



(1) Motivation

(a) The Chart Data Challenge: Metadata vs. Diversity

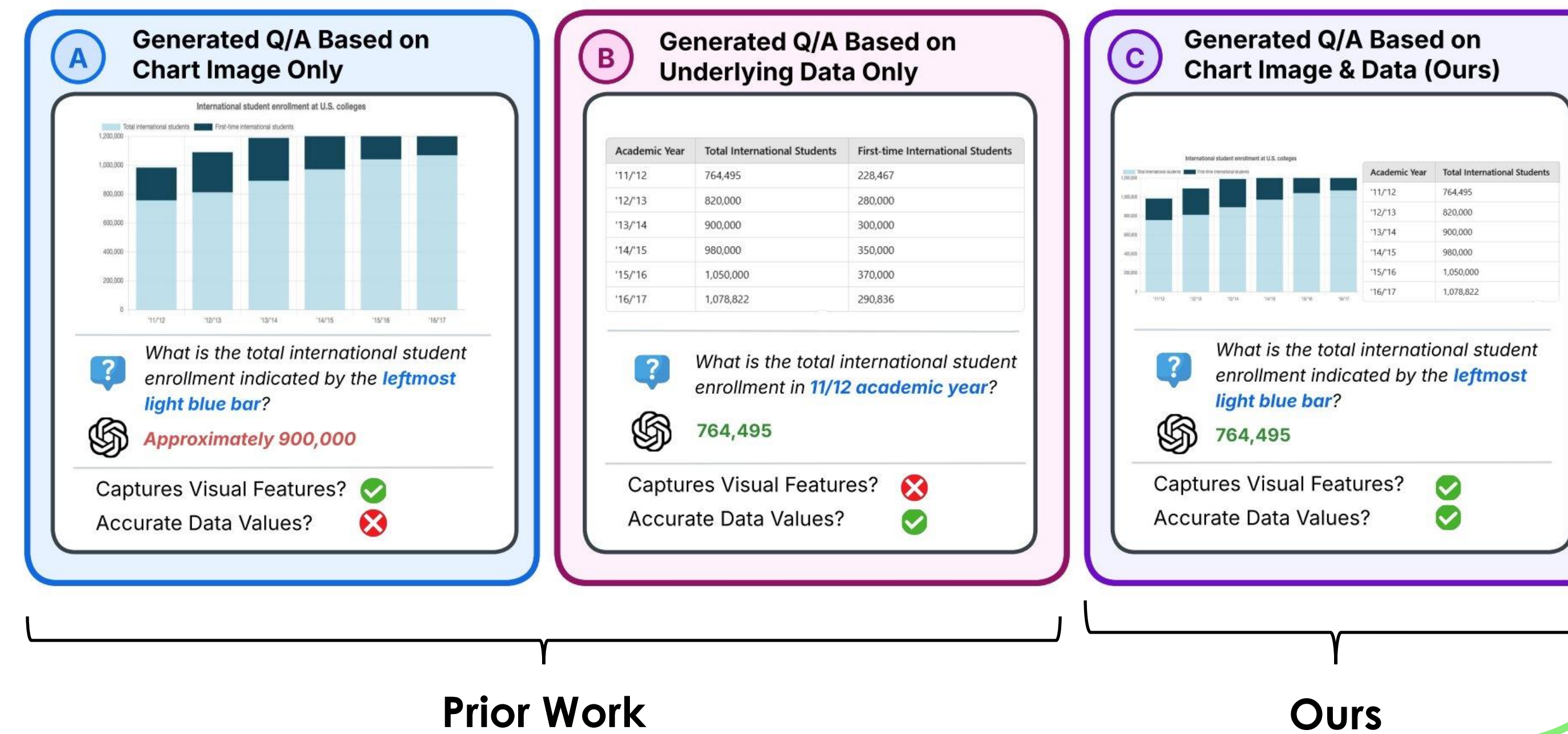
Real-world Charts
(Diverse, but no Metadata)



Synthetic Charts
(Homogenous, but with Metadata)



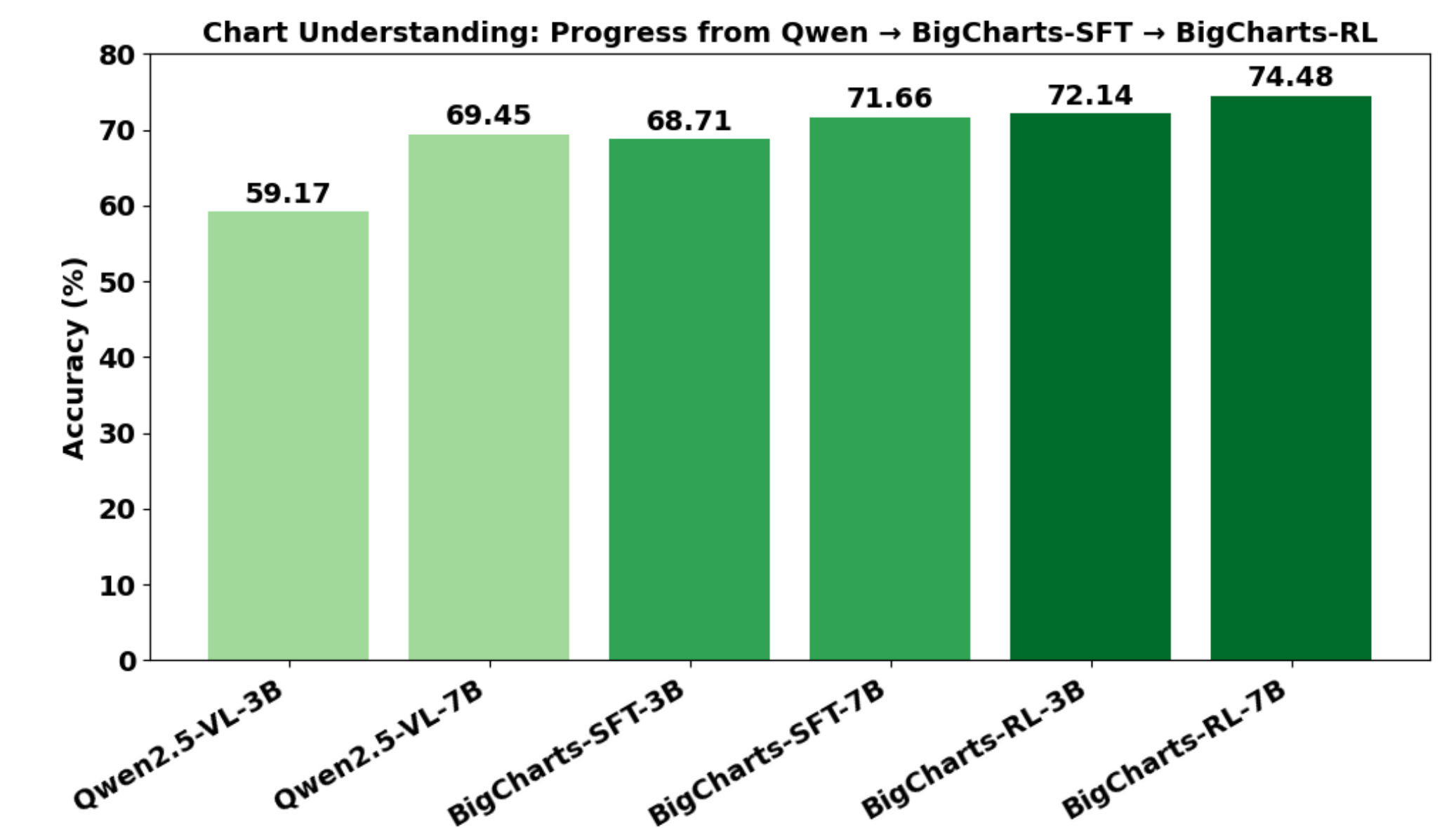
(b) Limitations of Current Chart QA Data Generation



(3) Evaluation

Average score across five benchmarks (FigureQA, DVQA, PlotQA, ChartQA, CharXiv)

(a) Supervised Fine-Tuning (SFT) on the BigCharts Dataset boosts performance, with our Reinforcement Learning (RL) method delivering even greater gains.



(2) Contributions

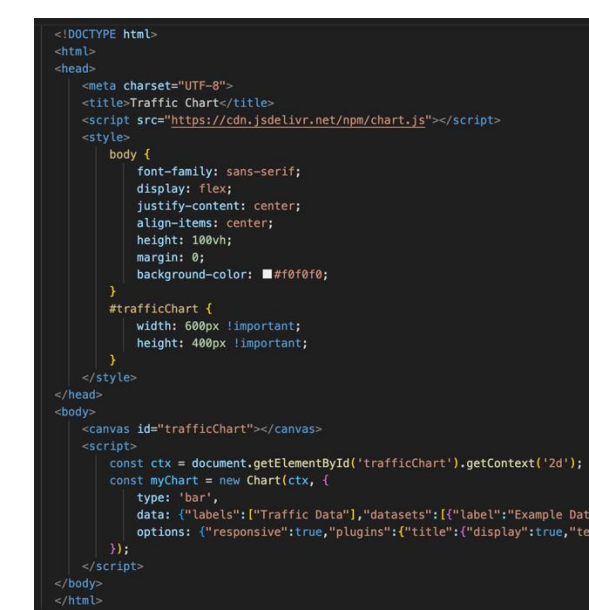
(a) BigCharts: Generating Diverse Charts with Rich Metadata



Original Chart

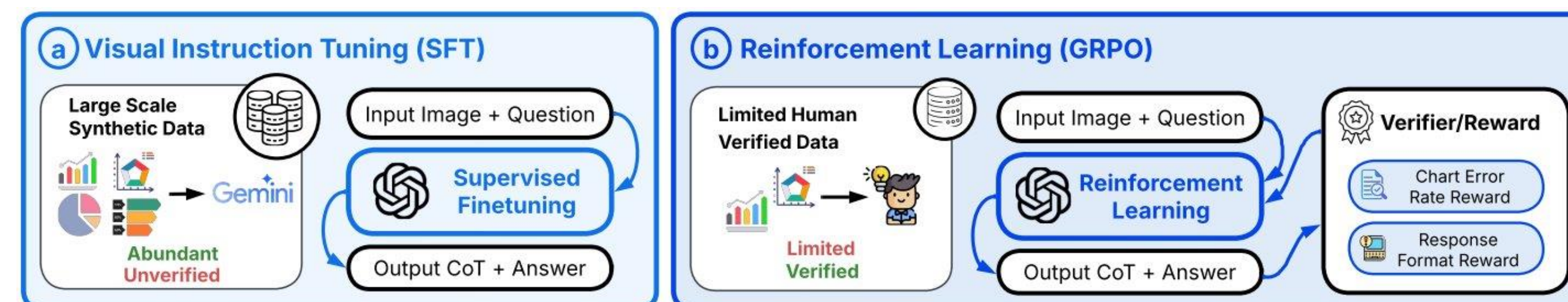


Replotted Chart



Underlying Code

(b) A Training Framework that Combines Supervised Fine-Tuning (SFT) and Reinforcement Learning

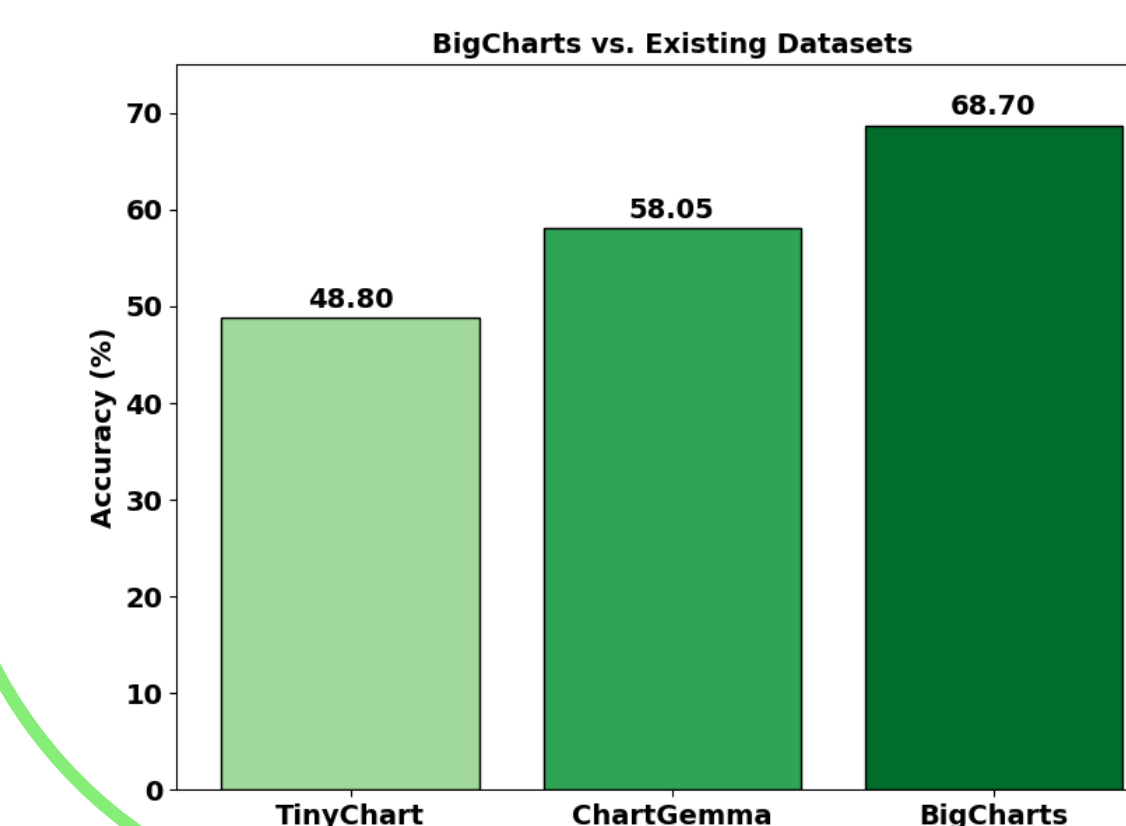


Reward Functions

$$ER(y, y) = \frac{|y - y|}{y} \quad R_{CERM}(y, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{1 + ER(y, y)}, & \text{if both } y \text{ and } y \text{ are numeric} \\ 1, & \text{if non-numeric and } y = y \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$R_{fmt} = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if valid response structure} \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad R_{total} = R_{CERM} + R_{Fmt}$$

(b) BigCharts Dataset Outperforms Existing Datasets



(c) Impact of Replotted Charts on QA Accuracy

