

Sum and Difference of Two Numbers

Objective

The fundamental data types in c are int, float and char. Today, we're discussing int and float data types.

The `printf()` function prints the given statement to the console. The syntax is `printf("format string",argument_list);`. In the function, if we are using an integer, character, string or float as argument, then in the format string we have to write `%d` (integer), `%c` (character), `%s` (string), `%f` (float) respectively.

The `scanf()` function reads the input data from the console. The syntax is `scanf("format string",argument_list);`. For ex: The `scanf("%d",&number)` statement reads integer number from the console and stores the given value in variable *number*.

To input two integers separated by a space on a single line, the command is `scanf("%d %d", &n, &m)`, where *n* and *m* are the two integers.

Task

Your task is to take two numbers of int data type, two numbers of float data type as input and output their sum:

1. Declare **4** variables: two of type int and two of type float.
2. Read **2** lines of input from stdin (according to the sequence given in the 'Input Format' section below) and initialize your **4** variables.
3. Use the `+` and `-` operator to perform the following operations:
 - Print the sum and difference of two int variable on a new line.
 - Print the sum and difference of two float variable to a scale of one decimal place on a new line.

Input Format

The first line contains two integers.

The second line contains two floating point numbers.

Output Format

Print the sum and difference of both integers separated by a space on the first line, and the sum and difference of both float (scaled to **1** decimal place) separated by a space on the second line.

Sample Input

```
10 4
4.0 2.0
```

Sample Output

```
14 6
6.0 2.0
```

Explanation

When we sum the integers **10** and **4**, we get the integer **14**. When we subtract the second number **4** from the first number **10**, we get **6** as their difference.

When we sum the floating-point numbers **4.0** and **2.0**, we get **6.0**. When we subtract the second number

2.0 from the first number **4.0**, we get **2.0** as their difference.