C++ Programming STL Practice #5

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Teaching, Training and Coaching since more than a decade!

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Practice: Sliding Window Maximum

Given an array nums, there is a sliding window of size k which is moving from the very left of the array to the very right. You can only see the k numbers in the window. Each time the sliding window moves right by one position. Return the max sliding window.

```
Input: nums = [1,3,-1,-3,5,3,6,7], and k = 3
Output: [3,3,5,5,6,7]

Explanation:

Window position Max

[1 3 -1] -3 5 3 6 7 3
1 [3 -1 -3] 5 3 6 7 3
1 3 [-1 -3 5] 3 6 7 5
1 3 -1 [-3 5 3] 6 7 5
1 3 -1 [-3 5 3] 6 7 5
1 3 -1 -3 [5 3 6] 7 6
```

1 3 -1 -3 5 [3 6 7]

Practice: Sliding Window Maximum

- We can easily solve this problem by 2 nested loops.
- One over i for n, and another starts from i to k. Find maximum
- This is slow
- It is hard to design faster solutions.
 - We will show faster solution using mutliset
 - Optional: Attached a much faster solution use deque

Practice: Sliding Window Maximum

```
5@ vector<int> maxSlidingWindowl(vector<int>& nums, int k) {
       vector<int> ret;
       if ((int)nums.size() < k)</pre>
                                                                  Input: nums = [1, 3, -1, -3, 5, 3, 6, 7], and k = 3
 9
           return ret;
                                                                  Output: [3,3,5,5,6,7]
LO
11
       multiset<int> st:
                                                                  Explanation:
12
       for (int i = 0; i < k; ++i) {
13
           st.insert(-nums[i]):
                                                                  Window position
                                                                                                Max
14
15
       ret.push back(-*st.begin());
16
                                                                  [1 3 -1] -3 5 3 6 7
                                                                                                 3
       for (int i = k; i < (int)nums.size(); ++i) {</pre>
17
                                                                  1 [3 -1 -3] 5 3 6 7
           st.erase(st.find(-nums[i-k])):
18
           st.insert(-nums[i]);
                                                                  1 3 [-1 -3 5] 3 6 7
           ret.push back(-*st.begin());
20
                                                                  1 3 -1 [-3 5 3] 6 7
71
                                                                  1 3 -1 -3 [5 3 6] 7
       return ret;
                                                                  1 3 -1 -3 5 [3 6 7]
```

"Acquire knowledge and impart it to the people."

"Seek knowledge from the Cradle to the Grave."