

Use the correct answer and shade the answer sheet with one answer only:

Mobile computing system differs from stationary systems in all of the following except:

- ☒ A) Non-functionality requirements
- ☒ B) The task they perform
- ☐ C) The way they are designed
- ☒ D) Functionality requirements

\_\_\_\_\_ is the ability of the device and the software application to obtain location information while being used

- A) Location awareness
- B) Localization
- C) Location sensitivity
- D) None of the them

\_\_\_\_\_ are the set of properties that distinguish the mobile computing system from the stationary computing system

- A) Limitation of mobility
- B) Condition of mobility
- C) Dimension of mobility
- D) characteristics of mobility

Mobility includes:

- A) Moving between different networks
- B) Moving between different applications
- C) Moving between different geographical areas
- D) All of the above

If a device doesn't have GPS capabilities but uses a cellular network for wireless connectivity

- A) Triangulation method can be used to detect the location
- B) Scene analysis can be used to detect the location
- C) The location couldn't be detected
- D) Proximity method can be used

Which of the following functions should be provided by mobile computing platforms?

- A) Multichannel system
- B) handling power consumption
- C) handle QoS requirements
- D) All

\_\_\_\_\_ are initiated by the system to a single user, it requires a timely response from the user

- ☒ A) Synchronous active transactions
- ☒ B) Asynchronous active transactions
- ☒ C) Synchronous passive transactions
- ☒ D) Asynchronous passive transactions

VLR and HLR in wireless mobile communication systems are:

- A) Gateways for outer connectivity
- B) Databases of registered users
- C) Routers and call management servers
- D) All of the above

Main reasons for a handoff in wireless networks are:

- ☒ A) Weak signal in cell and heavy cell load
- ☒ B) Heavy cell load
- ☒ C) Base station moves from cell to cell
- ☒ D) frequency reuse

The high-level plan of mobile software application is known as \_\_\_\_\_

- A) Condition of Mobile software applications
- B) Architecture of Mobile software applications
- C) Dimension of Mobile software applications
- D) Plan of Mobile software applications

The Logical channel inside a cell is \_\_\_\_\_

- A) Data channel
- B) Control channel
- C) a&b
- D) Reuse channel

Which of the following is considered example on mobile computing operating system?

- A) ios & android
- B) ios & windows
- C) android & windows
- D) All

Collision detection is difficult to be sensed in IEEE802.11 standard because of:

- A) Hidden terminal problem
- B) fading problem
- C) Propagation problem
- D) All of the above

In IEEE802.11 standard, RTS is considered a \_\_\_\_\_

- A) Broadcast message
- B) multicast message
- C) unicast message
- D) All of the above

In IEEE802.11 standard, CTS is considered a \_\_\_\_\_

- A) Broadcast message
- B) multicast message
- C) unicast message
- D) All of the above



# Questions (16-20)

A user multiplexed -based system, shown in the Figure 1, has a total bandwidth of 30MHz and contains 20 control channels per cell with equal channel spacing of 30 kHz. The area of each cell is equal to  $8\text{km}^2$ , and cells are required to cover a total area of  $3600\text{km}^2$ . Calculate:

16- The total number of required cluster cells

- A) 20 B) 9 C) 50 D) 10

17- The cell radius

- A) 1.6 km B) 33.8km C) 12km D) 8km

18- The reuse distance

- A) 62.3km B) 8.3km C) 175.6km D) 36km

19- Total number of traffic channels/cell

- A) 820 B) 91 C) 1000 D) 100

20- If each channel is multiplexed among 5 users, then the total number of calls by each cell is:

- A) 455 B) 164 C) 2000 D) 500

# Questions (21-23)

Consider a cell of 4 channels, If 18 requests are generated by users per half an hour, and the average holding time is 200 sec, then:

21- average call arrival rate  $\lambda$  is:

- A) 36 Erlang B) 2 Erlang C) 100 Erlang D) 800 Erlang

22- The blocking probability  $B_c$  is:

- A) 4% B) 9.5% C) 1.2% D) 12%

23- The QoS is:

- A) 96% B) 98.8% C) 90.5% D) 100%

24- Validating the information of subscriber originating the call is done by:

- A) BS B) MSC C) HLR D) VLR

25- Which standard uses DSSS process?

- A) IEEE 802.11a B) IEEE 802.11b C) IEEE 802.11g D) IEEE 802.15

26- Which of the following standard gives WLAN operations at data rate up to 54 Mbps?

- A) IEEE 802.11a B) IEEE 802.11b C) IEEE 802.11g D) IEEE 802.15

27- The cluster cell structure identified by  $i=4$  and  $j=2$  contains \_\_\_ cell

- A) 6 cells B) 19 cell C) 28 cell D) none of them

28- In \_\_\_\_, beacon frames are sent from Aps to hosts

- A) Passive scanning B) active scanning C) reactive scanning D) None of the above

29- In IEEE802.11 standard, \_\_\_\_ is responsible for collision avoidance

- A) MS B) BS C) MSC D) PSTN

30- In IEEE802.11 standard, ACK is considered a \_\_\_\_

- A) Broadcast message B) multicast message C) unicast message D) All of the above



Fig.1

$$D = \sqrt{3N} R$$

$$\frac{1}{2} h$$

$$i^2 + j^2 + j^2 = 4^2 + 2^2 = 28$$

$$\rightarrow a = \frac{18}{.5 \times 3600} \times 200 = 2 \text{ erlang}$$

$$(a=2) \quad (N=4)$$

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$$\text{Erlang B} = \text{Erl}(n, a) = \frac{\frac{a^n}{n!}}{\sum_{i=0}^n \frac{a^i}{i!}} = \frac{\frac{2^4}{4!}}{\frac{2^0}{0!} + \frac{2^1}{1!} + \frac{2^2}{2!} + \frac{2^3}{3!} + \frac{2^4}{4!}}$$