

C++ Programming

Class Const, Static & Friend

Homework 2

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Homework 05: BlackBox Testing

```
3 class StudentGradesInfoBlackBoxTester {
4 public:
5     void TestBlaBla1() {
6         if(true)
7             assert(false); // Big
8     }
9     void TestBlaBla2() {
10        if(true)
11            assert(false); // Big
12    }
13    void TestAll() {
14        TestBlaBla1();
15        TestBlaBla2();
16    }
17 };
18
19 int main() {
20     StudentGradesInfoBlackBoxTester().TestAll();
21
22     return 0;
23 }
```

- In black box testing, we test the public functionality of a class
 - Focus on what not how
 - No care of internals
- Develop a class that test our previous class
 - Try the old code
 - Then the fixed code

Homework 06: WhiteBox Testing

- In white box testing, we care about really what happens **internally**.
 - The private variables and methods and their updates
- But how to test the class from outside?
 - Several [approaches](#)
 - One way Define **friend class StudentGradesInfoWhiteBoxTester**; inside the class StudentGradesInfo
 - Please follow this approach for the homework
 - Now, the tester can access all internals and do deeper testing
- About white testing & using friend: Future [reading](#)

Homework 07: Code Extension

- Sadly current print has 2 issues
 - Print to console / Print all content!
- For some reasons, we can't change the code
 - Another idea is to **extend** its functionality!
- Your team lead asked to develop a class that satisfy the following main
 - Mainly a new class that works on an object from StudentGradesInfo
 - It satisfies 2 critical functions for **iterating** on the StudentGradesInfo courses:
 - HasNext: That tell us if there is more to retrieve
 - getNext: Return actual element in turn to retrieve
 - Also Reset method in case we wanna iterate from scratch again
- Develop a class that satisfies this main

Homework 07: Code Extension

```
8 int main() {
9     StudentGradesInfo st1("S000123");
10    StudentGradesInfoPrinter printer(st1);
11
12    st1.AddGrade(50, "Math");
13    st1.AddGrade(60, "programming 1");
14
15    int limit = 3;
16    cout << "Printing top " << limit << " Grades, if available\n";
17    while (limit-- && printer.HasNext()) {
18        pair<string, double> result = printer.GetNext();
19
20        cout << "\t" << result.first << " = " << result.second << "\n";
21    }
22
23    st1.AddGrade(70, "Algorithms");
24    st1.AddGrade(67, "programming 2");
25
26    printer.ResetIterator();
27    limit = 3;
28    cout << "\nPrinting top " << limit << " Grades, if available\n";
29    while (limit-- && printer.HasNext()) {
30        pair<string, double> result = printer.GetNext();
31
32        cout << "\t" << result.first << " = " << result.second << "\n";
33    }
34
35    return 0;
36 }
```

Printing top 3 Grades, if available

Math = 50

programming 1 = 60

Printing top 3 Grades, if available

Math = 50

programming 1 = 60

Algorithms = 70

Homework 08: Wrapper

- StudentGradesInfo is coming from an open source library. Good to save time
 - Your team lead is afraid from hidden bugs or stopping the maintenance
 - What if we have 20 classes that use it and then we decided to replace or write our own!
 - Any change in this class => change in all of them!
- Your team lead suggested building a wrapper
 - The idea is create another class StudentGradesInfoWrapper
 - It provides the same public functionality as StudentGradesInfo
 - It has object from type StudentGradesInfo
 - With every call to StudentGradesInfoWrapper, just call same function in ur local object
 - Now all your code depends on the wrapper not on the open source code that may change
- Please also maintain 2 public methods to tell us total
 - User prints and total # of created students info

Homework 08: Wrapper

```
89 int main() {
90     StudentGradesInfoWrapper st1("S000123");
91     st1.AddGrade(70, "Math");
92     st1.AddGrade(70, "programming 1");
93     st1.AddGrade(85, "programming 2");
94
95     st1.PrintAllCourses();
96
97     pair<double, double> p = st1.GetTotalGradesSum();
98     cout << p.first << "/" << p.second << "\n";
99
100    StudentGradesInfoWrapper st2("S000129");
101    st2.PrintAllCourses();
102    st2.PrintAllCourses();
103    st2.PrintAllCourses();
104
105    cout << "Total Students " << StudentGradesInfoWrapper::GetTotalStudents() << "\n";
106    cout << "Total Prints " << StudentGradesInfoWrapper::GetTotalPrints() << "\n";
107
108    cout << "Bye\n";
109
110    return 0;
111 }
```

```
Grades for student: S000123
    Math = 70
    programming 1 = 70
    programming 2 = 85
225/300
Grades for student: S000129
Grades for student: S000129
Grades for student: S000129
Total Students 2
Total Prints 4
Bye
```

Homework 09: Future Features

- A fresh developer approached the team leader with the following suggestion
 - From an informal discussion with a customer, it seems after 6 months we will need:
 - Several printing styles & streams (file, console)
 - Maintaining statistics about every used function and providing getters for them
 - He suggests to implement these extensions now to save future time for other features
- As a leader
 - Do you accept? Or Reject? Or Suggest an alternative?
 - Why?

Homework 10: Returning objects

```
string GetAnswerText() {  
    return answer_text;  
}  
  
string GetAnswerText() const {  
    return answer_text;  
}  
  
string& GetAnswerText() const {  
    return answer_text;  
}  
  
const string& GetAnswerText() const {  
    return answer_text;  
}
```

- We have a string and providing a getter for it
- You are debating with a fresh developer about the differences between these styles
- Discuss the differences

“Acquire knowledge and impart it to the people.”

“Seek knowledge from the Cradle to the Grave.”