```
In [11]: #initializing tuple
         t = 1,
         print(t)
         type(t)
         (1,)
Out[11]: tuple
In [18]: #tuple data access
         data = (5, ("Rahat", "Ahmed", "Dider", (7, 8, 1993)))
         print(data[1][3][1])
In [21]:
         #tuple is immutable. So if we need to update tuple, we have to change the type
         of tuple
         tData = list(data)
         tData[0] = -3.15
         data = tuple(tData)
         print(data)
         (-3.15, ('Rahat', 'Ahmed', 'Dider', (7, 8, 1993)))
In [27]: #concatening tuple
         data1 = (1, 2, 3)
         data2 = (3, 4, 5, 6)
         data3 = data1 + data2
         data3
Out[27]: (1, 2, 3, 3, 4, 5, 6)
In [28]: #deleting a tupe
         del data3
In [39]: #count
         data = (1, 3, 8, 7, 1, 5, 3, 6, 1)
         print(data.count(1))
In [40]: #tuple index: return the first occurance of any element from a tuple
         print(data.index(3))
```

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```
In [41]: #in/not in: return an element exist or not in atuple
         print(7 in data)
         print(7 not in data)
         True
         False
In [42]:
         #tuple lenght: return the length of the tuple
         print(data)
         print(len(data))
         (1, 3, 8, 7, 1, 5, 3, 6, 1)
In [48]: #tuple sort: sort the tuple in accending order. sorted function always return
          a list. So, have to convert it to tuple again
         data = tuple(sorted(data))
         print(data)
         (1, 1, 1, 3, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8)
In [49]: #maximum of a tuple
         print(max(data))
In [50]: #minimum of a tuple
         print(min(data))
In [51]: #summation of a tuple
         print(sum(data))
```

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