

### C. Number of Inversions on Segment

time limit per test: 4 seconds  
memory limit per test: 1024 megabytes  
input: standard input  
output: standard output

Given an array  $a$ , consisting of small integers ( $1 \leq a_i \leq 40$ ). You need to build a data structure that processes two types of queries:

- 1. find the number of inversions on a segment,
- 2. change the element of the array.

#### Input

The first line contains two integers  $n$  and  $q$ , the length of the array and the number of queries, respectively ( $1 \leq n, q \leq 10^5$ ).

The second line contains  $n$  numbers  $a_1, \dots, a_n$ , where  $a_i$  is the initial state of the array ( $1 \leq a_i \leq 40$ ).

The following  $q$  lines describe the queries. Each of these lines has the format " $type_i \ x_i \ y_i$ ".

If  $type_i = 1$ , then in the  $i$ -th query you need to find the number of inversions on a segment from  $x_i$  to  $y_i$ , inclusive (in this case  $1 \leq x_i \leq y_i \leq n$ ).

If  $type_i = 2$ , then the element with the index  $x_i$  is set to  $y_i$  (in this case  $1 \leq x_i \leq n, 1 \leq y_i \leq 40$ ).

#### Output

For each request of type 1 print the answer to this request on a separate line.

#### Example

input	Copy
7 6 1 2 3 6 5 4 19 1 1 3 1 2 5 1 2 4 2 2 8 1 1 6 1 1 3	
output	Copy
0 1 0 7 1	

→ Submit?

Language: GNU G++20 13.2 (64 bit, win

Choose file: Choose File No file chosen

Submit

