

Property Management Project

General Requirements:

Java Version Compatibility: The project should be compatible with a specified version of Java (e.g., Java 8, Java 11).

Database: Utilize a relational database system (e.g., MS SQL SERVER) to store and manage data.

Connection Pooling: Implement connection pooling for efficient database connections.

Exception Handling: Handle exceptions gracefully and provide meaningful error messages.

Security: Implement security measures, such as parameterized queries, to prevent SQL injection attacks.

Functionality:

BaseModel:

- Provide a base model class (BaseModel) for common functionalities like database connection handling.
- Ensure that subclasses (e.g., Employee, Owner, OwnerShip, Property, SalesOffice) extend this base model.

Employee:

- CRUD Operations:
 - Create new employee records.
 - Update employee information.
 - Delete an employee record.
 - Retrieve a list of employees.
- *isManager* Functionality:
 - Determine if an employee is a manager based on the managerId field.

Owner:

- CRUD Operations:
 - Create new owner records.
 - Update owner information.
 - Delete an owner record.

- Retrieve a list of owners.

OwnerShip:

- CRUD Operations:
 - Create new ownership records.
 - Update ownership information.
 - Delete an ownership record.
 - Retrieve a list of ownership records.

Property:

- CRUD Operations:
 - Create new property records.
 - Update property information.
 - Delete a property record.
 - Retrieve a list of properties.

SalesOffice:

- CRUD Operations:
 - Create new sales office records.
 - Update sales office information.
 - Delete a sales office record.
 - Retrieve a list of sales offices.

Data Retrieval:

- Implement methods to retrieve data from the database, including lists of entities and specific records.
- Ensure proper handling of result sets.

Column Metadata:

- Implement methods to retrieve column names for each entity table.
- Use this information dynamically in operations such as data retrieval and presentation.

Connection Management:

- Establish and manage database connections efficiently.
- Implement proper connection pooling to optimize resource usage.

Logging:

- Implement logging for crucial operations and exceptions.

- Log information that aids in debugging and monitoring.

Unit Testing:

- Develop unit tests to verify the correctness of key functionalities.
- Include tests for each entity's CRUD operations.

Documentation:

- Provide clear and comprehensive code documentation.
- Include a README file explaining how to set up and run the project.

Code Structure:

- Follow a modular and maintainable code structure.
- Consider using design patterns where applicable.

Error Handling:

- Implement appropriate error handling and reporting mechanisms.
- Provide user-friendly error messages.

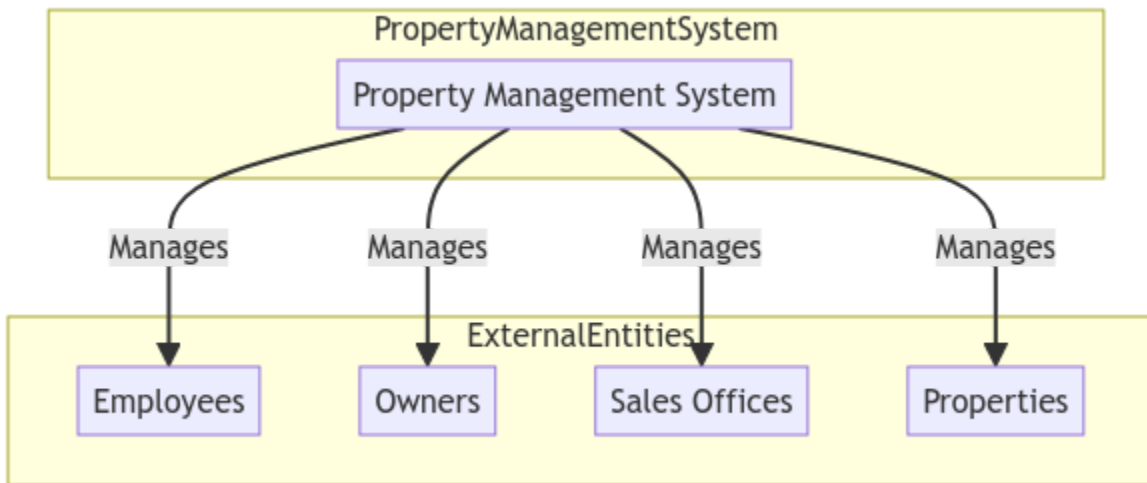
Security Measures:

- Ensure secure handling of sensitive information, such as passwords.
- Implement secure database access methods.

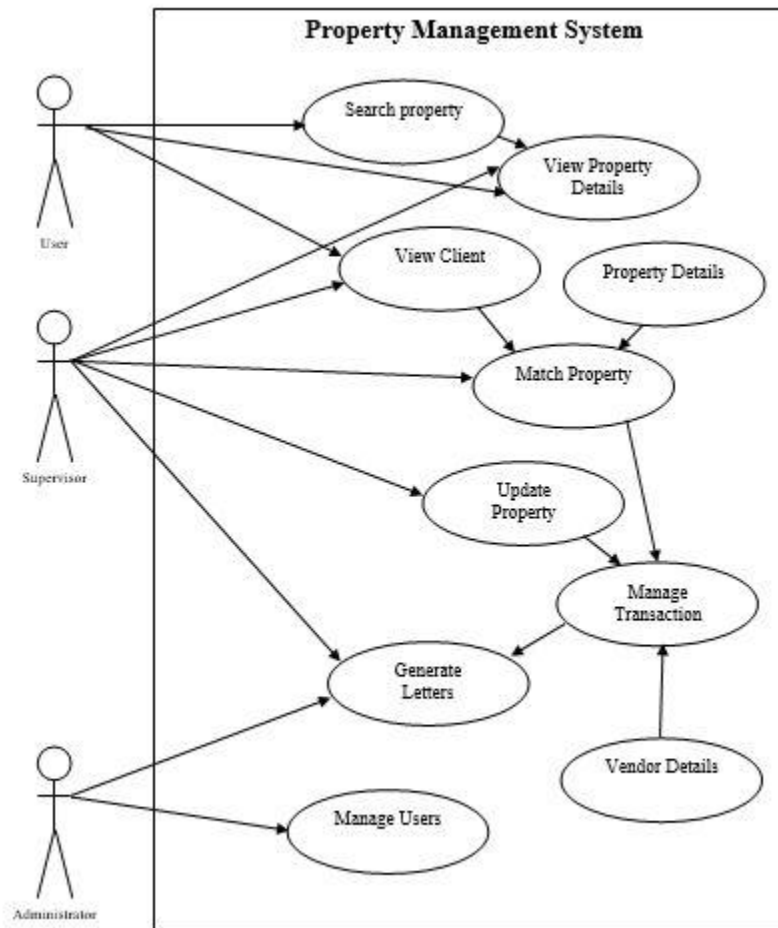
User Interface:

- Integrate the backend with a user interface for ease of interaction.
- Implement functionalities for user input validation.

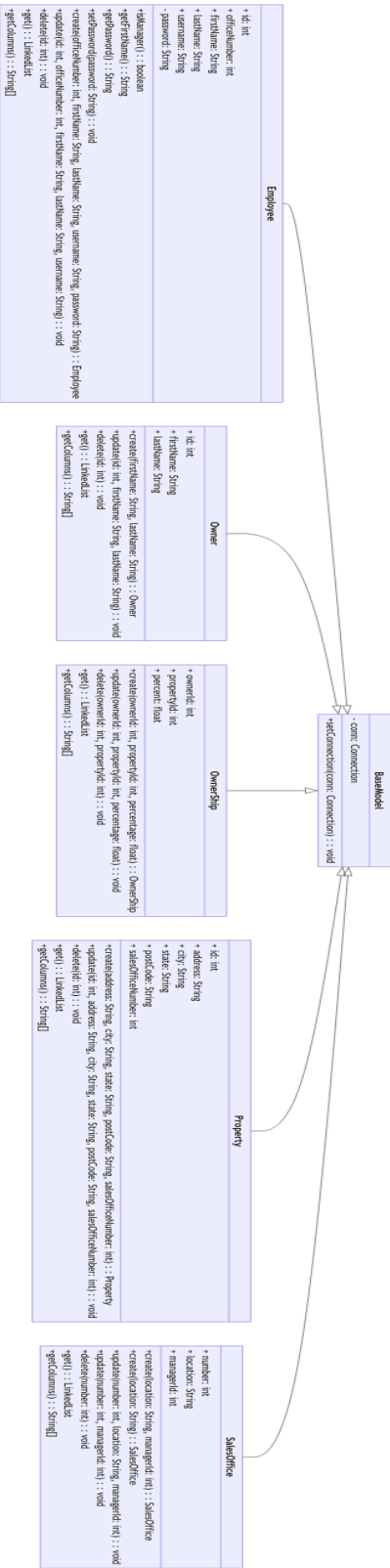
Context Diagram



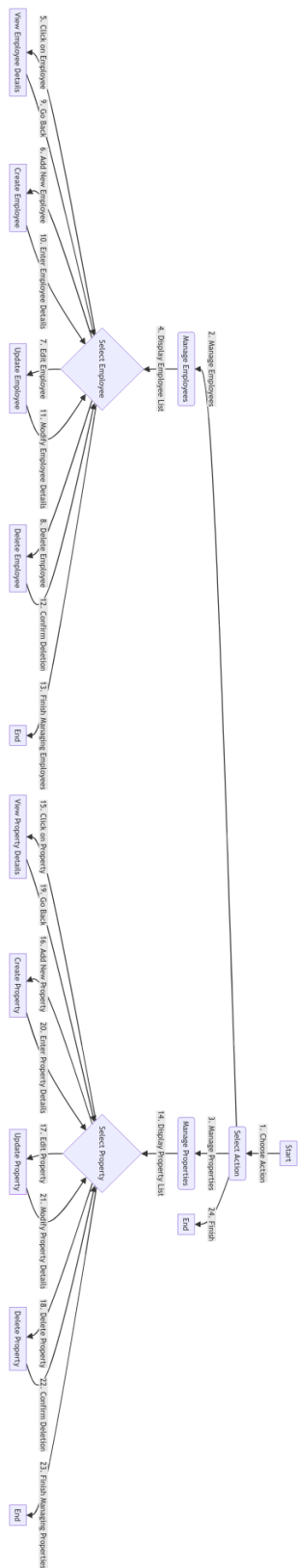
Use Case Diagram



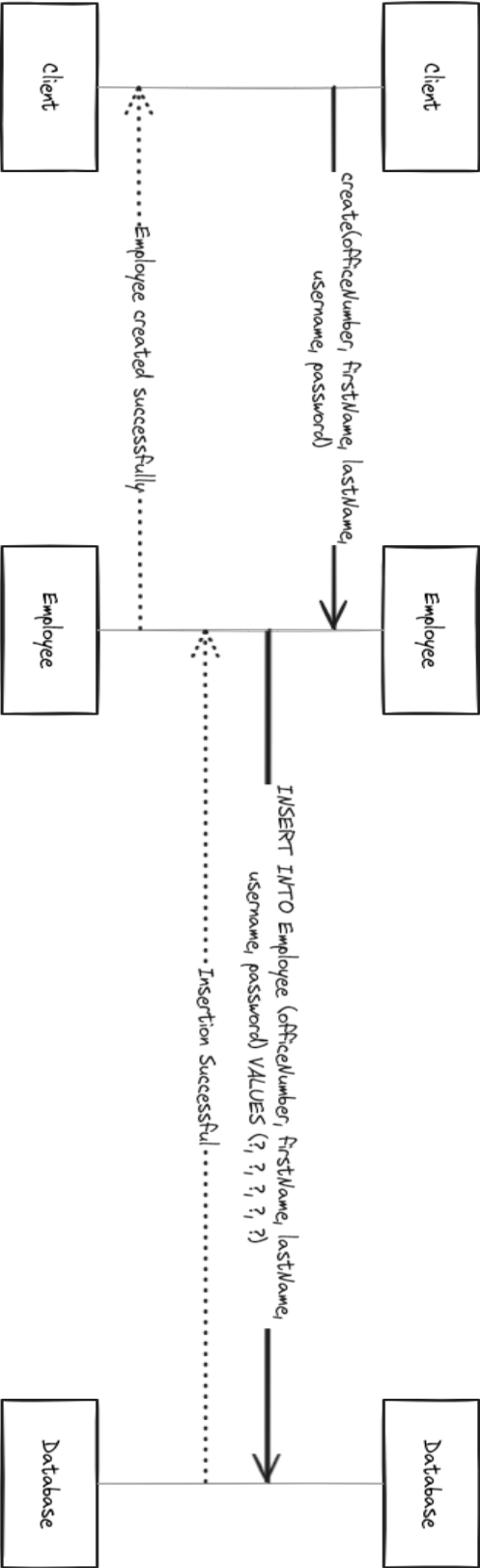
Class Diagram



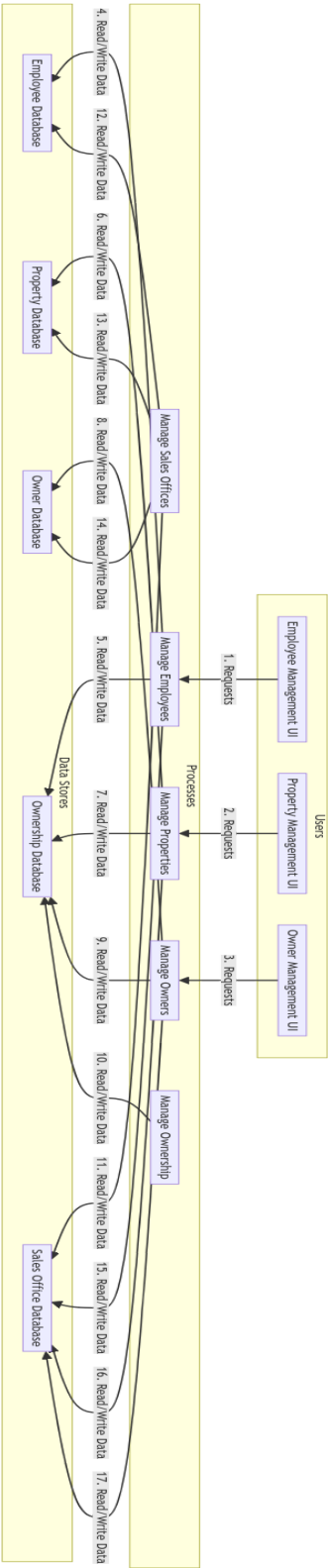
Activity Diagram



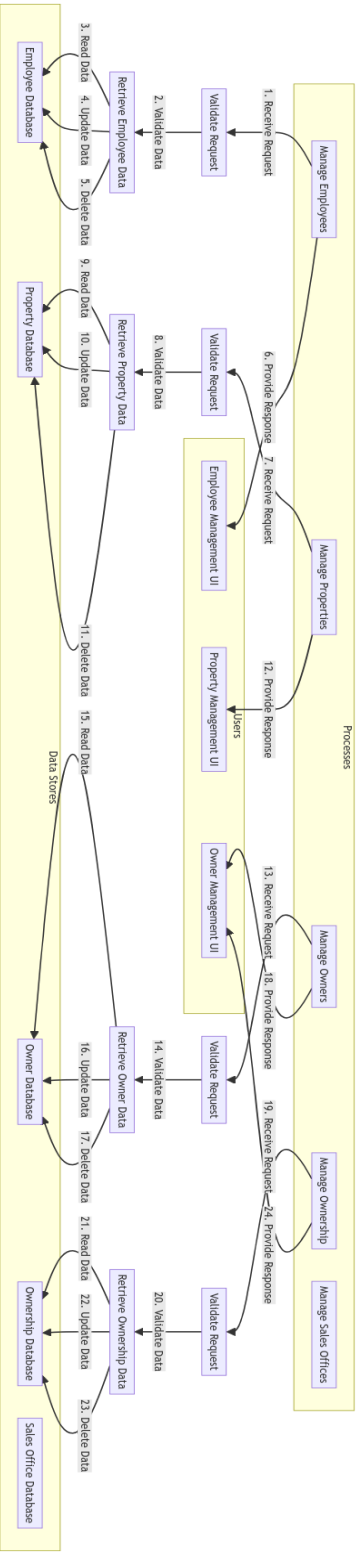
Sequence Diagram



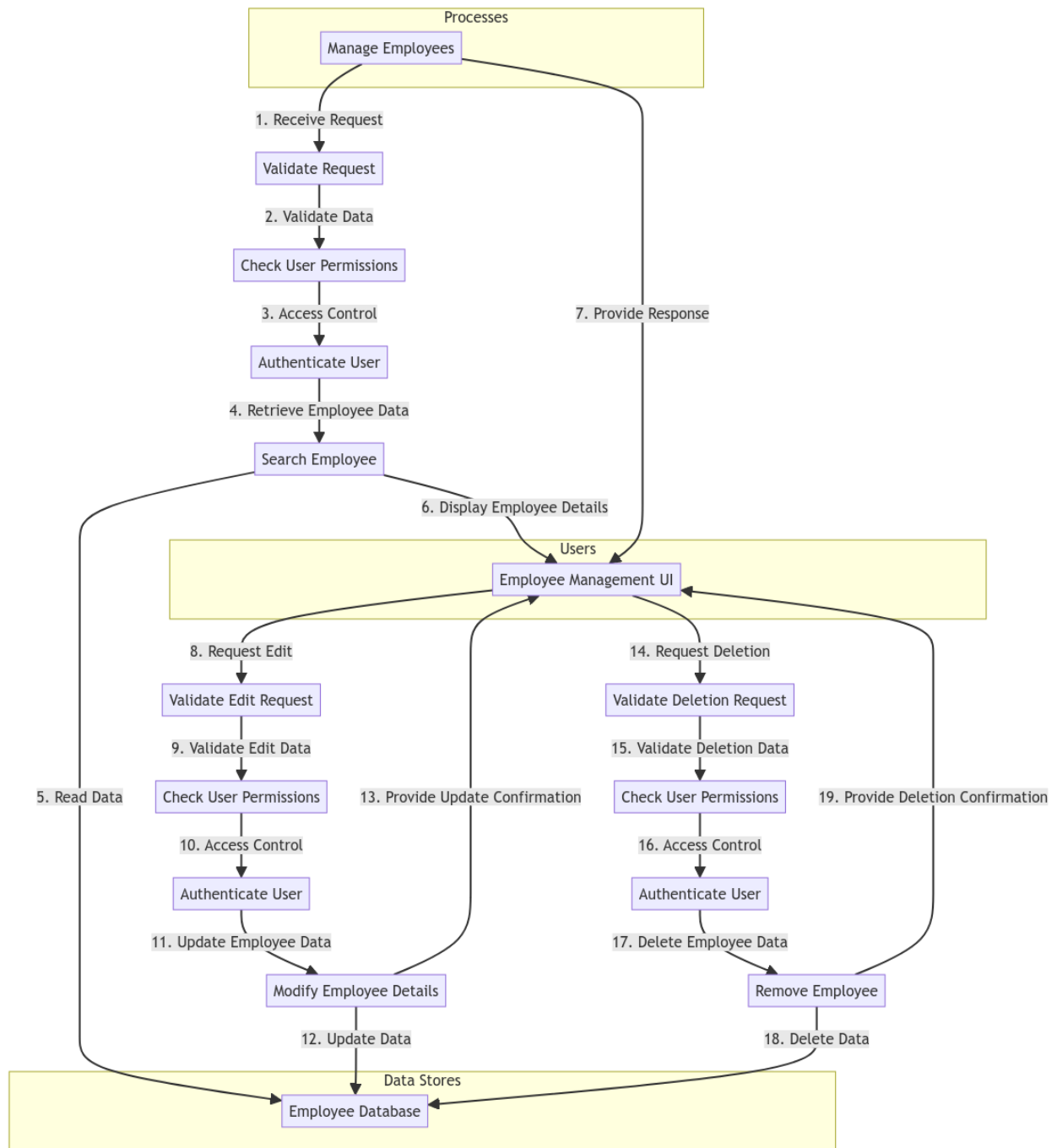
DFD Level 1



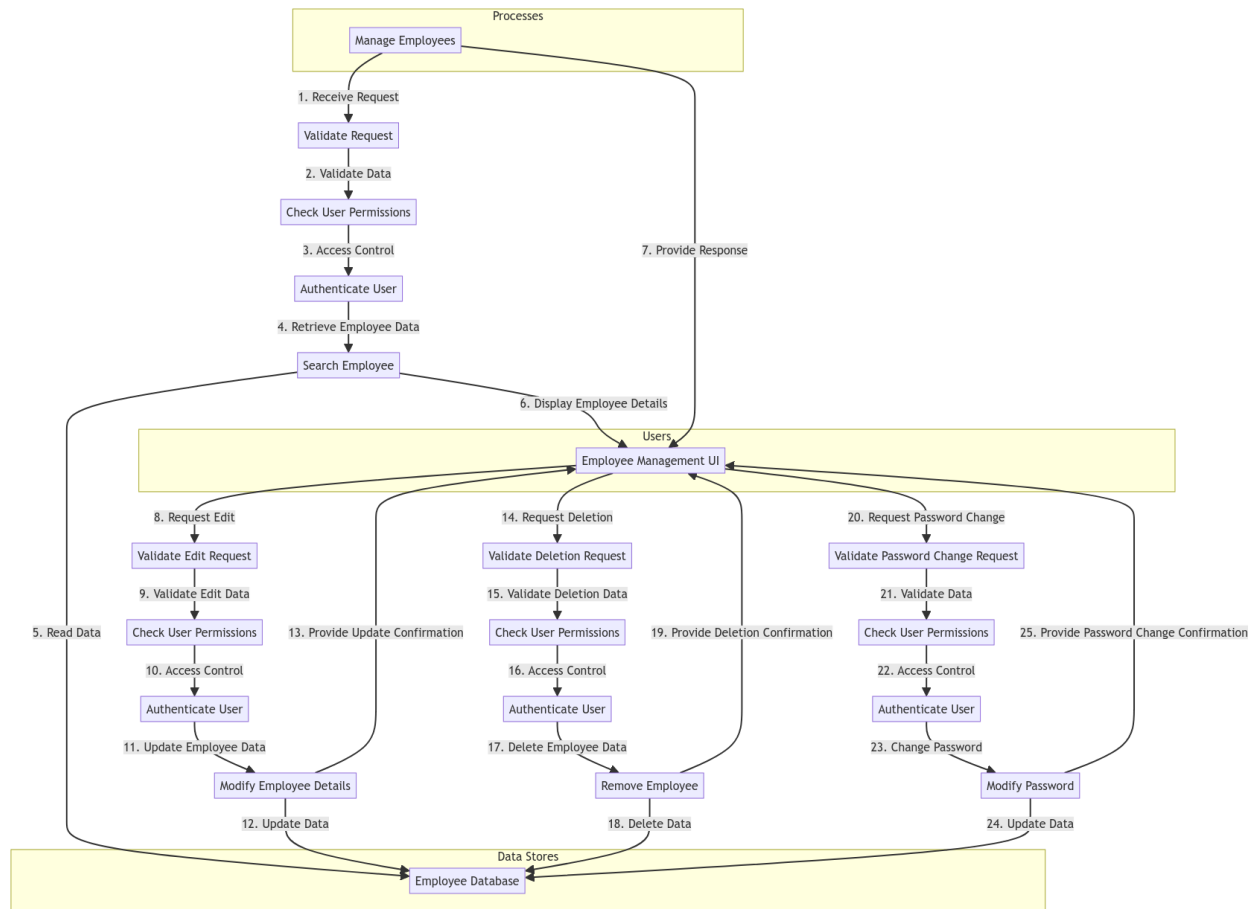
DFD Level 2



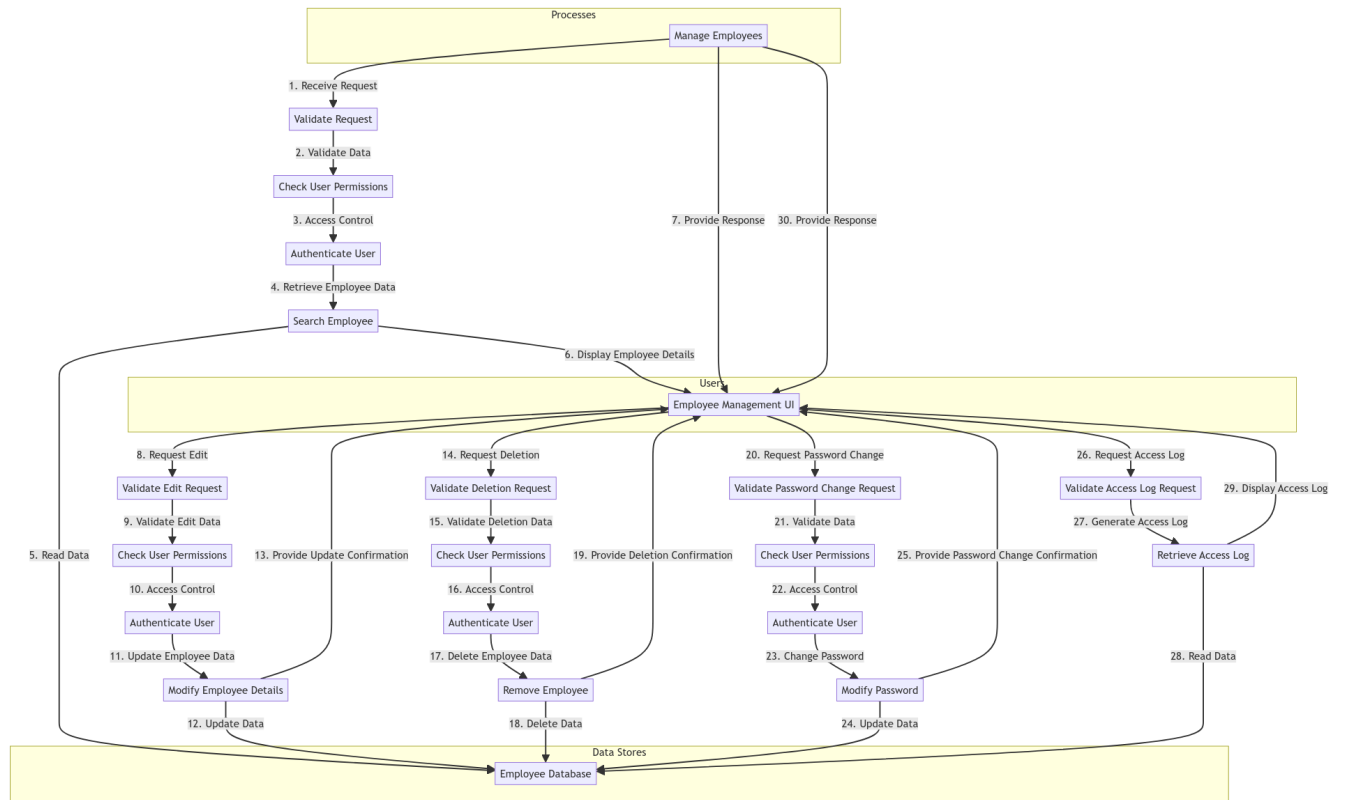
DFD Level 3

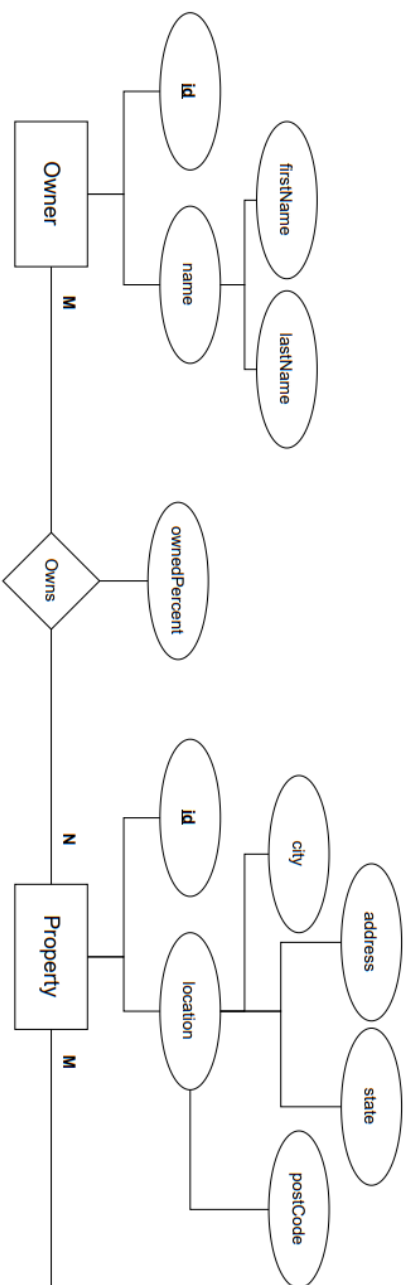
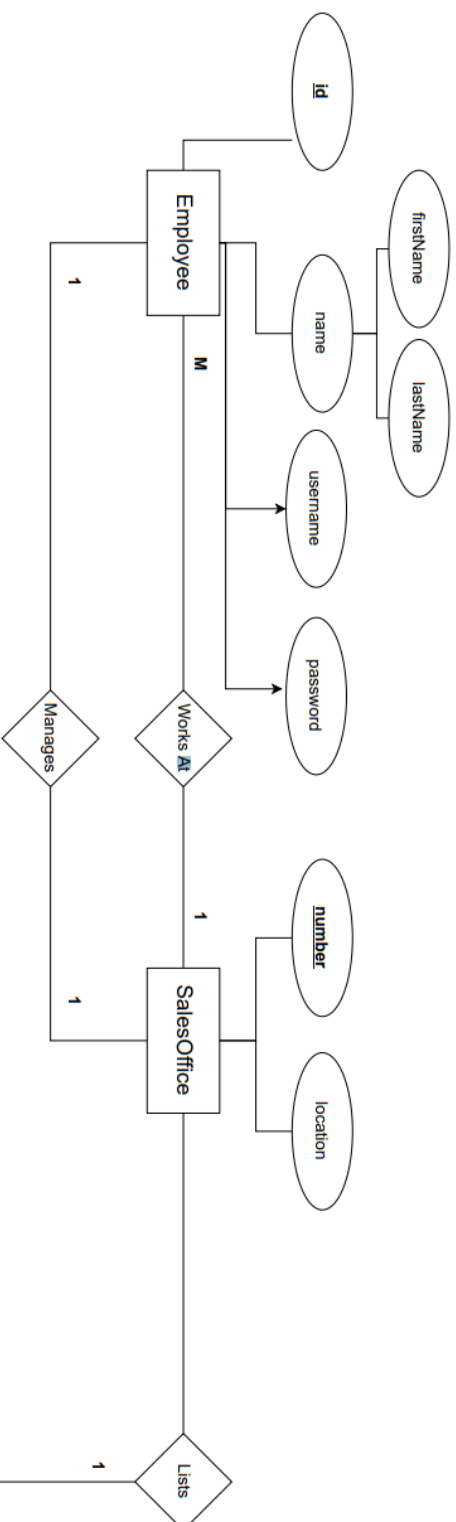


DFD Level 4



DFD Level 5





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