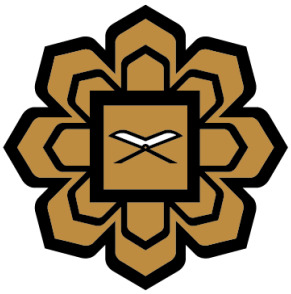

الجامعة الإسلامية العالمية ماليزيا
INTERNATIONAL ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY MALAYSIA
يونيورسيتي إسلام انتارابغسا ملايسيا
Garden of Knowledge and Virtue

DATE: 06-JUN-2022

ASSIGNMENT – 2 Dynamic Programming: Programming Assignment

DATA STRUCTURES AND ALGORITHMS II

Course: CSCI-3302, **Sec:** 02

Lecturer: Dr. NURUL LIYANA BINTI MOHAMAD ZULKUFLI

Submitted by:

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Matric no: 1918243

Question 1

Using the incomplete programming code given, complete the code **using dynamic programming (literately),** to **reproduce the results in the following Table 1**.

Code:

```
1.  //================================
2.  // Dynamic Programming - Knapsack
3.  //================================
4.
5.  // Please fill up the following
6.  // Name                          : Ahmed Jobaer
7.  // Matric No.          : 1918243
8.  // Section             : Sec 2
9.  // (if 2pm-3.20pm: Sec 1; else if 3.30pm - 4.50pm: Sec 2)
10.
11.
12. //========================================================================
13. #include<iostream>
14. using namespace std;
15.
16.
17. const int W = 5; // max knapsack capacity
18.
19. //========================================================================
20. // Dynamic Programming function for solving Knapsack Problem
21. void Knapsack(int i, int j, int w[], int n, int v[], int F[][W+1])
22. {
23.
24.     for(i=0; i<=n; i++) // this for loop is depends on number of items
25.     {
26.         for(j=0; j<=W; j++) // this for loop is depends on max knapsack capacity
27.         {
28.             // if items and capacity is 0 then initialize array with 0
29.             if(i==0)
30.                 F[i][j]=0;
31.             else if(j==0)
32.                 F[i][j]=0;
33.
34.             // here i use knapsack formula to find max value
35.             else if(w[i-1]<=j)
36.             {
37.                 F[i][j]= max(F[i-1][j],F[i-1][j-w[i-1]]+v[i-1]);
38.             }
39.             else
40.                 F[i][j]=F[i-1][j];
41.         }
42.     }
43.
44. }
45.
46. //===============
47. // Main Function
48. int main(void)
49. {
50. //===============
51.
```

```
52.     // number of items
53.     const int n = 4;
54.
55.     int i;            // item: 1 <= i <= n
56.     int j;            // capacity: 1 <= j <= W
57.
58.
59.     int weight[] = {2, 1, 3, 2};          // weight of each item
60.     int value[] = {12, 10, 20, 15};       // value of each item
61.
62.
63.     // Instruction: Initialize F
64.     //F: dynamic programming table/matrix, containing values of F(i,j)
65.     int F[n+1][W+1];
66.
67.
68.     // call the dynamic programming function
69.     Knapsack(i, j, weight, n, value, F);
70.
71.     // show the result with list
72.     cout<<"-----------------------------------------------"<<endl;
73.     cout<<"       Dynamic Programming List"<<endl;
74.     cout<<"-----------------------------------------------"<<endl;
75.
76.
77.     for (i = 0; i <= n; i++)
78.     {
79.         for (j = 0; j <= W; j++)
80.         {
81.             cout << "F(" << i << "," << j << ") = " << F[i][j] << endl;
82.         }
83.     }
84.
85.     cout << endl;
86.
87.
88.     // show the result with table
89.     cout<<"\n-----------------------------------------------"<<endl;
90.     cout<<"       Dynamic Programming Matrix"<<endl;
91.     cout<<"-----------------------------------------------"<<endl;
92.
93.     for (i = 0; i <= n; i++)
94.     {
95.
96.         for (j = 0; j <= W; j++)
97.         {
98.             cout<<F[i][j]<<"\t";
99.         }
100.          cout<<endl;
101.     }
102.
103.
104.     return 0;
105. }
106.
```

Output:

```
-------------------------------------------
       Dynamic Programming List
-------------------------------------------
F(0,0) = 0
F(0,1) = 0
F(0,2) = 0
F(0,3) = 0
F(0,4) = 0
F(0,5) = 0
F(1,0) = 0
F(1,1) = 0
F(1,2) = 12
F(1,3) = 12
F(1,4) = 12
F(1,5) = 12
F(2,0) = 0
F(2,1) = 10
F(2,2) = 12
F(2,3) = 22
F(2,4) = 22
F(2,5) = 22
F(3,0) = 0
F(3,1) = 10
F(3,2) = 12
F(3,3) = 22
F(3,4) = 30
F(3,5) = 32
F(4,0) = 0
F(4,1) = 10
F(4,2) = 15
F(4,3) = 25
F(4,4) = 30
F(4,5) = 37


-------------------------------------------
       Dynamic Programming Matrix
-------------------------------------------
0       0       0       0       0       0
0       0       12      12      12      12
0       10      12      22      22      22
0       10      12      22      30      32
0       10      15      25      30      37

Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 0.083 s
Press any key to continue.
```

Question 2

Using the incomplete programming code given, complete the code **using dynamic programming with memory function, to reproduce the results in the following Table 1**.

Code:

```cpp
//=====================================================
// Dynamic Programming - Knapsack - Recursion + Table
//=====================================================

// Please fill up the following
// Name                          : Ahmed Jobaer
// Matric No.          : 1918243
// Section             : 02
// (if 2pm-3.20pm: Sec 1; else if 3.30pm - 4.50pm: Sec 2)


#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

//Initialization
int F[5][6];
int w[5];
int v[100];

int MFKnapsack(int i,int j)
{
    // if items and capacity is 0 then initialize array with 0
    if(i==0)
        return 0;
    else if(j==0)
        return 0;

    // else then recursively calling dynamic programming function
    else if(w[i]<=j)
        F[i][j] = max(MFKnapsack(i-1,j),v[i]+MFKnapsack(i-1,j-w[i]));
    else
        F[i][j] = MFKnapsack(i-1,j);
    return F[i][j];
}


int main(void)
{

    int i; // item: 1 <= i <= n  (row)
    int j; // capacity: 1 <= j <= W (column)


    // Initialization

    // start from the goal F(n, W), then recursively calling dynamic programming function
    i = 4;
    j = 5;

    int weight[] = {2,1,3,2};   // weight of each item
    int value[] = {12,10,20,15};          // value of each item

    for(int ii=0; ii<=i; ii++)
    {
        // if number of items and capacity is 0 then initialize F with 0
        for(int jj=0; jj<=j; jj++)
        {
            if(ii==0 || jj==0)
                F[ii][jj]=0;
        // otherwise it -1
            else
                F[ii][jj]=-1;
        }
    }
```

```
65.
66.     // store the value in array
67.     for(int ii=0; ii<i; ii++)
68.     {
69.         w[ii+1]=weight[ii];
70.         v[ii+1]=value[ii];
71.     }
72.
73.     cout << "Memory Function Knapsack \n";
74.     cout << MFKnapsack(i,j) << endl;
75.
76.
77.     // show the result
78.
79.     cout<<"\n-----------------------------------------------"<<endl;
80.     cout<<"       Dynamic Programming List"<<endl;
81.     cout<<"-----------------------------------------------"<<endl;
82.
83.
84.     for (int ii = 0; ii <=i; ii++)
85.     {
86.         for (int jj = 0; jj <=j; jj++)
87.         {
88.             cout << "F(" << ii << "," << jj << ") = " << F[ii][jj] << endl;
89.         }
90.     }
91.
92.     cout << endl;
93.
94.
95.     cout<<"\n-----------------------------------------------"<<endl;
96.     cout<<"       Dynamic Programming Matrix"<<endl;
97.     cout<<"-----------------------------------------------"<<endl;
98.
99.     for (int  ii= 0; ii <= i; ii++)
100.      {
101.
102.          for (int jj = 0; jj <= j; jj++)
103.          {
104.              cout<<F[ii][jj]<<"\t";
105.          }
106.          cout<<endl;
107.      }
108.
109.
110.      return 0;
111.  }
112.
```

Output:

```
"C:\Users\ajoba\OneDrive - International Islamic University Malaysia\Desktop\sem 4\DSA2\Assignment\Final\Queston2.exe"
Memory Function Knapsack
37

-----------------------------------------------
       Dynamic Programming List
-----------------------------------------------
F(0,0) = 0
F(0,1) = 0
F(0,2) = 0
F(0,3) = 0
F(0,4) = 0
F(0,5) = 0
F(1,0) = 0
F(1,1) = 0
F(1,2) = 12
F(1,3) = 12
F(1,4) = 12
F(1,5) = 12
F(2,0) = 0
F(2,1) = -1
F(2,2) = 12
F(2,3) = 22
F(2,4) = -1
F(2,5) = 22
F(3,0) = 0
F(3,1) = -1
F(3,2) = -1
F(3,3) = 22
F(3,4) = -1
F(3,5) = 32
F(4,0) = 0
F(4,1) = -1
F(4,2) = -1
F(4,3) = -1
F(4,4) = -1
F(4,5) = 37


-----------------------------------------------
       Dynamic Programming Matrix
-----------------------------------------------
0       0       0       0       0       0
0       0       12      12      12      12
0       -1      12      22      -1      22
0       -1      -1      22      -1      32
0       -1      -1      -1      -1      37

Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 0.059 s
Press any key to continue.
```

Question 3

Explain in your own simple words, how your codes in Question 1 and 2 are similar but different to each other. Show where they differ/similar.

a. Fastly, both have same input, but calculation approach is different.
b. Both **Question 1 & Question 2,** if weight or capacity is 0 then I initialize the array with 0. Besides, in **Question 2,** if weight or capacity is not 0 then I initialize the array with -1.
c. Main difference is:

```
// here i use knapsack formula to find max value
else if(w[i-1]<=j)
{
    F[i][j]= max(F[i-1][j],F[i-1][j-w[i-1]]+v[i-1]);
}
else
    F[i][j]=F[i-1][j];
```

Iteratively

```
// else then recursively calling dynamic programming function
else if(w[i]<=j)
   F[i][j] = max(MFKnapsack(i-1,j),v[i]+MFKnapsack(i-1,j-w[i]));
else
    F[i][j] = MFKnapsack(i-1,j);
return F[i][j];
```

Recursively

Question 4

Based on your previous assignment, write your own code **to solve the following modified coin-row problem.** Use the following instance**: 7, 2, 1, 12, 5, 6, 8, 7, 5, 4.**

Code:

```
1.  // Please fill up the following
2.  // Name                        : Ahmed Jobaer
3.  // Matric No.          : 1918243
4.  // Section             : 02
5.  // (if 2pm-3.20pm: Sec 1; else if 3.30pm - 4.50pm: Sec 2)
6.
7.  #include<iostream>
8.  using namespace std;
```

```
9.
10. void CoinRow(int n[], int);
11.
12. //main function
13. int main()
14. {
15.     //Initialization
16.     int coins[] = { 7, 2, 1, 12, 5, 6, 8, 7, 5, 4};
17.     int s = sizeof(coins) / sizeof(coins[0]); // calculate the size of array
18.
19.     CoinRow(coins, s); // calling function
20.
21.     return 0;
22. }
23.
24. void CoinRow(int arr[],int arrsize)
25. {
26.
27.     int C[arrsize + 1];
28.     for(int i = 0; i < arrsize+1; i++)
29.     {
30.         C[i+1] = arr[i]; // copy the given elements in array C
31.     }
32.
33.     //Initialization
34.     int F[arrsize + 1];
35.     F[0] = 0;
36.     F[1] = C[1];
37.
38.     for(int i = 2; i<= arrsize; i++)
39.     {
40.         F[i] = max(C[i] + F[i - 2], F[i-1]); // using recurrence formula to find maximum
    value
41.     }
42.
43.     //showing the result in a list
44.     for(int i = 0; i<arrsize+1; i++)
45.     {
46.         cout<<arr[i-1]<<" = "<<F[i]<<endl;
47.     }
48.
49. }
50.
```

Output:

Reference:

1. The slide that you are given in Italeem.
2. https://stackoverflow.com/questions/14103846/trying-to-figure-out-the-classic-knapsack-recurrence
3. https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/coin-change-dp-7/

Sign the pledge (copy/rewrite in your simple report):

"In the name of Allah, I affirm that I did not give or receive any unauthorized help on this exam, and that all work will be my own."

____JOBAER_____