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CSEN 401 - Computer Programming Lab, Spring 2023 The Last of Us: Legacy Milestone 1

Deadline: 24.03.2023 @ 23:59

This milestone is an *exercise* on the concepts of **Object Oriented Programming (OOP)**. The following sections describe the requirements of the milestone.

By the end of this milestone, you should have:

- A packaging hierarchy for your code.
- An initial implementation for all the needed data structures.
- Basic data loading capabilities from a csv file.

1 Build the Project Hierarchy

1.1 Add the packages

Create a new Java project and build the following hierarchy of packages:

- 1. engine
- 2. exceptions
- 3. model.characters
- 4. model.collectibles
- 5. model.world
- 6. tests
- 7. views

Afterwards, proceed by implementing the following classes. You are allowed to add more classes, attributes and methods. However, you must use the same names for the provided classes, attributes and methods.

1.2 Naming and privacy conventions

Please note that all your class attributes must be **private** and all methods should be **public** unless otherwise stated. You should implement the appropriate setters and getters conforming with the access constraints. Throughout the whole milestone, if a variable is said to be READ then we are allowed to get its value. If the variable is said to be WRITE then we are allowed to change its value. Please note that getters and setters should match the Java naming conventions. If the instance variable is of type boolean, the getter method name starts by **is** followed by the **exact** name of the instance variable. Otherwise,

the method name starts by the verb (get or set) followed by the **exact** name of the instance variable; the first letter of the instance variable should be capitalized. Please note that the method names are case sensitive.

 $\textbf{Example 1} \ \ \textit{You want a getter for an instance variable called } \textit{milkCount} \rightarrow \textit{Method name} = \textit{getMilkCount}()$

Example 2 You want a setter for an instance variable called $milkCount \rightarrow Method\ name = setMilkCount()$

Example 3 You want a getter for a boolean variable called $availableStock \rightarrow Method\ name = isAvailableStock()$

2 Build the (Collectible) Interface

Name : Collectible

Package : model.collectibles

 \mathbf{Type} : Interface

Description: Interface containing the methods available to all Collectible objects within the game map. All Vaccines and Supplies are Collectible. For this milestone, you will be leaving this interface empty.

3 Build the (Vaccine) Class

Name: Vaccine

Package : model.collectibles

Type: Class

Description: A class representing Vaccines in the game.

3.1 Constructors

1. Vaccine(): Default constructor.

4 Build the (Supply) Class

Name: Supply

Package : model.collectibles

Type : Class

Description: A class representing Supplies in the game.

4.1 Constructors

1. Supply(): Default constructor.

5 Build the (Character) Class

Name : Character

Package : model.characters

Type: Abstract class.

Description: A class representing the Characters available in the game.

No objects of type Character can be instantiated.

5.1 Attributes

All the class attributes are READ and WRITE unless otherwise specified.

- 1. String name: A variable representing the name of the character. This attribute is READ ONLY.
- 2. Point location: A point representing the x, y coordinates of the character's location, using the built-in class "Point".
- 3. int maxHp: The maximum health points belonging to this character. This is the upper bound of character's currentHP. This attribute is READ ONLY.
- 4. int currentHp: An integer representing the current health points for the character.
- 5. int attackDmg: This number represents the damage inflicted by the character on its target when attacking. This attribute is READ ONLY.
- 6. Character target: A variable representing the target character that will be affected by any possible action done by the character.

5.2 Constructors

1. Character(String name, int maxHp, int attackDmg): Constructor that initializes a Character object with the given parameters as the attributes.

5.3 Subclasses

There are two different types of characters available in the game. Each type is modelled as a subclass of the Character class. Each Character type should be implemented in a separate class within the same package as the Character class. Each of the subclasses representing the different characters should have its own constructor that utilizes the Character constructor. Carefully consider the design of the constructor of each subclass.

The following list gives the different class names.



6 Build the (Hero) Class

Name: Hero

Package : model.characters

Type: Class.

Description: A class representing Heros in the game. This class is a subclass of the Character class. No objects of type Hero can be instantiated.

6.1 Attributes

All the class attributes are READ AND WRITE unless otherwise specified.

- 1. int actionsAvailable : An int representing the number of the actions available for each hero in a turn.
- 2. int maxActions: An int representing the maximum number of actions a hero can make in a turn. This attribute is READ ONLY.
- 3. boolean specialAction: A boolean represents if the hero has used his special action.

- 4. ArrayList<Vaccine> vaccineInventory : A list representing the vaccines collected by each hero. This attribute is READ ONLY.
- 5. ArrayList<Supply> supplyInventory: A list representing the supplies collected by each hero. This attribute is READ ONLY.

6.2 Constructors

1. Hero(String name, int maxHp, int attackDmg, int maxActions): Constructor that initializes a Hero object with the given parameters as the attributes. Initially the actionsAvailable starts with the maxActions.

6.3 Subclasses

There are three different types of heroes available in the game. Each type is modelled as a subclass of the Hero class. Each Hero type should be implemented in a separate class within the same package as the Hero class. Each of the subclasses representing the different heroes should have its own constructor that utilizes the Hero constructor. Carefully consider the design of the constructor of each subclass.

7 Build the (Zombie) Class

Name: Zombie

Package : model.characters

Type: Class

Description: A class representing Zombies that are in the game. This class is a subclass of the Character class.

7.1 Attributes

1. static int ZOMBIES_COUNT: An int representing the number of zombies created.

7.2 Constructors

1. Zombie(): Constructor that initializes the values of the Zombie object. Zombies all have 40 hp, 10 attack damage, and are named according to how many Zombie objects have been created, ex: "Zombie 1", "Zombie 2", etc..

8 Build the (Fighter) Class

Name: Fighter

Package : model.characters

Type : Class

Description: A class representing Fighters in the game. This class is a subclass of the Hero class.

8.1 Constructors

1. Fighter(String name, int maxHp, int attackDmg, int maxActions): Constructor that initializes the values of the Fighter object with the given parameters as the attributes.

9 Build the (Medic) Class

Name: Medic

Package : model.characters

Type : Class

Description: A class representing Medics in the game. This class is a subclass of the Hero class.

9.1 Constructors

1. Medic(String name, int maxHp, int attackDmg, int maxActions): Constructor that initializes the values of the Medic object with the given parameters as the attributes.

10 Build the (Explorer) Class

Name : Explorer

Package : model.characters

Type : Class

Description: A class representing Explorers in the game. This class is a subclass of the Hero class.

10.1 Constructors

1. Explorer(String name, int maxHp, int attackDmg, int maxActions): Constructor that initializes an Explorer object.

11 Build the (Direction) Enum

Direction : Direction

Package : model.characters

Type: Enum

Description: An enum representing the different possible directions for character to move in. Possible values are: UP, DOWN, LEFT, RIGHT.

12 Build the (Cell) Class

Name: Cell

Package : model.world

Type : Class.

Description: A class representing Cells in the game. No objects of type Cell can be instantiated.

12.1 Attributes

All the class attributes are READ and WRITE unless otherwise specified.

1. boolean is Visible: Boolean representing if the cell is visible or not.

12.2 Constructors

1. Cell(): Default constructor.

12.3 Subclasses

There are 3 different types of cells available in the game. Each cell type is modelled as a subclass of the Cell class. Each Cell type should be implemented in a separate class within the same package as the Cell class. Each of the subclasses representing the different cells should have its own constructor that utilizes the Cell constructor. Carefully consider the design of the constructor of each subclass.

The following list gives the different class names.

Class name	Extra Attributes	Attributes Access
CharacterCell	Character character, boolean isSafe:	READ AND WRITE
CollectibleCell	Collectible collectible:	READ ONLY
TrapCell	int trapDamage (Random either 10, 20, or 30)	READ ONLY

Game Setup

13 Build the (Game) Class

Name : Game
Package : engine

Type: Class

Description: A class representing the Game itself. This class will represent the main engine of the game, and will ensure all game rules are followed.

13.1 Attributes

All the class attributes are public.

- 1. static ArrayList<Hero> availableHeros: An arraylist representing the available Heros in the game.
- 2. static ArrayList<Hero> heros: An arraylist representing the Heros participating in the game.
- 3. static ArrayList<Zombie> zombies: An arraylist representing the 10 zombies generated in the game.
- 4. static Cell [] [] map: A 2D array representing the map in the game.

13.2 Methods

1. public static void loadHeros(String filePath): Reads the CSV file with filePath and loads the Heros into the availableHeros ArrayList.

13.3 Description of CSV files format

You should add throws Exception to the header of any constructor or method that reads from a csv file to accommodate for any checked exception that could arise.

Heroes

- 1. The Heros are found in a file titled Heros.csv.
- 2. Each line represents the information of a single Hero.
- 3. The data has no header, i.e. the first line represents the first Hero.
- 4. The parameters are separated by a comma (,).

- 5. The line represents the Heros's data as follows: name, Type, maxHp, maxActions, attack-Dmg .
- 6. The type represents the type of Hero:-
 - FIGH for Fighter
 - EXP for Explorer
 - MED for Medic

Exceptions

14 Build the (GameActionException) Class

Name: GameActionException

Package : exceptions

Type : Class

Description: Class representing a generic exception that can occur during the game play. These exceptions arise from any invalid action that is performed.

No objects of type GameActionException can be instantiated.

This class is a subclass of the java Exception class. This class has four subclasses; InvalidTargetException, MovementException, NoAvailableResourcesException, and NotEnoughActionsException.

14.1 Constructors

- 1. **GameActionException()**: Initializes an instance of a **GameActionException** by calling the constructor of the super class.
- 2. **GameActionException(String s)**: Initializes an instance of a **GameActionException** by calling the constructor of the super class with a customized message.

15 Build the (InvalidTargetException) Class

Name : InvalidTargetException

Package : exceptions

Type : Class

Description: A subclass of GameActionException representing an exception that occurs upon trying to target a wrong character with an action.

15.1 Constructors

- 1. **InvalidTargetException()**: Initializes an instance of a **InvalidTargetException** by calling the constructor of the super class.
- 2. InvalidTargetException(String s): Initializes an instance of a InvalidTargetException by calling the constructor of the super class with a customized message.

16 Build the (MovementException) Class

 ${\bf Name}$: MovementException

Package : exceptions

Type: Class

Description: A subclass of **GameActionException** representing an exception that occurs when a character tries to make an invalid movement.

16.1 Constructors

- 1. **MovementException()**: Initializes an instance of a MovementException by calling the constructor of the super class.
- 2. MovementException(String s): Initializes an instance of a MovementException by calling the constructor of the super class with a customized message.

17 Build the (NoAvailableResourcesException) Class

 ${\bf Name} \,:\, {\tt NoAvailableResourcesException}$

Package : exceptions

Type: Class

Description: A subclass of GameActionException representing an exception that occurs when a character tries to use a Collectible he does not have.

17.1 Constructors

- 1. **NoAvailableResourcesException()**: Initializes an instance of a NoAvailableResourcesException by calling the constructor of the super class.
- 2. NoAvailableResourcesException(String s): Initializes an instance of a NoAvailableResourcesException by calling the constructor of the super class with a customized message.

18 Build the (NotEnoughActionsException) Class

Name : NotEnoughActionsException

Package : exceptions

Type: Class

Description: A subclass of **GameActionException** representing an exception that occurs when a character tries take an action without the sufficient action points available.

18.1 Constructors

- 1. **NotEnoughActionsException()**: Initializes an instance of a **NotEnoughActionsException** by calling the constructor of the super class.
- 2. NotEnoughActionsException(String s): Initializes an instance of a NotEnoughActionsException by calling the constructor of the super class with a customized message.