

## E2. Close Tuples (hard version)

time limit per test: 4 seconds  
memory limit per test: 256 megabytes

This is the hard version of this problem. The only difference between the easy and hard versions is the constraints on  $k$  and  $m$ . In this version of the problem, you need to output the answer by modulo  $10^9 + 7$ .

You are given a sequence  $a$  of length  $n$  consisting of integers from 1 to  $n$ . The sequence may contain duplicates (i.e. some elements can be equal).

Find the number of tuples of  $m$  elements such that the maximum number in the tuple differs from the minimum by no more than  $k$ . Formally, you need to find the number of tuples of  $m$  indices  $i_1 < i_2 < \dots < i_m$ , such that

$$\max(a_{i_1}, a_{i_2}, \dots, a_{i_m}) - \min(a_{i_1}, a_{i_2}, \dots, a_{i_m}) \leq k.$$

For example, if  $n = 4$ ,  $m = 3$ ,  $k = 2$ ,  $a = [1, 2, 4, 3]$ , then there are two such triples ( $i = 1, j = 2, z = 4$  and  $i = 2, j = 3, z = 4$ ). If  $n = 4$ ,  $m = 2$ ,  $k = 1$ ,  $a = [1, 1, 1, 1]$ , then all six possible pairs are suitable.

As the result can be very large, you should print the value modulo  $10^9 + 7$  (the remainder when divided by  $10^9 + 7$ ).

### Input

The first line contains a single integer  $t$  ( $1 \leq t \leq 2 \cdot 10^5$ ) — the number of test cases. Then  $t$  test cases follow.

The first line of each test case contains three integers  $n, m, k$  ( $1 \leq n \leq 2 \cdot 10^5$ ,  $1 \leq m \leq 100$ ,  $1 \leq k \leq n$ ) — the length of the sequence  $a$ , number of elements in the tuples and the maximum difference of elements in the tuple.

The next line contains  $n$  integers  $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n$  ( $1 \leq a_i \leq n$ ) — the sequence  $a$ .

It is guaranteed that the sum of  $n$  for all test cases does not exceed  $2 \cdot 10^5$ .

### Output

Output  $t$  answers to the given test cases. Each answer is the required number of tuples of  $m$  elements modulo  $10^9 + 7$ , such that the maximum value in the tuple differs from the minimum by no more than  $k$ .

### Example

input	Copy
4 4 3 2 1 2 4 3 4 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 10 4 3 5 6 1 3 2 9 8 1 2 4	
output	Copy
2 6 1 20	

Codeforces Round 690 (Div. 3)

Finished

Practice

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Clone Contest

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Language: GNU G++20 13.2 (64 bit, win)

Choose file: Choose File No file chosen

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<a href="#">282140714</a>	Sep/21/2024 04:01	Accepted

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two pointers\*1700

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