

Laravel Integration With Google Sheets API

Setting Up Google Cloud

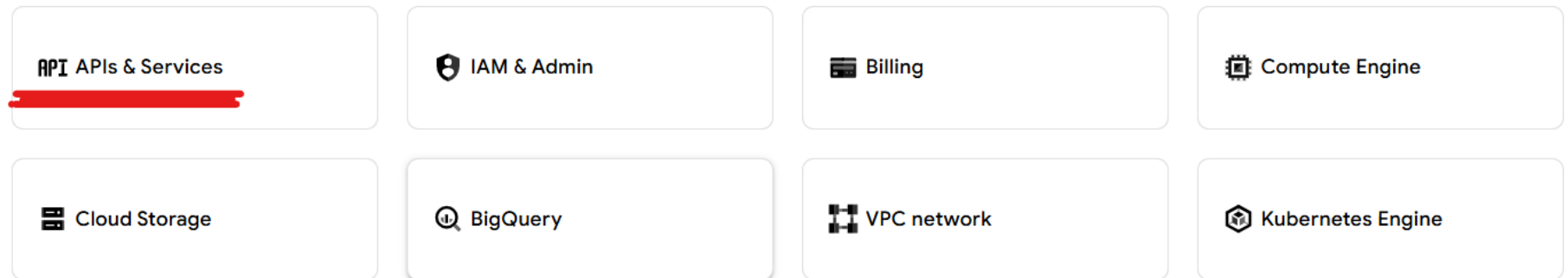
Step 1: Google Cloud Console

Visit the Google Cloud Console to start setting up your project. [Click](#)

!open this

Create a new project in the Google Cloud Console.

Quick access



Step 2: Create a New Project

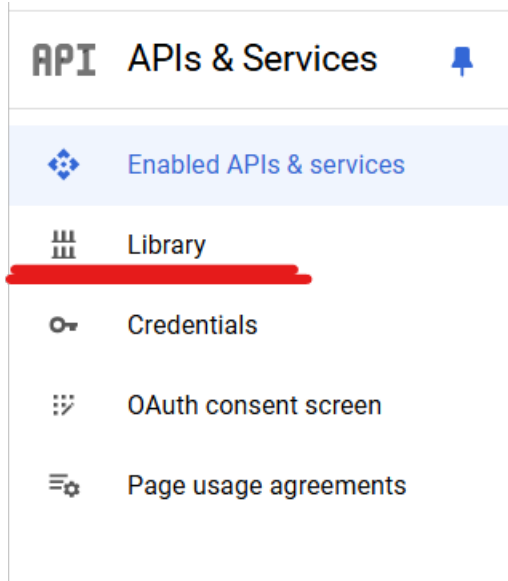
!Create New Project



Step 3: Go to Library

Navigate to the library section of your Google Cloud project.


!Go to Library




Step 4: Enable APIs

Search for the required APIs and enable them for your project.

!Choose this one



Google Sheets API
Google Enterprise API 
Read and write Google Sheets data

!Enable APIs



Google Sheets API

[Google Enterprise API](#)

Read and write Google Sheets data

ENABLE

TRY THIS API 

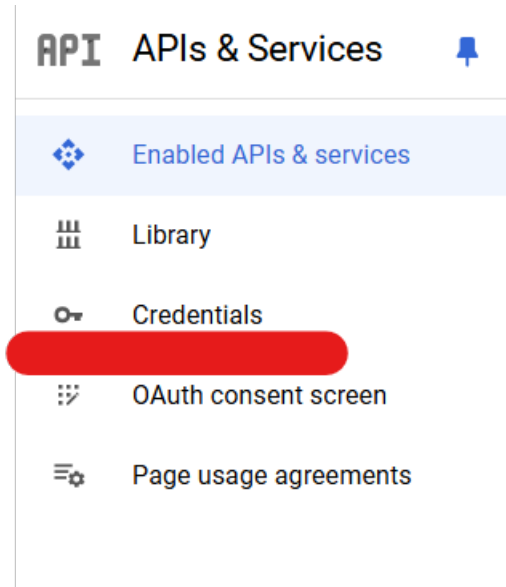
Click to try this API in API Explorer

Configuring Credentials

Step 1: Access Credentials

Go to the 'Credentials' section after enabling the necessary APIs.

!Credentials Section



Step 2: API Key



Ensure your API key is enabled for editing.

Credentials











[+ CREATE CREDENTIALS](#) [DELETE](#) [RESTORE DELETED CREDENTIALS](#)

Create credentials to access your enabled APIs. [Learn more](#)

API Keys

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Creation date ↓	Restrictions	Actions
<input type="checkbox"/>	 API key 2	Jun 2, 2024	None	SHOW KEY ⋮
<input type="checkbox"/>	 API key 1	Jun 2, 2024	HTTP referrers, 1 API ...	SHOW KEY ⋮

OAuth 2.0 Client IDs

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Creation date ↓	Type	Client ID	Actions
<input type="checkbox"/>	Web client 2	Jun 2, 2024	Web application	 	  
<input type="checkbox"/>	Web client 1	Jun 2, 2024	Web application	 	  

Service Accounts

<input type="checkbox"/>	Email	Name ↑	Actions
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[Manage service accounts](#)

Name *
API key 2 

Key restrictions




This key is unrestricted. To prevent unauthorized use, we recommend restricting where and for which APIs it can be used. [Learn more](#)



Set an application restriction

Application restrictions limit an API key's usage to specific websites, IP addresses, Android applications, or iOS applications. You can set one application restriction per key.

- ☐ None
- ☒ Websites 
- ☐ IP addresses
- ☐ Android apps
- ☐ iOS apps

Website restrictions

Restrict key usage requests to the specified websites.



If left blank, your API key will accept requests from any website.

 ADD

 Filter

Enter property name or value



Status

Website

Edit

No rows to display

!API Key Editing

Restrict key usage requests to the specified websites.



If left blank, your API key will accept requests from any website.

Note: query parameters and fragments are you include them in a website.

Filter | Type to filter

☐ Cloud Storage API

☐ Cloud Trace API

☐ Dataform API

☐ Google Cloud APIs

☐ Google Cloud Storage JSON API

☒ Google Sheets API

☐ Service Management API

☐ Service Usage API

CANCEL

OK

Selected APIs:

Google Sheets API





Note: It may take up to 5 minutes for settings to take effect

SAVE

CANCEL

Step 3: WebClient

Enable the WebClient and download the JSON file.

Client secret	[REDACTED]	 
Creation date	June 2, 2024 at 7:07:59 AM GMT+3	Download JSON
Status	  Enabled	[REDACTED]

[+ ADD SECRET](#)

!WebClient JSON

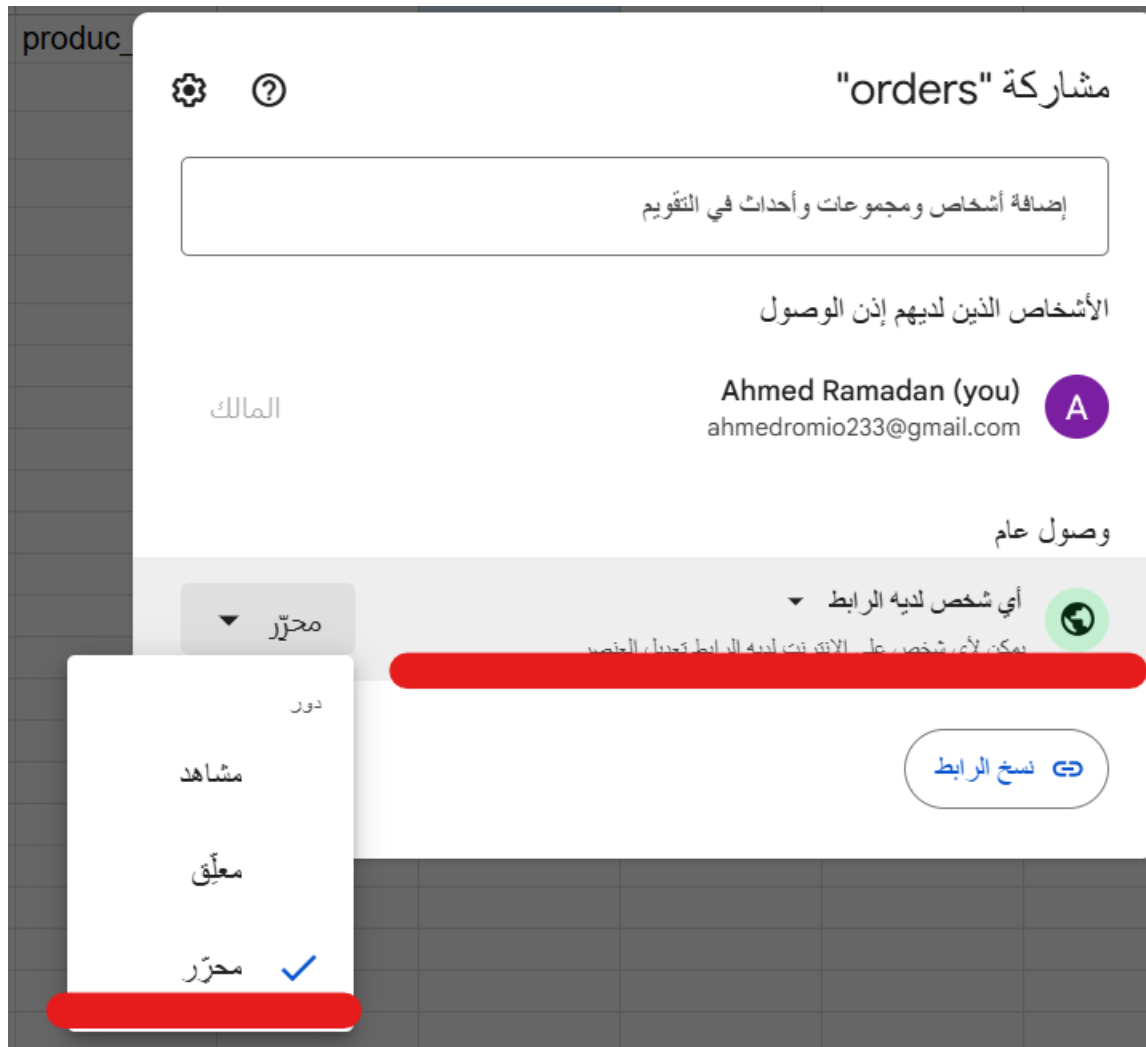
Google Sheets Setup

Step 1: Access Google Sheets

Go to your Google Sheet and ensure it is set to 'Share and Edit'.

!Google Sheets Share and Edit

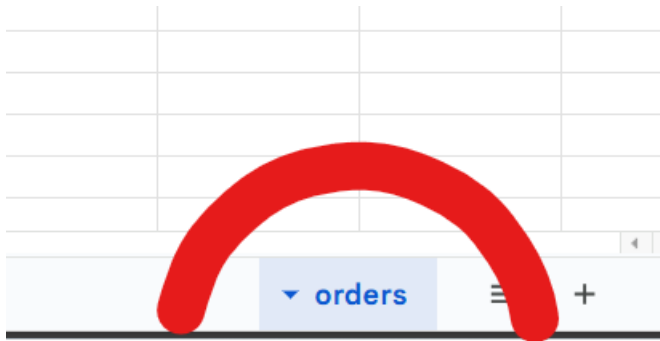




Step 2: Sheet Name

Note that the name you see is the name of the paper, not the sheet.

!Paper Name



Visual Studio Code Setup

Step 1: JSON File

Place the downloaded JSON file into the storage directory of your Laravel project.

!JSON File in Storage

Step 2: Environment Variables

Set the following environment variables in your `.env` file:

```
GOOGLE_API_KEY=your-google-api-key
GOOGLE_CLIENT_ID=your-google-client-id
GOOGLE_CLIENT_SECRET=your-google-client-secret
GOOGLE_SERVICE_ACCOUNT_EMAIL=your-service-account-email
GOOGLE_SERVICE_ACCOUNT_JSON=your-json-file-name
GOOGLE_REDIRECT_URL=your-redirect-url
```

Step 3: Composer Commands

Run the following commands to install the necessary package and publish the configuration:

```
composer require revolution/laravel-google-sheets
```

```
php artisan vendor:publish --provider="PulkitJalan\Google\GoogleServiceProvider" --tag="config"
```

Step 4: Configuration File

Create a google.php file in the config folder with the following content:

```
<?php

return [
    'application_name' => env('GOOGLE_APPLICATION_NAME', 'My Laravel Application'),
    'client_id'         => env('GOOGLE_CLIENT_ID'),
    'client_secret'     => env('GOOGLE_CLIENT_SECRET'),
    'redirect_uri'      => env('GOOGLE_REDIRECT_URL'),
    'scopes'           => [
        \Google\Service\Sheets::DRIVE,
        \Google\Service\Sheets::SPREADSHEETS,
    ],
    'access_type'       => 'offline',
    'approval_prompt'   => 'force',
    'developer_key'     => env('GOOGLE_API_KEY'),
    'service'           => [
        'enable' => true,
        'file'   => env('GOOGLE_SERVICE_ACCOUNT_JSON', storage_path('app/google-service-account.json')),
    ],
    'config'            => [],
];
```

Step 5: Clear Configuration Cache

Remember to clear the configuration cache after making changes:

```
php artisan config:clear
```

```
php artisan config:cache
```

```
php artisan cache:clear
```

Generate Process Google Sheets Data Controller

Step 1: Retrieve Data

Get the \$spreadsheetId from the URL of the sheet.

!Spread sheet Id

The screenshot shows a Google Sheet interface. The browser's address bar displays the URL: `https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1-ftqLjH8-rB2gNRro7uEq8j0j42oGqMvyKOW0v5_bE/edit#gid=0`. The spreadsheet itself has a header row with columns B through J. Column B is labeled 'Phone Number', C is 'Final Price', D is 'Quantity', and E is 'produc_id'. The data rows show five entries with phone numbers 1020412191 through 1020412199, final prices of 10, and quantities of 10, 20, 30, 40, and 50 respectively. The 'produc_id' column contains values 1 and 2.

	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
ame	Phone Number	Final Price	Quantity	produc_id					
	1020412191	10	10	1					
	1020412192	10	20	2					
	1020412193	10	30	1					
	1020412194	10	40	1					
	1020412199	10	50	1					

Define the `$ordersSheetName` as `orders!A2:F6`, which is the name of the sheet paper and its range.

```
use Revolution\Google\Sheets\Facades\Sheets;

public function index()
{
    $spreadsheetId = '1-ftqLjH8-rB2gNRro7uEq8j0j42oGqMvyK0w0v5__bE';
    $spreadsheetProductId = '14jNcQTMwA1Rcx_JJpNszqovWzuBwrjKWvw4eZeotzJw';
    $ordersSheetName = 'orders!A2:f6';

    $productsSheetName = 'products!A2:D6';
    $orders = Sheets::spreadsheet($spreadsheetId)
        ->sheet($ordersSheetName)
        ->get();

    $products = Sheets::spreadsheet($spreadsheetProductId)
        ->sheet($productsSheetName)
        ->get();

    return response()->json(['orders' => $orders, 'products' => $products]);
}
```