Solution Of Of Midterm Codes

3 * c function to take a number and sum all digits? test case 1:

input:123 ->output:6

test case 2:

input:4565 ->output:20

(1

```
test.c Midterm_ex1.c 🔀
  19 //AOS
  2 //EX1 Sum digits //Mid term
  3 #include <stdio.h>
  4 #include <stdlib.h>
  5 #include <string.h>
  7 int sum dig(char n[]);
  8
  9@ int main() {
 10
         char n[100];
 11
        printf("Enter the number: ");
         fflush(stdin); fflush(stdout);
 12
 13
                                               // take the number as string
         gets(n);
 14
         printf("Sum Of Digits = %d", sum dig(n));
 15
        return 0;
 16 }
 17@int sum dig(char n[]) {
 18
        int sum =0;
        char t[1];
 19
 20
         for(int i=0;i<strlen(n);i++){
 21
             t[0]=n[i];
                         // take each digit alone
 22
             sum += atoi(t); // convert the digit to integer
 23
 24
         return sum ;
 25 }
🦹 Problems 🔎 Tasks 📮 Console 🛭 🔲 Properties 🖳 Debugger Console
                                                   Test case: 1
<terminated> (exit value: 0) Midterm_ex1.exe [C/C++ Application] C:\Users\midom\workspace\C_Programming\Midte
Enter the number: 123
                                                 <terminated> (exit value: 0) test.exe |
Sum Of Digits = 6
                                                 Enter the number: 4565
                            Test case: 2 >>
                                                 Sum Of Digits = 20
```

* c function to take an integer number and calculate it's square root?

test case 1:

input:4 ->output:2.000

test case 2:

input:10 ->output:3.126

1 إضافة ملف

```
c *test.c ♡ c Midterm_ex1.c
  10 //AOS
 2 //EX2 Square root //Mid term
  3 #include <stdio.h>
  4 #include <stdlib.h>
  5 #include <string.h>
  7 double sq rt(double n);
  90 int main() {
 10
       double n:
       printf("Enter the number: ");
 12
        fflush(stdin); fflush(stdout);
 13
       scanf ("%lf", &n);
       printf("Square root of %.21f = %.31f\n",n,sq rt(n));
 14
 15
         return 0;
 16 }
 17@ double sq rt(double n) {
       double i,f;
 18
 19
         for(i=0.0,f=0.0;i<n;i=i+0.00001){ //find the square root
 20
             if((i*i) >= n){
 21
                 f=i;
 22
                 break; }
 23
 24
        return f;
 25 }
🦹 Problems 🥒 Tasks 📮 Console 🛭 🔲 Properties 🖳 Debugger Console
<terminated> (exit value: 0) test.exe [C/C++ Application] C:\Users\midom\workspace\C_Programming\test
Enter the number: 4
                                        Enter the number: 10
Square root of 4.00 = 2.000
                                        Square root of 10.00 = 3.162
                                         Test case 2:
 Test case 1:
```

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input:n1=1,n2=20 ->output:1 2 3 5 7 11 13 17 19

🗘 إضافة ملف

```
c *test.c ♡ C EX2_Square_root.c
  10 //AOS
  2 //EX3 Prime NUM //Mid term
  3 #include <stdio.h>
  4 #include <stdlib.h>
  5 #include <string.h>
  6 void prime(int nl, int n2);
  7⊖ int main() {
         int n1, n2;
  8
        printf("Enter the two numbers: ");
  9
         fflush(stdin); fflush(stdout);
 10
        scanf("%d %d", &nl , &n2);
 11
 12
        prime (n1, n2);
 13
        return 0;
 14 }
 15⊕ void prime (int n1, int n2) {
 16
        int flag;
 17
         for (int i=n1; i<=n2; ++i) {
                                         // loop to move between numbers
             for(int j=2;j<=i/2;++j){ // loop to check this number is prime or not
 18
 19
                  if(i%j==0){
 20
                      flag =0;
 21
                      break; }
 22
                  else flag =1 ;
 23
             }
 24
             if(flag == 1 || i == 1 || i == 2 || i == 3)printf("%d\t",i);
 25
         }
                                                                             🦹 Problems 🔑 Tasks 📮 Console 🛭 🔲 Properties 🖳 Debugger Console
<terminated> (exit value: 0) test.exe [C/C++ Application] C:\Users\midom\workspace\C_Programming\test\Debug\test.exe (4/5/
Enter the two numbers: 1
20
1
        2
                3
                         5
                                 7
                                         11
                                                   13
                                                            17
                                                                    19
```

input:2457 ->output:7542 .

test case 2:

. input:1057 ->output:7501



```
1⊕ //AOS
  2 //EX4 Reverse Digits //Mid term
  3 #include <stdio.h>
  4 #include <stdlib.h>
  5 #include <string.h>
  7 int sum dig(char n[]);
 9⊖ int main() {
        char n[100];
       printf("Enter the number: ");
 12
       fflush(stdin); fflush(stdout);
 13
                                            // take the number as string
        gets(n);
 14
       printf("Reverse Of Digits = %d", sum dig(n));
 15
       return 0;
 16 }
 170 int sum dig(char n[]) {
        char t[100];
 19
       for(int i=strlen(n)-1;i>=0;--i){
 20
            t[strlen(n)-i-l]=n[i];
                                    // store the char reversely
 21
 22
       return atoi(t); // Return the revered digits as an integer number by (atoi)
 23 }
 24
                                                                      🦹 Problems 🥏 Tasks 📮 Console 🛭 📋 Properties 🖳 Debugger Console
<terminated> (exit value: 0) test.exe [C/C++ Application] C:\Users\midom\workspace\C_Programming\test\Debug\test.exe (4/5/23, 12:27 in terminated).
Enter the number: 2457
                                                 Enter the number: 1057
Reverse Of Digits = 7542
                                                 Reverse Of Digits = 7501
                                                 Test case 2:
 Test case 1:
```

input:5 ->output: 2 --->binary of 5 is 0101 so has 2 one's

test case 2:

input:15 ->output:4



```
10 //AOS
  2 //EX5 binary ones //Mid term
  3 #include <stdio.h>
  4 #include <stdlib.h>
  5 #include <string.h>
  6 void ch ones (int n);
  7@int main() {
       printf ("Enter the number: ");
       fflush(stdin); fflush(stdout);
 10
 11
       scanf ("%d", &n);
 12
        ch ones(n);
 13
        return 0;
 14 }
 15@ void ch ones (int n) {
        int ones=0;
 17
       for(int i=0; i<sizeof(n); i++)
 18
 19
            // If LSB is set then increment ones
 20
            if(n & 1) ones++;
 21
             n >>= 1;
 22
             //Right shift bits of number to one position
 23
 24
        printf("Number Of ones = %d", ones);
 25 }
🥷 Problems 🔎 Tasks 📮 Console 🛭 🔲 Properties 🖳 Debugger Console
<terminated> (exit value: 0) test.exe [C/C++ Application] C:\Users\midom\workspace\C_
Enter the number: 5
                                  Enter the number: 15
Number Of ones = 2
                                  Number Of ones = 4
                                  Test case 2:
Test case 1:
```

```
3 * c function to return unique number in array with one loop?
                                                                                       (6
                                                             test case 1:
                                                          input: int a[7]={4,2,5,2,5,7,4};
           output:7.
                                                test case 2:
                                                        input: int a[3]={4,2,4}; output:2
                                                                           أ إضافة ملف
                              .c EX3_Prime_NUM.c .c EX1_Sum_Digits.c
                                                                        .c EX4_Reverse_Digits.c
.c *test.c ⊠ .c EX2_Square_root.c
  10 //AOS
 2 //EX6 Unique NUM //Mid term
  3 #include <stdio.h>
  4 #include <stdlib.h>
  5 #include <string.h>
  6 char unique num(int a[], int size);
  79 int main() {
         int a[]=\{4,2,5,2,5,7,4\},b[]=\{4,2,4\};
         printf("Unique number in array of a is: %d\n",unique_num(a,sizeof(a)));
         printf("Unique number in array of b is: %d", unique num(b, sizeof(b)));
 10
 11
         return 0;
 12 }
 13@ char unique num(int a[],int size) {
 14
        int uni=0 ,i;
 15
         size = size/sizeof(a[0]);
         for (i=0; i < size; ++i) {
 16
 17
              uni = uni^a[i];
 18
 19
         return uni;
 20 }
 21
🦹 Problems 🥒 Tasks 📮 Console 💢 📋 Properties 🔛 Debugger Console
<terminated> (exit value: 0) test.exe [C/C++ Application] C:\Users\midom\workspace\C_Programming\test\Debug\test.exe
```

Unique number in array of a is: 7 Unique number in array of b is: 2



```
.c test.c ≥S
  10 //AOS
  2 //EX7 Sum NUM //Mid term
  3 #include <stdio.h>
  4 #include <stdlib.h>
  5 #include <string.h>
  6 int sum(int n1, int n2);
  70 int main() {
         int n1, n2;
        printf("Enter the two numbers: ");
  9
         fflush(stdin); fflush(stdout);
 10
         scanf("%d %d", &nl , &n2);
 11
 12
        printf("The sum of numbers from %d to %d = %d", n1, n2, sum(n1, n2));
 13
        return 0;
 14 }
 15@ int sum(int nl, int n2) {
         if(n1 <= n2)
 16
 17
              return n1+sum(n1+1,n2);
 18
         else
 19
             return 0;
 20 }
 21
🤮 Problems 🚜 Tasks 📮 Console 🛭 🔲 Properties 🖳 Debugger Console
<terminated> (exit value: 0) test.exe [C/C++ Application] C:\Users\midom\workspace\C_Programming\test\Debug
Enter the two numbers: 1
The sum of numbers from 1 to 100 = 5050
```

3 * c function to take an array and revers its elements? test case 1:

input: int

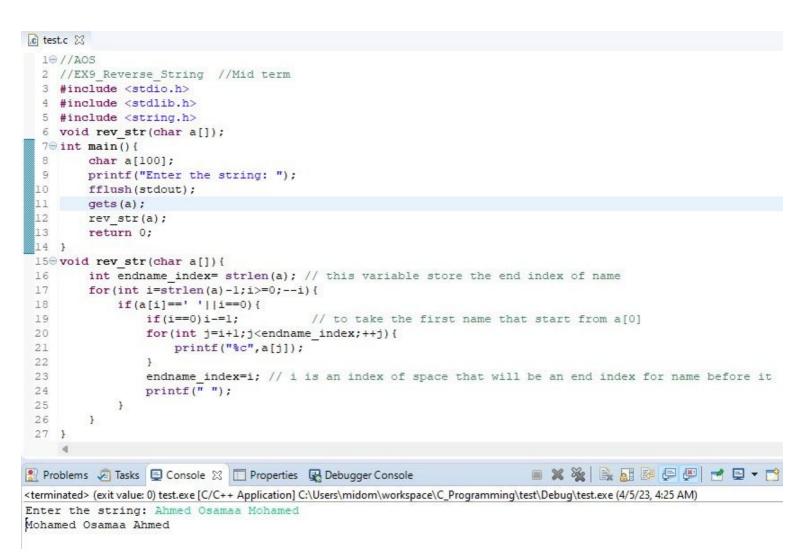
.a[5]={1,2,3,4,5}; output:5 4 3 2 1

🗘 إضافة ملف

```
.c *test.c ⋈ .c EX7_Sum_NUM.c
 10 //AOS
 2 //EX8 Reverse NUM //Mid term
  3 #include <stdio.h>
  4 #include <stdlib.h>
  5 #include <string.h>
 6 void reverse(int a[], int size);
  7⊖ int main() {
        int a[5] = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\};
        reverse(a, sizeof(a));
        return 0;
 11 }
 12@ void reverse (int a[], int size) {
        for(int i=(size/sizeof(a[0]))-1;i>=0;--i){
 14
             printf("%d\t",a[i]);
 15
 16 }
 17
🖳 Problems 🚜 Tasks 📮 Console 🛭 🔲 Properties 🖳 Debugger Console
<terminated> (exit value: 0) test.exe [C/C++ Application] C:\Users\midom\workspace\C
                 3
                          2
```

input: mohamed gamal. output:gamal mohamed





c function to count the max number of ones between two zeros?

(10

test case 1:

input:14(01110)

output:3.

test case 2:

input:110(0110 1110).

output:3



```
c test.c ☆ c EX9_Reverse_String.c c EX5_binary_ones.c
  19 //AOS
  2 //EX10 Max ones //Mid term
  3 #include <stdio.h>
  4 #include <stdlib.h>
  5 #include <string.h>
  6 void max ones (int n);
  70 int main() {
        int n;
  9
       printf("Enter the number: ");
 10
       fflush(stdin); fflush(stdout);
        scanf ("%d", &n);
 12
        max ones(n);
 13
        return 0;
 14 }
 15⊖ void max ones (int n) {
        int count=0, s=0, sn=0;
 16
        for(int i=0; i<sizeof(n)*8; i++) // size of integer =4 * 8 number of (bits in one byte)
 17
        { if(n & 1) { // If LSB is set then increment ones
 18
 19
                 ++count;
 20
                 sn=count; //store number of series of one
 21
 22
             else{count=0;} //reset count
             if(sn>s)s=sn; // compare stored counter with new one
                          //Right shift bits of number to one position
 25
 26
        printf("Number Of max ones between two zeros = %d",s);
 27 }
                                                                         🦹 Problems 🔎 Tasks 📮 Console 🛭 🛅 Properties 🖳 Debugger Console
<terminated> (exit value: 0) test.exe [C/C++ Application] C:\Users\midom\workspace\C_Programming\test\Debug\test.exe (4/5/23, 4:59 AM)
Enter the number: 14
                                                       Enter the number: 110
Number Of max ones between two zeros = 3
                                                       Number Of max ones between two zeros = 3
      Test case 1:
                                                          Test case 2:
```