

El-Shorouk Academy		The Higher Institute of Engineering	
Computer and control engineering			
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### Sheet two: Transmission lines (T.L.)

[1] Consider a T.L with  $R = 12\text{m}\Omega/\text{m}$ ,  $G = 0.8\mu\text{S}^{-1}/\text{m}$ ,  $L = 1.3\mu\text{H}/\text{m}$  and  $C = 0.7\mu\text{F}/\text{m}$ . For a wave frequency  $= 5\text{KHz}$ . Find the following: (i) The propagation coefficient ( $\gamma$ ).

(ii) The attenuation coefficient ( $\alpha$ ) The phase shift coefficient ( $\beta$ ). (iii) The characteristic impedance ( $Z_0$ ). (v) The attenuation in 2 km length in dB.

[2] Consider a **lossless** transmission line with  $L = 0.4\mu\text{H}$  and  $C = 0.1\text{nF}$  for a wave has frequency of 200 MHz. (i) draw it equivalent circuit diagram. Then, find the following: (i) The propagation coefficient ( $\gamma$ ). (ii) The attenuation coefficient ( $\alpha$ ) and phase shift coefficient ( $\beta$ ). (iii) The velocity of wave propagation ( $V_p$ ). (iv) The characteristic impedance of the line ( $Z_0$ ).

[3] Consider a **lossless** T.L with  $L = 0.6\mu\text{H}/\text{m}$ ,  $C = 240\text{PF}/\text{m}$ ,  $f = 100\text{MHz}$ . Find the following: (i) The propagation coefficient ( $\gamma$ ). (ii) The propagation Wavelength of the line ( $\lambda$ ). (iii) The input impedance for the line with  $l = \frac{\lambda}{4}$  when terminated by  $Z_L = -j100\Omega$

[4] Consider a **lossless** T.L of characteristic impedance  $Z_0 = 50\Omega$  is terminated by  $Z_L = 200 + j200\Omega$ . Find the following: (i) The voltage reflection coefficient. (ii) VSWR. (iii) The impedance for the line at  $0.75\lambda$  from the load.

[5] Consider a **lossless** line with characteristic impedance  $Z_0 = 50\Omega$ .

A. Find the input impedance  $Z_{in}$  of the line at a distance  $\frac{\lambda}{10}$  in the following cases: (i) Load impedance  $= 100\Omega$ . (ii) Load is open circuit. (iii) Load is short circuit.

B. Determine the reflection coefficient at the load when: (i) Load impedance  $= j50\Omega$ . (ii) Load impedance  $= 100\Omega$ . (iii) Load impedance  $= 50\Omega$ . (iv) Load is open circuit. (v) load is short circuit.

[6] Consider a transmission line has constants  $R = 12\text{m}\Omega/\text{m}$ ,  $G = 1.4\mu\text{S}^{-1}/\text{m}$ ,  $L = 1.5\mu\text{H}/\text{m}$  and  $C = 1.4\text{nF}/\text{m}$  at 7KHz. Find the following: (i) The characteristic impedance ( $Z_0$ ). (ii) The propagation coefficient ( $\gamma$ ). (iii) The attenuation in 2 km length in dB.

[7] Consider a transmission line with characteristic impedance  $Z_0 = 50\Omega$ . Find the reflection coefficient ( $\Gamma$ ) when  $Z_L$  has the following values: (i)  $100\Omega$ . (ii)  $25\Omega$ . (iii)  $50\Omega$ .

[8] Consider a transmission line has  $R = 30\Omega/km$ ,  $L = 10mH/km$ ,  $G = 0$  and  $C = 20\mu F/km$  operate at  $f = 1$  KHz. Obtain the following : (i) The characteristic impedance of the line ( $Z_0$ ). (ii) The propagation coefficient ( $\gamma$ ). (iii) The propagation phase velocity ( $V_p$ ).

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**Best wishes**

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