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# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
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import numpy as np
vect1=np.array(range(10))
vect2=vect1.copy()
np.random.shuffle(vect2) # resort randomLy
mtx1=np.diag(vect2) # convert to matrex digonal in is vector
print(mtx1)
vect3=np.arange(5)
mtx2=np.diag(vect3,2) # 2 is add 2 row and 2 colum to matrex after digon
print(mtx2)
mtx8=np.random.uniform(1,60,16)
print(mtx8)
mtx8=np.reshape(mtx8,(4,4))
   counting
count1=np.count_nonzero(mtx2>0)
print(count1)
count2=np.count nonzero(mtx2==0)
print(count2)
count3=np.count nonzero(mtx8>16)
print(count3)
print(np.count_nonzero(mtx8>15,axis=1)) # return vector count in any axis x
print(np.count_nonzero(mtx8>15,axis=0)) # return vector count in any axis y
x=np.count_nonzero(mtx8>15,axis=1)
y=np.count_nonzero(mtx8>15,axis=0)
print(type(x),type(y))# array
# boolean result
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reult=np.any(mtx1==3) # if he found 3 in mtrex return true else fuls
print(np.any(mtx1==8))
print(np.any(mtx1<0))</pre>
bomtx=np.any(mtx1>4,axis=1) # boolean matrex
print(bomtx)
لازم الكل يفي ب الشرط # # print(np.all(mtx1>5))
print(np.all(mtx1>-1))
                         #المقارنه بين مصفوفتين ووجود نسب للتفاوت مهم جدااا
A=np.random.randint(1,100,16)
B=np.random.randint(1,100,16)
A=np.reshape(A,(4,4))
B=np.reshape(B,(4,4))
سبة السماح او التفاوت # (Res=np.isclose(A,B,rtol=2
print(Res)
Res2=np.isclose(A,B,rtol=1)
print(Res2)
A=np.random.uniform(1,20,16)
B=np.random.uniform(1,20,16)
A=np.reshape(A,(4,4))
B=np.reshape(B,(4,4))
print(A)
rs=np.isclose(A,B,rtol=0.2) # 0.2
print(rs)
```