Interval

Input file: standard input
Output file: standard output

Time limit: 1 second Memory limit: 256 megabytes

Given a number X. Determine in which of the following intervals the number X belongs to:

[0,25], (25,50], (50,75], (75,100]

Note:

- \bullet if X belongs to any of the above intervals print "Interval" followed by the interval.
- if X does not belong to any of the above intervals print "Out of Intervals".
- The symbol '(' represents greater than.
- The symbol ')' represents smaller than.
- The symbol '[' represents greater than or equal.
- The symbol ']' represents smaller than or equal.

For example:

[0,25] indicates numbers between 0 and 25.0000, including both.

(25,50] indicates numbers greater than 25: (25.00001) up to 50.0000000.

Input

Only one line containing a number X ($-1000 \le X \le 1000$).

Output

Print the answer to the problem above.

Examples

standard input	standard output
25.1	Interval (25,50]
25.0	Interval [0,25]
100.0	Interval (75,100]
-25.2	Out of Intervals