

🚀 Codeforces Blitz Cup 2025 Final Rounds Have Started! Join the stream now: <https://youtu.be/caoeMuNNQtg>.

PROBLEMS SUBMIT STATUS STANDINGS CUSTOM TEST

G. SlavicG's Favorite Problem

time limit per test: 2 seconds
memory limit per test: 256 megabytes

You are given a weighted tree with n vertices. Recall that a tree is a connected graph without any cycles. A weighted tree is a tree in which each edge has a certain weight. The tree is undirected, it doesn't have a root.

Since trees bore you, you decided to challenge yourself and play a game on the given tree.

In a move, you can travel from a node to one of its neighbors (another node it has a direct edge with).

You start with a variable x which is initially equal to 0. When you pass through edge i , x changes its value to $x \text{ XOR } w_i$ (where w_i is the weight of the i -th edge).

Your task is to go from vertex a to vertex b , but you are allowed to enter node b if and only if after traveling to it, the value of x will become 0. In other words, you can travel to node b only by using an edge i such that $x \text{ XOR } w_i = 0$. Once you enter node b the game ends and you win.

Additionally, you can teleport **at most once** at any point in time to any vertex except vertex b . You can teleport from any vertex, even from a .

Answer with "YES" if you can reach vertex b from a , and "NO" otherwise.

Note that XOR represents the [bitwise XOR operation](#).

Input

The first line contains a single integer t ($1 \leq t \leq 1000$) — the number of test cases.

The first line of each test case contains three integers n , a , and b ($2 \leq n \leq 10^5$), ($1 \leq a, b \leq n; a \neq b$) — the number of vertices, and the starting and desired ending node respectively.

Each of the next $n - 1$ lines denotes an edge of the tree. Edge i is denoted by three integers u_i , v_i and w_i — the labels of vertices it connects ($1 \leq u_i, v_i \leq n; u_i \neq v_i; 1 \leq w_i \leq 10^9$) and the weight of the respective edge.

It is guaranteed that the sum of n over all test cases does not exceed 10^5 .

Output

For each test case output "YES" if you can reach vertex b , and "NO" otherwise.

Example

input	Copy
3 5 1 4 1 3 1 2 3 2 4 3 3 3 5 1 2 1 2 1 2 2 6 2 3 1 2 1 2 3 1 3 4 1 4 5 3 5 6 5	
output	Copy
YES NO YES	

Note

For the first test case, we can travel from node 1 to node 3, x changing from 0 to 1, then we travel from node 3 to node 2, x becoming equal to 3. Now, we can teleport to node 3 and travel from node 3 to node 4, reaching node b , since x became equal to 0 in the end, so we should answer "YES".

For the second test case, we have no moves, since we can't teleport to node b and the only move we have is to travel to node 2 which is impossible since x wouldn't be equal to 0 when reaching it, so we should answer "NO".

Codeforces Round 835 (Div. 4)

Finished

Practice

★

→ Virtual participation

Virtual contest is a way to take part in past contest, as close as possible to participation on time. It is supported only ICPC mode for virtual contests. If you've seen these problems, a virtual contest is not for you - solve these problems in the archive. If you just want to solve some problem from a contest, a virtual contest is not for you - solve this problem in the archive. Never use someone else's code, read the tutorials or communicate with other person during a virtual contest.

Start virtual contest

→ Clone Contest to Mashup

You can clone this contest to a mashup.

Clone Contest

→ Submit?

Language: GNU G++20 13.2 (64 bit, win)

Choose file: Choose File No file chosen

Submit

→ Last submissions

Submission	Time	Verdict
279801718	Sep/04/2024 15:32	Accepted

→ Problem tags

bitmasks dfs and similar graphs

*1700

No tag edit access

→ Contest materials

Announcement (en)

Tutorial (en)