ROWNUM

is a **pseudocolumn** in Oracle that assigns a unique number to each row **returned** by a query, starting from 1.

- It's **not stored** in the table.
- It is **calculated on the fly** during query execution.
- Generated **before** ORDER BY

Rownum use to get first rows like

SELECT * FROM employees WHERE ROWNUM <= 10;

Retrieve first 10 rows

When use roenum to get row by has number return no rows

SELECT * FROM employees WHERE ROWNUM = 10; → will return no rows!

Because Oracle evaluates ROWNUM **sequentially** — it never reaches 10 unless previous rows are selected.

Solved by to ways

```
SELECT *
FROM (SELECT e.*, ROWNUM AS rn FROM employees e)
WHERE rn= 5;
→ Must use as ru this return row
```

Use Offset and Fetch

SELECT * **FROM** employees

OFFSET 4 ROWS FETCH NEXT 1 ROW ONLY;

- → OFFSET 4 **ROWS** Ignore the first 4 rows.
- → FETCH NEXT 1 ROW ONLY Return to the next row immediately (fifth only).