

Z. Decoding

time limit per test: 1 second

memory limit per test: 256 megabytes

input: standard input

output: standard output

Polycarp is mad about coding, that is why he writes Sveta encoded messages. He calls the *median letter* in a word the letter which is in the middle of the word. If the word's length is even, the median letter is the left of the two middle letters. In the following examples, the median letter is highlighted: `contest`, `innfo`. If the word consists of single letter, then according to above definition this letter is the median letter.

Polycarp encodes each word in the following way: he writes down the median letter of the word, then deletes it and repeats the process until there are no letters left. For example, he encodes the word `volga` as `logva`.

You are given an encoding s of some word, your task is to decode it.

Input

The first line contains a positive integer n ($1 \leq n \leq 2000$) — the length of the encoded word.

The second line contains the string s of length n consisting of lowercase English letters — the encoding.

Output

Print the word that Polycarp encoded.

Examples

input	Copy
5 logva	
output	Copy
volga	

input	Copy
2 no	
output	Copy
no	

input	Copy
4 abba	
output	Copy
baba	

Note

In the first example Polycarp encoded the word `volga`. At first, he wrote down the letter `l` from the position `3`, after that his word looked like `voga`. After that Polycarp wrote down the letter `o` from the position `2`, his word became `vg``a`. Then Polycarp wrote down the letter `g` which was at the second position, the word became `va`. Then he wrote down the letter `v`, then the letter `a`. Thus, the encoding looked like `logva`.

In the second example Polycarp encoded the word `no`. He wrote down the letter `n`, the word became `o`, and he wrote down the letter `o`. Thus, in this example, the word and its encoding are the same.

In the third example Polycarp encoded the word `baba`. At first, he wrote down the letter `a`, which was at the position `2`, after that the word looked like `bba`. Then he wrote down the letter `b`, which was at the position `2`, his word looked like `ba`. After that he wrote down the letter `b`, which was at the position `1`, the word looked like `a`, and he wrote down that letter `a`. Thus, the encoding is `abba`.

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About Group



Group website

Group Contests

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Sheet #8 (General easy)

Finished

Practice



About Time Scaling

This contest uses time limits scaling policy (depending on a programming language). The system automatically adjusts time limits by the following multipliers for some languages. Despite scaling (adjustment), the time limit cannot be more than 30 seconds. Read the details by the [link](#).