#### **String Grammars**

String grammars form the basis of formal language theory. These grammars are defined over a vocabulary (finite set of symbols). Each grammar represents a set of sequences over this vocabulary.

formal grammar is a four-tuple G=(N,T,P,S)

Where:

N is a finite set of non-terminal symbols.

T is a finite set of terminal symbols

P is a finite set of productions, rewriting rules and SEN is the starting symbol

Note:  $N \cap T = \emptyset$ 

V=NUT

#### **Example:**

Let 
$$G=(N,T,P,S)$$

Where:

N={S,A,B},  
T={a,b,c}  
P={S 
$$\rightarrow$$
 cAb , A $\rightarrow$  aBa, B $\rightarrow$ aBa, B $\rightarrow$ cb}.

This grammar generate the language L(G) = {ca<sup>n</sup>cba<sup>n</sup>b\n≥1}

For n=2

S→ cAb → caBab → caaBaab → caacbaab

### **Matrix Grammar**

#### A matrix grammar is a quadruple G=(N,T,M,S)

where N,T,S are exactly in base grammar and M is a finite set of sequences of the form

$$m:(r_1,r_2,...,r_n), n\geq 1$$

with the usual rewriting rules  $r_i : \alpha_i \rightarrow \beta_i$ 

over

V=NUT.

Such a sequence m is called a matrix of rules.

**EXAM PLE:** 

M1:(S \rightarrow ABC)

M2:(A $\rightarrow$ Aa, B $\rightarrow$  Bb, C $\rightarrow$ Cc)

M3:(A $\rightarrow$ a,B $\rightarrow$ b,C $\rightarrow$ c)

#### We find that:

$$L(G)=\{a^nb^nc^n:n\geq 1\}$$

#### shape grammar

A shape grammar is defined as

Where:

$$G=(S,L,P,I)$$

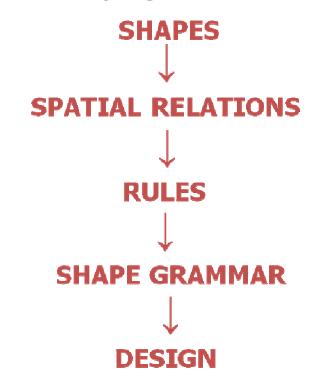
S is the set of shapes,

L is the set of symbols,

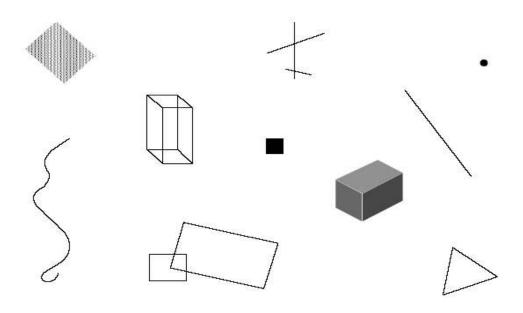
P is the set of production rules

I is the initial shape

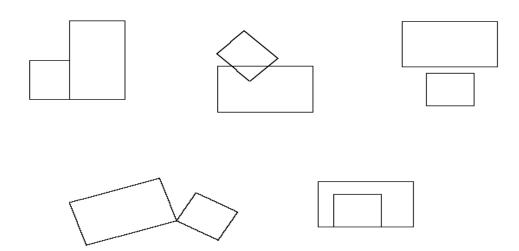
# Stages of shape grammar development:



#### shapes



#### spatial relations



## **Shape Rules**

Shapes: A,B

**Spatial relations: A+B** 

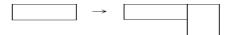
Rules: A→A+B

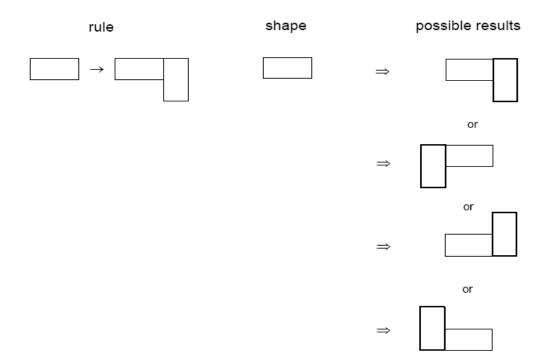
 $B \rightarrow A + B$ 

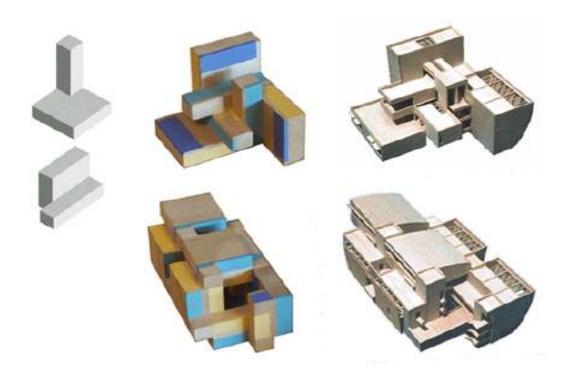
spatial relation

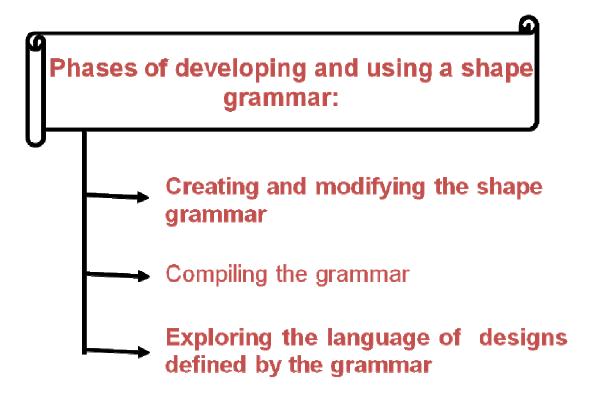


rule









# 1-Creating and modifying the shape grammar.

The designer creates the rules and the initial shape.

### 2-Compiling the grammar.

In this phase the system compiles the rules (asks to see how the rule Applied to the pattern).

# 3-Exploring the language of designs defined by the grammar

Designer explores the language of designs, generating designs, Imposing additional constraints or saving the current state.