```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
float fun1(float x,float i){
            int fa=1;
            for(int z=1;z<=(i+1);z++){
                          fa=fa*(-1);
            float v=fa;
return v;
float fun2(float x,float i){
            float fa;
             if(i==1)
                          fa=1;
             else{
                          fa=1;
               for(int z=1;z<=(2*i-2);z++)
                            fa=fa*x;
             float v=fa;
return v;
float fun3(float x,float i){
             int fa;
             if(i==1)
                          fa=1;
             else{
                          fa=1;
               for(int z=1;z<=(2*i-2);z++)
                            fa=fa*z;
             int v=fa;
return v;
int main(){
  float sum=0,x,n,i;
  cout<<"Enter X:";</pre>
  cin>>x;
  cout<<"Enter N:";</pre>
  cin>>n;
               for(i=1;i<=n;i++){
                            sum=sum+((fun1(x,i)*fun2(x,i))/fun3(x,i));
            cout<<"COS "<<x<<" = "<<sum;
```

Q) Write c++ program,

using more than one function in your program and don't use any library other than <iostream>

that computes the value of cos(x) by using the formula

$$\cos x = 1 + \frac{2}{2!} + \frac{4}{4!} + \frac{6}{6!} + \dots + (-1)^{N+1} \frac{2^{N-2}}{x}$$
(2N-2)!

prompt the user for the value of X and N(the total number of terms in the summation)

Q) Write a program that asks the user to enter an integer and reports all divisors in descending order. that is, list all numbers that evenly divide the given number, sorted from smallest to largest. You may assume the user enters a positive integer. An example is show below, where the user entered 30.

Enter a number: 30

The divisors are: 30 15 10 6 5 3 2 1

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main(){
       int x;
       cout<<"Entre a number: ";
       cin>>x;
       cout<<"The divisors are : ";
       for(float y=0;y<=x;y++){
              for(int z=1;z<=x;z++){
                     if(x/y==z)
                     cout<<z<" ";
                     else
                     continue;
```

```
Entre a number : 100
The divisors are : 100 50 25 20 10 5 4 2 1
------
Process exited after 3.272 seconds with retur
Press any key to continue . . .
```

Q) Write a program (starting from #include) that repeatedly collects positive integers from the user, stopping when the user enters a negative number or zero. After that, output the largest positive number entered. You may not use any library other than <iostream> .A sample run should appear on the screen like the text below.

Enter a number: 3
Enter a number: 9
Enter a number: 2
Enter a number: -5

The largest positive number you entered was 9.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main(){
         int x,d,y;
         bool flage=true;
         for(;;){
         cout<<"Enter a number:";</pre>
         cin>>x;
         if(x>0){
                  if(flage==true){
                            d=x;
                            y=x;
                            flage=false;}
                  if(x>y){
                     d=x;
                     y=x;}
                  else
                  continue;
         else
           break;
```

cout<<"The largest positive number you entered was "<<d;</pre>

Q) Write c++ statements that perform to add digits of a number :it asks to enter and obtains the number from the user and adds of individual digits of number and print sum . for example ,the number 17 sum is 8, number 1334697 sum is 33.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main(){
      int sum=0;
      string x,y;
      cout<<"Enter number:";
      getline(cin,x);
      for(int i=0;i<x.length();i++){
            y=x.at(i);
            int a=stoi(y);
            sum=sum+a;
      cout<<"its sum is "<<sum;
```

- For non-project compilations, go to: Tools >> Compiler Options >> (select your compiler) >> Settings >> Code Generation >> (set 'Language standard' to a C++11 option)
- For project compilations, go to: Project >> Compiler >> Code Generation >> (set 'Language standard' to a C++11 option)

Q) A positive integer n is said to be prime (or, "a prime") if and only if n is greater than 1 and is divisible only by 1 and n. write c++ program statements that takes a positive integer and to check and print whether a number is prime or not.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main(){
       int n,flage=0;
       cout<<"Enter n:";</pre>
       cin>>n;
       for(int y=(n-1);y>1;y--){
              if(n\%y==0)
                      flage=1;
              else
                      continue;
       if(flage==0)
         cout<<n<" is prime";
       else
         cout<<n<" is not prime";
```

```
Enter n:11
11 is prime
Process exited after
Press any key to cont
```

```
Enter n:10
10 is not prime
Process exited after
Press any key to cont
```

Q) write c++ statements to find maximum or largest element in matrix. it also prints the location or index at which maximum element occurs in matrix.

Use the following variable declaration in your program A[4][3];

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main(){
         int A[4][3],z,z1,location1,location2;
         bool flage=true;
         for(int x=0;x<4;x++){
                  for(int y=0;y<3;y++){
                     cout<<"Enter num:";</pre>
                            cin>>A[x][y];}
         for(int x=0;x<4;x++){
                  for(int y=0;y<3;y++){
                            if(flage==true){
                                     z=A[x][y];
                                     location1=x;location2=y;
                                     z1=A[x][y];
                                     flage=false;
                            if(A[x][y]>z1){
                                     location1=x;location2=y;
                                     z=A[x][y];
                                     z1=A[x][y];
                            else
                                     continue;
         cout<<"\n\nthe largest="<<z<endl;</pre>
         cout<<"the location=["<<location1<<"]["<<location2<<"]\n";
```

```
Enter num:5
Enter num:6
Enter num:7
Enter num:8
Enter num:9
Enter num:100
Enter num:50
Enter num:90
Enter num:60
Enter num:80
Enter num:12
Enter num:44
the largest=100
the location=[1][2]
Process exited after 22.49
Press any key to continue
```

Q) Write c++ program using while loop and continue command to print the following statement, 11 12 13 16 18 19 20

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main(){
     int x=10;
     while(x<20){x++;
          if(x==14 | x==15 | x==17)
        continue;
       else
        cout<<x<" ";
                             11 12 13 16 18 19 20
```

```
Process exited after 0.00684
Press any key to continue.
```

Q) Write c++ program using for loop and continue command to print the following statement,

100 200 400 600 700 800 900 1000

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main(){int x=150;
                                               Copy and paste code in your editor
     for(int i=1;i<=1000;i++){
          if(i%100!=0)
            continue;
          else{
               if(i/x==2\&\&x<=250){
                     x = x + 100;
                     continue;}
               else
                                 100 200 400 600 700 800 900 1000
               cout<<i<" ";
                                 Process exited after 0.1186 seconds with
                                 Press any key to continue . . _
```

```
Print factorial
n!=n(n-1)(n-2).....1
n greater than 1
```

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
     int x,factorial=1;
     cout<<"plase entre x:";
     cin>>x;
     for(int num=1;num<=x;num++)
     factorial=factorial*num;
     cout<<"factorial="<<factorial;
```

```
plase entre x:5
factorial=120
Process exited after 10.26
Press any key to continue
```

```
return 0;
```

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
      int x,y;
      for(x=0;x<5;x++)
            for(y=4;y>x;y--)cout<<" ";
            cout<<"*";
            for(y=0;y<x;y++)cout<<"*";
            for(y=0;y<x;y++)cout<<"*";
            cout<<endl;
      for(x=3;x>=0;x--)
            for(y=4;y>x;y--)cout<<" ";
            cout<<"*";
            for(y=0;y<x;y++)cout<<"*";
            for(y=0;y<x;y++)cout<<"*";
            cout<<endl;
return 0;
```

```
Process exited
Press any key
```

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main(){
  for(int i=1;i<10;i++){
    for(int j=1;j<10;j++){
      if(j==1 | | j==9 | | i==1 | | i==9)
        cout<<"*";
      else
                   cout<<" ";
    cout<<endl;
```

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
                                                   Process exited
int main(){
                                                  Press any key t
  for(int i=0;i<5;i++){
    for(int j=1;j<10;j++){
      if(((j==1||j==9)\&\&i!=2)||(i==2\&\&j==5)||i==0||i==4)
       cout<<"*";
      else
                 cout<<" ";
    cout<<endl;
```

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
      int x,y;
      for(x=0;x<10;x++)
            for(y=9;y>x;y--)cout<<" ";
            cout<<"*";
            for(y=0;y<x;y++)cout<<"*";
        cout<<endl;
```

return 0;

Q) Write c++ program that asks the user to enter two number and prints the sum ,product ,difference and quotient of the two number.

#include<iostream> using namespace std; int main(){ int x,y; cout<<"enter number1:"; cin>>x; cout<<"enter number2:"; cin>>y; cout<<endl; cout<<"sum="<<x<<"+"<<y<<"="<<x+y<<endl; cout<<"difference="<<x<<"-"<<y<<"="<<x-y<<endl; cout<<"pre>cout<<"pre>cout<<"="<<x*y<<endl; if(y==0)cout<<"devisor by zero"; else cout<<"quotient="<<x<<"/"<<y<<"="<<x/y<<endl;

```
enter number1:4
enter number2:1
sum=4+1=5
difference=4-1=3
product=4*1=4
quotient=4/1=4
Process exited after
Press any key to con-
```

Q) Write c++ program that three integers from the keyboard and prints the sum, avg, product, largest and smallest of these number.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main(){
         int x,y,z,sum;
        cout<<"input the different integer:";
         cin>>x>>y>>z;
         sum=x+y+z;
         cout<<"sum is "<<sum<<endl;
        cout<<"average is "<<sum/3<<endl;
        cout<<"pre>cout<< "product is "<< x*y*z<< endl;
        if(x>y&&x>z)
                 cout<<"largest is"<<x;
        else if(y>x&&y>z)
                 cout<<"largest is"<<y;</pre>
         else
           cout<<"largest is"<<z;
         cout<<endl;
        if(x<y&&x<z)
                 cout<<"smalest is"<<x;
         else if(y<x&&y<z)
                 cout<<"smalest is"<<y;
         else
           cout<<"smalest is"<<z;
```

Q) Write c++ that reads an integer and determines and prints whether its odd or even.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main(){
     int x;
     cout<<"enter x:";</pre>
     cin>>x;
     if(x\%2==0)
           cout<<x<" is even";
     else
           cout<<x<" is odd";
```

```
enter x:5
5 is odd
Process exited after
Press any key to cont
```

يدخل الuserاعداد موجبه و عندما يدخل 0 او عدد سالب يحسب متوسط الاعداد التي ادخلها قبل ان يدخل العدد السالب

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
      int x,sum=0,count=0;
      float avg;
      cout<<"please enter numbers:\n";</pre>
      for(;;)
        cin>>x;
             if(x>0){
                   sum=sum+x;
                   count++;
             else
                   break;
      avg=sum/count;
      cout<<"avg="<<avg;
```

Copy and paste code in your editor

```
please enter numbers:
3
4
5
6
7
8
180
23
86
0
avg=35
Process exited after 16.78
```

Process exited after 16.78 Press any key to continue .

مجموع الاعداد الفرديه من 0الى 100

```
using namespace std;
int main(){
    int x,total=0;
    for(x=0;x<=100;x++){
        if(x%2==1)
        total=total+x;
    }
    cout<<"total="<<total;
return 0;
}</pre>
```

#include<iostream>

Copy and paste code in your editor

tota1=2500

Process exited after Press any key to con

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
      int x,i,j;
      cout<<"entre x:";</pre>
     cin>>x;
      cout<<"\n\n";
      for(i=1;i<=x;i++)
      for(j=1;j<=x;j++)
      cout<<i<"*"<<j<<"="<<ii*j<<endl;
      cout<<"========="<<endl;
return 0;
```

```
entre x:5
1*2=2
1 \times 3 = 3
1*4=4
1 ×5 =5
2 ×1 =2
2 \times 2 = 4
2×3=6
|2×4=8
2 \times 5 = 10
3 \times 1 = 3
3×2=6
3×3=9
3*4=12
3×5=15
4 \times 1 = 4
4 \times 2 = 8
4*3=12
4*4=16
4 \times 5 = 20
5×1=5
5 \times 2 = 10
5*3=15
5*4=20
5×5=25
Process exited after 1.477 seconds
Press any key to continue . . .
```