# C++ Programming Inheritance Homework 3

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### Homework 1: Thinking

- C++ prevents classes from initializing inherited member variables in the initialization list of a constructor.
  - Why? Think in cases that languages designers considered
- In C++, Friendship is neither inherited nor transitive.
  - Why Friendship functions are not inherited?
- Comparing, the set of objects of a base class with its derived classes, which one is bigger? Think Vehicle vs Honda
- We know that we don't access private variables, but are they still inherited?
- Think: Making variable protected vs public getter/setter for it if needed?
  - Could subclass corrupts the parent class using protected data?
  - Coupling (dependency) between parent and child?

### Homework 2: Package Delivery Service

- Design classes (no main) for a package delivery service (E.g. FedEx):
  - A standard package has a sender address, receiver address, weight in kg and price per kg
    - Total cost is: weight in kg x price per kg
    - Address is: name, string and city
  - A 2-day package is a standard package with an added fixed fee for the total cost
  - A heavy package is a standard package for heavy weights attached with extra weight
    - If weight > 100 kg, then extra fees: (weight 100) \* extra weight in kg
  - Customer can creates several shipments. Each shipment is set of packages of different types
    - Total shipment price = sum of each package price
    - Each shipment has information of card used for payment
    - Customer has several debit and credit card, each has its information

# Homework 3: What is the output?

```
40 class A {
  5 public:
        A(string str) { cout<<"Constructor "<<str<<"\n"; }
        ~A()
                 { cout<<"~A\n"; }
  8 };
 100 class B {
        A al:
 12 public:
        B() : al(A("Most")) {
            cout<<"Constructor B"<<"\n";
 15
                     { cout<<"~B\n"; }
 16
        ~B()
 17 };
 18
 19@ class C : public B{
        A a2:
 21 public:
        C() : a2(A("Ali")) {
            cout<<"Constructor C"<<"\n";
 24
        ~C()
                   { cout<<"~C\n"; }
26 };
 27
28@ int main() {
        C c1;
⊕30
        C* c2;
31
        return Θ;
32 }
```

# Homework 4: Guess the problem

```
class A {
protected:
        int px;
        void pf() {
};
class B {
protected:
        int px:
        void pf() {
        int GetSalary() {
                 return 100;
};
class C: public A, public B {
public:
        void f() {
                 px = 1;
                 pf();
        int GetSalary() {
                int parent salary = GetSalary();
                return 2 * parent_salary + 1;
};
```

- What are the problems in this code?
- Why?
- How may we solve it (syntax)?

# Homework 5: Investigate

```
40 class A {
 5 public:
       int x = 1;
       void print() {
                            cout << "I am A\n":
                   cout << "A Destructor\n";
       ~A() {
9 };
110 class B: public A {
12 public:
       int y = 2:
       void print() {
                            cout << "I am B\n":
                   cout << "B Destructor\n";
       ~B() {
16 };
17
180 class C: public B {
19 public:
       int z = 3;
       void print() {
                            cout << "I am C\n";
       ~C() {
                   cout << "C Destructor\n";
23 };
25@ void hello(A* a) {
       a -> x = 1;
       a->print();
```

```
30⊖ int main() {
31
       C* c = new C();
32
       A* a points c = new C();
33
34
       hello(c);
35
       hello(a points c);
36
37
       c->print();
38
       a points c->print();
39
40
       delete c;
       delete a points c;
       return 0;
44
15
```

- What is interesting in the main?
- What is the expected output?
- Which data members (x, y, z) are visible in each object?
  - Same for hello function

"Acquire knowledge and impart it to the people."

"Seek knowledge from the Cradle to the Grave."