!hello world!hello world

In [18]:

```
# 5

import zlib

s="hello world!hello world!hello world"

k=zlib.compress(s.encode())

print(k)

z=zlib.decompress(k).decode()

print(z)
```

b'x\x9c\xcbH\xcd\xc9\xc9W(\xcf/\xcaIQ\xcc \xcc\x06\x00\xabf\x11\xd4' hello world!hello world!hello world

In [19]:

```
# 6
 1
 3
   def binary_search(arr, target):
 4
        left = 0
 5
        right = len(arr) - 1
 6
 7
        while left <= right:
 8
            mid = (left + right) // 2
 9
            if arr[mid] == target:
10
                return mid
11
12
            elif arr[mid] < target:</pre>
                left = mid + 1
13
14
            else:
15
                right = mid - 1
16
17
        return -1
18
19
20
21
   sorted_list = [1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13]
22
   target = 7
23
24 | index = binary_search(sorted_list, target)
25
   if index != -1:
        print(f"Element {target} found at index {index}")
26
27
   else:
28
        print(f"Element {target} not found in the list")
29
```

Element 7 found at index 3