

B. Minimum Average Path

time limit per test: 2 seconds

memory limit per test: 512 megabytes

input: standard input

output: standard output

→ Submit?

Language:

GNU G++20 13.2 (64 bit, win

Choose file:

Choose File

No file chosen

Submit

The road network consists of n junctions and m one-way roads, with each road leading from a lower-numbered junction to a higher-numbered junction. Each road has a number. Your task is to find a path from junction 1 to junction n at which the arithmetic mean of the numbers corresponding to the edges is minimal possible.

Input

The first line contains integers n and m ($2 \leq n \leq 10^5, 1 \leq m \leq 10^5$). The next m lines contain triples of numbers a_i, b_i, c_i ($1 \leq a_i < b_i \leq n, 0 \leq c_i \leq 100$), which means that there is a road leading from the junction a_i to the junction b_i , which corresponds to the number c_i . For each pair of junction, there is at most one road that connects them. It is guaranteed that there is a path from junction 1 to junction n .

Output

On the first line print the number of edges in the selected path k . On the next line print $k + 1$ integers, indices of junctions visited by the selected path.

Examples

input	Copy
4 3 1 2 1 2 3 0 2 4 1	
output	Copy
2 1 2 4	

input	Copy
3 3 1 2 1 2 3 2 1 3 1	
output	Copy
1 1 3	

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