

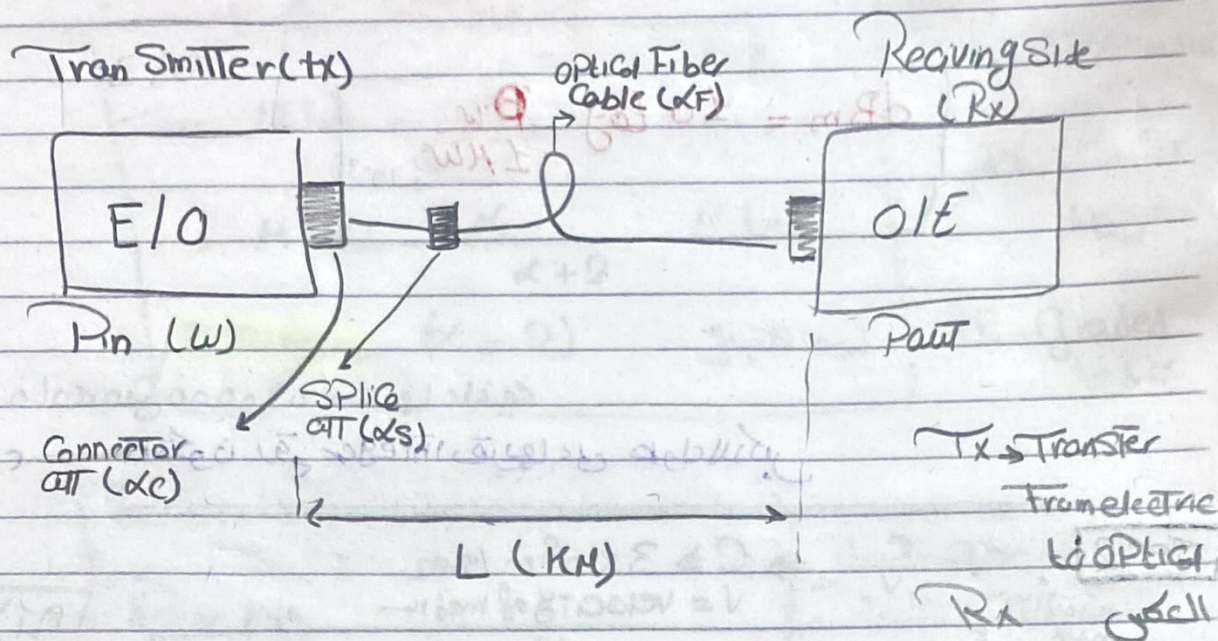
Power in  $\rightarrow$  due to loss

PAGE Sec 1  
DATE

## Sheet 1

### Calculation of Attenuation in Optical Fiber Communication

Splice



$$\alpha_{dB} = \alpha_F \cdot L + (n-1) \alpha_s + 2\alpha_c + \alpha_{ICL} + \alpha_{OCL}$$

$\rightarrow \alpha_F$  : Optical Fiber attenuation Coefficient (dB/km)

$\rightarrow \alpha_s$  : Splice attenuation Coefficient (dB/Splice)

$\rightarrow \alpha_c$  : Connector attenuation Coefficient (dB/Connector)

$\rightarrow \alpha_{ICL}$  : Input Coupling loss (dB)

$\rightarrow \alpha_{OCL}$  : Output Coupling loss (dB)

$\rightarrow n$  : no of sections

$\rightarrow (n-1)$  : no of splice

$$n = \frac{\text{Total Fiber length}}{\text{real length}}$$



$$\alpha_{t, dB} = 10 \log \left( \frac{P_{in}}{P_{out}} \right) = P_{in, dBm} - P_{out, dBm}$$

$$dBm = 10 \log \frac{P_w}{1 \text{ mW} \times 10^{-3}}$$

اعداد اعلاه من موجوده بعتيها ملانيه  
لا ر' تكون رقم Integer يقربها على طول للاكبر

Sec 2

$$n = \frac{c}{v} \Rightarrow c \Rightarrow 3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/sec}$$

$v = \text{velocity of medium}$

refractive index

$$n_1 > n_2$$

The Normalized Aperture (NA)

Core → Cladding

$$NA = \sqrt{n_1^2 - n_2^2}$$

$$NA = n_1 \sqrt{2\Delta}$$

يستخدموا  
لوانا واحد من

Diffraction Refractive index ( $\Delta$ )

$$\Delta = \frac{n_1 - n_2}{n_1}$$

the acceptance angle ( $\phi_{max}$ )

$$\phi_{max} = \sin^{-1}(NA)$$

The normalized Frequency ( $V$ )

$$V = \frac{2\pi a}{\lambda} NA$$

$$V = \frac{\pi d}{\lambda} NA$$

$a \rightarrow \text{radius of core} = \frac{d}{2}$

$d \rightarrow \text{diameter of Core}$



**Note**

The Normalized Frequency (V) For Single mode Fiber

$$V = 2.405$$

The No of (M-Mode)

$$\rightarrow M_{SI} = \frac{\sqrt{V^2}}{2} \quad \text{normalized freq}$$

SI → STEP index

$$\rightarrow M_{GI} = \frac{\alpha}{\alpha + 2} M_{SI}$$

مشی بکون کسر  
بقربها

$$\text{Assume} \rightarrow (\alpha = 2) \quad \text{لومدهایش}$$

GI - Graded  
index

$$\frac{P_{cladding}}{P_{total}} = \frac{4}{3\sqrt{\pi}}$$

The Fraction of Power  
Propagation in the  
Cladding

در تمام فیوایی 100

Core diameter Cladding diameter ال



# Sheet 1

PAGE

DATE

1.  $\alpha_F L$

$$\alpha_F = 1.5 \text{ dB/KM}$$

$$P_{in} = 0.5 \text{ mW}$$

$$P_{out} = ??$$

$$L = 8 \text{ KM}$$

$$\text{real length} = 2 \text{ KM}$$

$$\alpha_S = 0.1 \text{ dB Per Splice}$$

$$\alpha_{ICL} = 1 \text{ dB}$$

$$\alpha_{OCL} = 2 \text{ dB}$$

$$\alpha_T = \alpha_F L + (n-1) \alpha_S + 2 \alpha_{ICL} + \alpha_{OCL}$$

$$n = \frac{\text{Total length}}{\text{real length}} = \frac{8}{2} = 4 \text{ KM}$$

$$\alpha_T = (1.5 \times 8) + (4-1) \times 0.1 + 1 + 2 = 13.3 \text{ dB}$$

$$\alpha_T = 10 \log \frac{P_{in}}{P_{out}} = P_{in \text{ dBm}} - P_{out \text{ dBm}}$$

$$P_{out \text{ dBm}} = 10 \log \frac{0.5 \text{ mW}}{1 \text{ mW}} = -15.3$$

$$= -18.31 \text{ dBm} \quad (\text{dB})$$

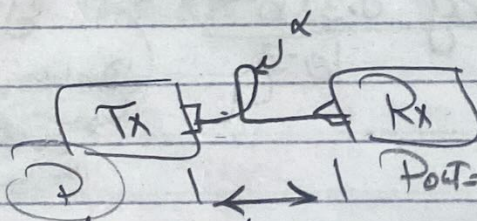
$$P_{out \text{ mW}} \Rightarrow 10 \log x = -18.31$$

(m)  $\alpha_{ICL}$

$$= 0.01478 \text{ mW}$$

$$= 14.78 \mu \text{ W}$$

2.



us  $\log 0.55$   $\alpha_F$

$$\alpha_F = ??$$

$$n = \frac{3.5}{3} = 1.17 \sim 2 \text{ KM}$$

$$L = 3.5 \text{ KM}$$

$$\text{Real } L = 3 \text{ KM}$$

$$\alpha_S = 0.2 \text{ dB/Splice}$$

$$\alpha_{ICL} = 1 \text{ dB}$$

$$\alpha_{OCL} = 0.8 \text{ dB}$$

$$\alpha_T = 10 \log \frac{P_{in}}{P_{out}} = 10 \log \frac{P}{0.45 P} = 3.47 \text{ dB}$$

$$\alpha_T = \alpha_F L + (n-1) \alpha_S + 2 \alpha_{ICL} + \alpha_{OCL}$$

$$?? \quad 3.5 + (2-1) \times 0.2 + 0 + 1 + 0.8 = 3.47$$

$$\alpha_F = 0.42 \text{ dB/KM}$$



3. اس سوال کو حل کرو

PAGE

DATE

$\alpha_F = 0.5 \text{ dB/KM}$   
 $P_{in} = 1 \text{ mW}$   
 $P_{out} = 0.1 \text{ mW}$   
 $L = ??$

$\alpha_c, \alpha_s, \alpha_{icl}, \alpha_{ocl}$   
 Zero

$$\alpha_T = 10 \log \frac{P_{in}}{P_{out}} =$$

$$10 \log \frac{1 \text{ mW}}{0.1 \text{ mW}} = 10 \text{ dB}$$

$$\alpha_T = \alpha_{FL} + \alpha_s(n-1) + 2\alpha_c + \alpha_{icl} + \alpha_{ocl}$$

$$10 = 0.5L$$

$$L = 20 \text{ KM}$$

4.

$$n = \frac{12}{3} = 4 \text{ KM}$$

$L = 12 \text{ KM}$   
 $\alpha_F = 1.5 \text{ dB/KM}$   
 $P_{in} = ??$   
 $P_{out} = 0.3 \text{ mW}$   
 real length = 3 KM  
 $\alpha_s = 0.1 \text{ dB/spike}$

The Coupling losses are 2 dB

Transmitter ( $\alpha_{icl}$ )  
 Receiver ( $\alpha_{ocl}$ )

$$\alpha_T = 12 * 1.5 + (4-1)(0.1) + 2 + 2 = 22.3 \text{ dB}$$

$$\alpha_T \text{ dB} = P_{in} \text{ dBm} - P_{out} \text{ dBm}$$

$$22.3 = P_{in} \text{ dBm} - 10 \log \frac{0.3 \times 10^{-6}}{10^{-3}}$$

$$P_{in} \text{ dBm} = -12.93 \text{ dBm}$$

امانی اولی  
 لی کا بیگوں مہیا dBm  
 اولی ہوتی ہوگی

$$P_{in} \Rightarrow 10^{\frac{-12.93}{10}} = 0.051 \text{ mW}$$

$$= 50.93 \text{ } \mu\text{W}$$



[5] (50/123) → SI

$$n_1 = 1.48$$

$$n_2 = 1.465$$

$$\lambda = 1320 \text{ nm}$$

$$NA = ?$$

$$\phi_{\max} = ??$$

$$M = ?? \rightarrow \text{STEP}$$

$P_{\text{cladding}}$

$P_{\text{total}}$

$$d_{\text{core}} \rightarrow ??$$

STEP index

Single mode

50/123 → diameter

50 → Core الصغير

core → Cladding

123 → Cladding الكبير

$$d = 50 \mu\text{m} \rightarrow q = 23 \mu \text{ متركز في unites متركز في}$$

$$\rightarrow NA = \sqrt{n_1^2 - n_2^2} = \sqrt{(1.48)^2 - (1.465)^2} = 0.21$$

$$\phi_{\max} = \sin^{-1} NA = \sin^{-1} 0.21 = 12.12^\circ$$

$$M_{\text{SI}} = \frac{V^2}{2}, \quad V = \frac{\pi d}{\lambda} NA$$

$$V = \frac{\pi (50 \times 10^{-6})}{1320 \times 10^{-9}} (0.21) = 24.98 \approx 23$$

$$\Rightarrow M_{\text{SI}} = \frac{(23)^2}{2} = \boxed{312}$$

$$\frac{P_{\text{cladding}}}{P_{\text{total}}} = \frac{4}{3 \sqrt{M}} = \frac{4}{3 \sqrt{312}} = \boxed{7.5\%}$$

For Single mode

$$\Rightarrow V = 2.405$$

$$V = \frac{\pi d}{\lambda} NA \Rightarrow 2.405 = \frac{\pi d}{1320 \times 10^{-9}} (0.21)$$

$$d = 4.8 \mu\text{m}$$



[6] Step index

$$a = 25 \mu m \text{ (Core radius)}$$

$$n_1 = 1.48 \rightarrow \text{Core}$$

$$\Delta = 0.01$$

$$\lambda = 0.84 \mu m$$

$$NA = ??$$

$$V = ??$$

$$\rightarrow NA = n_1 \sqrt{2\Delta} = 1.48 \sqrt{2(0.01)} = 0.21$$

$$\rightarrow V = \frac{2\pi a}{\lambda} NA \rightarrow \frac{2\pi (25 \times 10^{-6})}{0.84 \times 10^{-6}} (0.21) = 39.27$$

$$\rightarrow MSI = \frac{V^2}{2} = \frac{(39.27)^2}{2} = 771.07$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{P_{cladding}}{P_{total}} = \frac{4}{3\sqrt{M}} = \frac{4}{3\sqrt{771.07}} = 4.8\%$$

[7] Single mode  $\rightarrow u = 2.405$ ,  $d = 10 \mu m$ ,  $\lambda = 1.3 \mu m$

$$n_1 = 1.55$$

$$\rightarrow n_2 = ??$$

$$\rightarrow \Delta$$

$$\rightarrow \phi_{max}$$

$$V = \frac{\pi d}{\lambda} NA \rightarrow \frac{\pi (10 \times 10^{-6})}{1.3 \times 10^{-6}} NA$$

$$= 2.405$$

المعادلة المعروفة هي  $u = 2.405$

تقريباً في  $(n_2)$

$$NA = 0.0995 \Rightarrow NA = \sqrt{n_1^2 - n_2^2}$$

$$\sqrt{(1.55)^2 - (0.0995)^2} = n_2 \Rightarrow n_2 = 1.5468$$

$$\Delta = \frac{n_1 - n_2}{n_1} = \frac{1.55 - 1.5468}{1.55} \times 100 = 0.206\%$$

$$\phi_{max} = \sin^{-1} 0.0995 = 5.71$$



8

NA =

$$\sqrt{n_1^2 - n_2^2}$$

$$\sqrt{(1.33)^2 - (1.31)^2} = 0.35$$

$$\rightarrow \phi_{max} = \sin^{-1} 0.35 = 20.49^\circ$$

$$\rightarrow V = \frac{\pi d}{\lambda} NA$$

$$= \frac{\pi (50 \times 10^{-6})}{0.8 \times 10^{-6}} (0.35) = 68.72$$

$$\rightarrow MSI = \frac{V^2}{2}$$

نسبة النوعين لا تؤثر في النوع

$$= 2361$$

$$\rightarrow MGI = \frac{\alpha}{\alpha + 2} MSI \rightarrow \text{Assume } \alpha = 2$$

Grade Index

$$= \frac{2}{2 + 2} (2361) = 1180$$

9

$$NA = \sqrt{n_1^2 - n_2^2} \Rightarrow \sqrt{(1.48)^2 - (1.46)^2} = 0.24$$

M = ??

$$\lambda = 1300 \text{ nm}$$

GI

$$V = \frac{\pi d}{\lambda} NA = \frac{\pi (50 \times 10^{-6})}{1300 \times 10^{-9}} (0.24)$$

$$\alpha = 1$$

$$d = 50 \mu\text{m}$$

$$n_1 = 1.48$$

$$n_2 = 1.46$$

$$MSI \Rightarrow \frac{V^2}{2}$$

$$= \frac{(29)^2}{2} = 420$$

$$MGI = \frac{\alpha}{\alpha + 2} MSI$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + 2} (420) = 140$$

Pclading

Ptotal

GI  
SI

$$\frac{P_{clading}}{P_{total}} = \frac{3}{3 \sqrt{MSI}} = 6.3\% \Rightarrow \frac{P_{clading}}{P_t} = 11.26\%$$