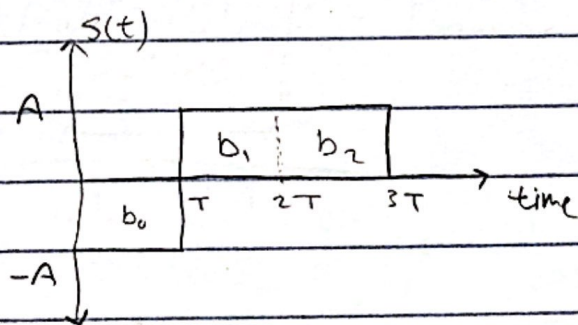


Assignment 2

* Part 1

a) baseband plot for "011" sequence



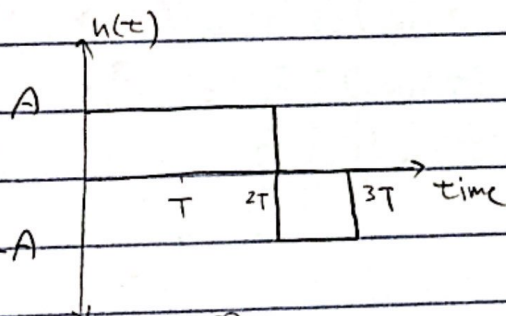
b, c) Matched Filter output Plot due to signal only

$$y(t) = s(t) * h(t)$$

$$h(t) = s(T-t)$$

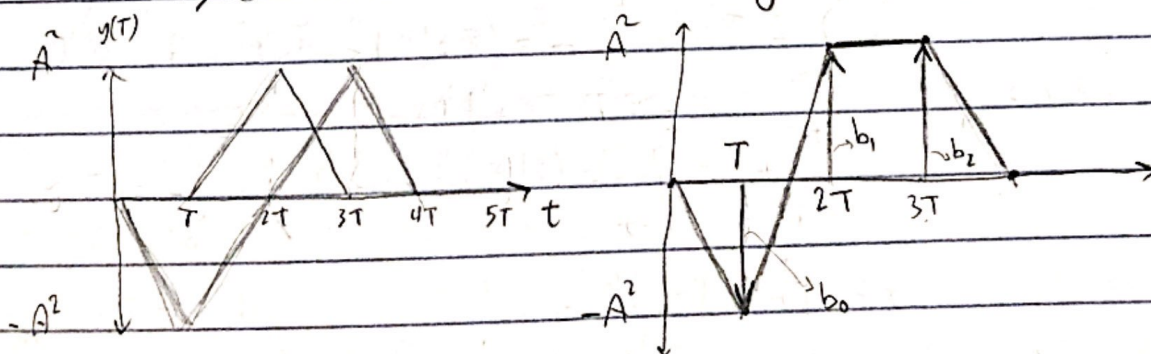
Flip around line of symmetry

$$h(T-t) = s(T-(T-t)) = s(t)$$

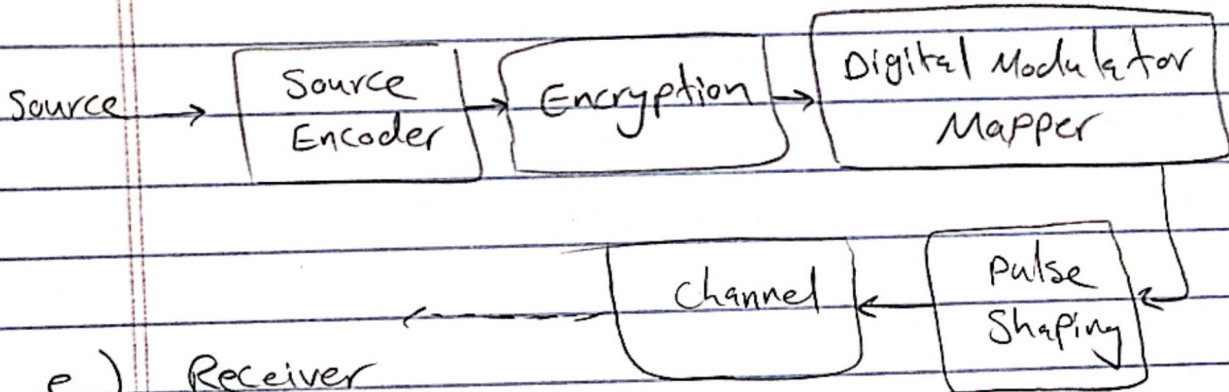


$$y(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} s(\tau) h(t-\tau) d\tau, \quad y(T) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} s(\tau)^2 d\tau$$

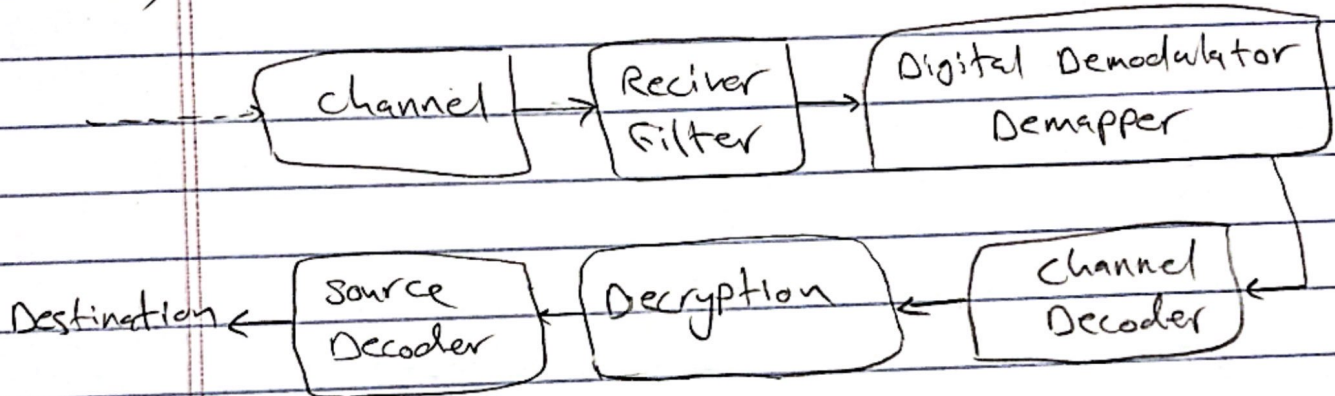
to make calculations easy we will compute this for every bit



d) Transmitter



e) Receiver



Part 2: Simulation

a) $y(t) = r(t) * h(t)$

$$g(t) = \begin{cases} -A & '0' \\ A & '1' \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} A=1 \\ T=1 \end{cases}$$

$$y(T) = \begin{cases} -A^2 T + n(T) & '0' = n(T) - 1 \\ A^2 T + n(T) & '1' = n(T) + 1 \end{cases}$$

$$n(T) = w(t) * h(t)$$

$$\mu_y = E[y(T)] = E[g_0(T)] + E[n(T)]$$

$$E[g_0(t)] = \begin{cases} -1 & '0' \\ 1 & '1' \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} E[n(T)] &= E\left[\int_0^T w(\tau) h(T-\tau) d\tau\right] \\ &= E\left[\int_0^T w(\tau) g(\tau) d\tau\right] = E\left[\int_0^T A w(\tau) d\tau\right] \\ &= E\left[\int_0^T w(\tau) d\tau\right] = 0 \quad E[w(\tau)] = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\mu_y = \begin{cases} -1 & '0' \\ 1 & '1' \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_y^2 &= \text{var}[y(T)] = E[(g_0(T) + n(T) - \mu_y)^2] \\ &= E[n(T)^2] = P_n \quad \text{"Power of noise"} \end{aligned}$$

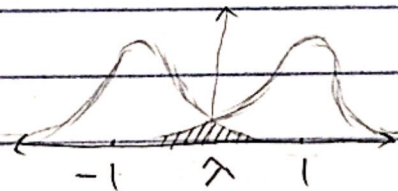
$$\sigma_y^2 = \frac{N_0}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |H(f)|^2 df = \frac{N_0}{2} \int_0^T |h(t)|^2 dt$$

$$\sigma_y^2 = \frac{N_0}{2} A^2 T = \frac{N_0}{2}$$

$$P(y|0) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi N_0}} \exp\left(-\frac{(y+1)^2}{N_0}\right)$$

$$P(y|1) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi N_0}} \exp\left(-\frac{(y-1)^2}{N_0}\right)$$

$$P(y) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} \exp\left(-\frac{(y-\mu_y)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right)$$



$$\lambda = \frac{1-1}{2} = 0$$

$$P(e|0) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} P(y|0) dy = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi N_0}} \exp\left(-\frac{(y+1)^2}{N_0}\right) dy$$

$$\text{let } z = \frac{y+1}{\sqrt{N_0}} \quad dz = \frac{1}{\sqrt{N_0}} dy \quad dy = \sqrt{N_0} dz$$

$$P(e|0) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi N_0}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp(-z^2) \sqrt{N_0} dz$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp(-z^2) dz = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P(e) &= P(0)P(e|0) + P(1)P(e|1) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} [P(e|0) + P(e|1)] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \times 2 P(e|0) = P(e|0) \end{aligned}$$

$$P(0) = P(1) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$P(e|0) = P(e|1)$$

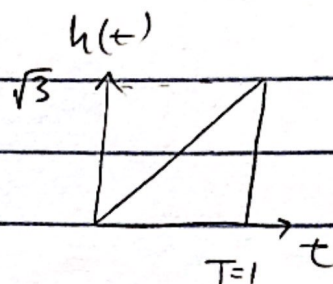
$$= \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{N_0}}\right) \quad \#$$

$$\text{b) } h(t) = \delta(t) \quad y(t) = r(t) \# \delta(t) \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} y(T) = n(T) - 1 \\ y(T) = n(T) + 1 \end{array} \right\}$$

It is the same as (a)

$$P(e) = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{N_0}}\right) \quad \#$$

$$c) y(t) = r(t) * h(t)$$



$$g_o(T) = \int_0^T h(\tau) g(T-\tau) d\tau$$

$$= \int_0^T \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} A \tau d\tau = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} AT = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$y(T) = \begin{cases} -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + n(T) & (0) \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + n(T) & (1) \end{cases}$$

$$\mu_y = \begin{cases} -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & (0) \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & (1) \end{cases}$$

$$\sigma_y^2 = \frac{N_0}{2} \int_0^T |h(t)|^2 dt = \frac{N_0}{2} \int_0^T (\sqrt{3} t)^2 dt = \frac{N_0}{2} \int_0^T 3t^2 dt$$

$$= \frac{N_0}{2} 3 \left[\frac{1}{3} t^3 \right]_0^T = \frac{N_0}{2} T^3 = \frac{N_0}{2}$$

$$P(e) = P(e|0)$$

$$P(y|0) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi N_0}} \exp\left(-\frac{(y + \sqrt{3}/2)^2}{N_0}\right)$$

$$P(e|0) = \int_0^\infty P(y|0) dy \quad z = \frac{y + \sqrt{3}/2}{\sqrt{N_0}} \quad dz = \frac{dy}{\sqrt{N_0}} \quad dy = \sqrt{N_0} dz$$

$$P(e) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi N_0}} \int_{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{N_0}}}^\infty \exp(-z^2) \sqrt{N_0} dz = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{N_0}}}^\infty \exp(-z^2) dz$$

$$P(e) = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{N_0}}\right) \quad \neq$$