

Movie Recommendation System

Software Testing

December 17, 2025

Table of Contents

1	1. Project Overview	2
2	2. Integration Testing	2
2.1	2.1 Test Classes and Methodology	2
2.1.1	2.1.1 DataStoreIntegrationTest	2
2.1.2	2.1.2 MainIntegrationTest	3
2.1.3	2.1.3 RecommenderIntegrationTest	4
2.2	2.2 Integration Testing Summary	4
3	3. White Box Testing	5
3.1	3.1 Coverage-Based Testing	5
3.1.1	3.1.1 Coverage Analysis	5
3.1.2	3.1.2 Test Cases for Path Coverage	7
3.1.3	3.1.3 Coverage Metrics Achieved	8
3.2	3.2 Data Flow Testing	8
3.2.1	3.2.1 MovieParser.parseMovies() Data Flow Testing	9
3.2.2	3.2.2 UserParser.parseUsers() Data Flow Testing	11
3.2.3	3.2.3 Recommender.recommendMovies() Data Flow Testing	14
3.2.4	3.2.4 Additional Data Flow Tests	17
3.2.5	3.2.5 Data Flow Testing Summary	17
4	4. Overall Testing Summary	18
4.1	4.1 Test Distribution	18
4.2	4.2 Testing Techniques Applied	18
4.2.1	4.2.1 Integration Testing (Top-Down)	18
4.2.2	4.2.2 White-Box Testing: Coverage-Based	18
4.2.3	4.2.3 White-Box Testing: Data Flow	18
4.3	4.3 Key Strengths	18
4.4	4.4 Testing Tools	19
5	5. Conclusion	19

1 1. Project Overview

The **Movie Recommendation System** is a Java-based application that generates personalized movie recommendations for users based on genre matching. The system:

- Parses movie and user data from text files
- Validates data integrity (referential integrity, format constraints)
- Generates recommendations by matching genres from users' liked movies
- Writes recommendations to an output file

The system follows a modular architecture with clear separation of concerns: parsing, data storage, recommendation logic, and output writing.

2 2. Integration Testing

Integration testing was performed using the **top-down approach**, where higher-level components are tested first with lower-level dependencies either real or mocked. Tests are located in `src/test/java/com/example/top_down/`.

2.1 2.1 Test Classes and Methodology

2.1.1 2.1.1 DataStoreIntegrationTest

Purpose: Verify integration between the `DataStore` class and domain entities (`Movie`, `User`).

Test Cases:

2.1.1.1 TC-INT-1: `testAddMovieAndUser_Integration()`

- **Objective:** Validate that `DataStore` correctly accepts and stores valid movies and users
- **Setup:**
 - Create 2 movies: “The Matrix” (M001) and “Inception” (I002)
 - Create 1 user: “Alice” (123456789) who likes “M001”
- **Actions:**
 - Add movies to `DataStore` via `addMovie()`
 - Add user to `DataStore` via `addUser()`
- **Assertions:**
 - Verify `getMovies()` returns exactly 2 movies
 - Verify `getUsers()` returns exactly 1 user
 - Verify `getMovieById("M001")` retrieves correct movie
- **Result:** Confirms successful integration of storage operations

2.1.1.2 TC-INT-2: `testAddUser_InvalidMovieReference_ThrowsException()`

- **Objective:** Verify integrity validation catches invalid movie references
- **Setup:**

- Create 1 movie: “The Matrix” (M001)
- Create 1 user referencing non-existent movie “INVALID_ID”
- **Actions:**
 - Attempt to add user with invalid reference
- **Assertions:**
 - Expect `DataIntegrityException` to be thrown
 - Verify exception message contains “movie with ID INVALID_ID does not exist”
- **Result:** Confirms referential integrity enforcement

2.1.1.3 TC-INT-3: `testAddMovie_DuplicateNumericId_ThrowsException()`

- **Objective:** Verify duplicate numeric ID detection across different prefixes
 - **Setup:**
 - Add movie with ID “TM001” (numeric part: 001)
 - Attempt to add movie with ID “JW001” (same numeric part: 001)
 - **Actions:**
 - Add first movie successfully
 - Attempt to add second movie with duplicate numeric portion
 - **Assertions:**
 - Expect `DataIntegrityException` to be thrown
 - Verify duplicate detection works regardless of prefix
 - **Result:** Confirms business rule enforcement for unique numeric IDs
-

2.1.2 2.1.2 MainIntegrationTest

Purpose: End-to-end integration test of the entire workflow using the top-down approach with mocked dependencies.

Testing Strategy: Uses **Mockito spies** to create a partially mocked `Main` instance where factory methods return mocks instead of real objects.

2.1.2.1 TC-INT-4: `testMain_Integration_WithMocks()`

- **Objective:** Verify correct orchestration of all components in the main workflow
- **Setup:**
 - Mock `Parser`, `ParseResult`, `DataStore`, `Recommender`, `RecommendationWriter`
 - Configure mocks:
 - * `Parser` returns `ParseResult` with test movie and user
 - * `DataStore` returns list with test user
 - * `Recommender` returns empty recommendation list
- **Actions:**
 - Create spy of `Main` class
 - Override factory methods to return mocks:
 - * `createParser()` → mock parser
 - * `createDataStore()` → mock data store
 - * `createRecommender()` → mock recommender
 - * `createRecommendationWriter()` → mock writer

- Execute `main()` method
- **Verifications:**
 - `parser.parse(moviesPath, usersPath)` called exactly once
 - `dataStore.getUsers()` called exactly once
 - `recommender.recommendMovies(user)` called exactly once
 - `writer.writeRecommendations(anyMap(), eq(outputPath))` called exactly once
- **Result:** Confirms correct component interaction and workflow orchestration

Key Integration Pattern: The spy pattern allows testing the real orchestration logic in `Main.main()` while controlling dependencies through method overrides.

2.1.3 2.1.3 RecommenderIntegrationTest

Purpose: Verify integration between Recommender and DataStore with real recommendation algorithm logic.

2.1.3.1 TC-INT-5: `testRecommendMovies_Integration()`

- **Objective:** Validate recommendation algorithm with mocked data store
- **Setup:**
 - Mock `DataStore` with 3 movies:
 - * “The Matrix” (M001): Action, Sci-Fi, Thriller
 - * “Inception” (I002): Action, Sci-Fi, Mystery
 - * “The Shawshank Redemption” (S003): Drama
 - Create user “Alice” who liked “M001”
 - Configure `DataStore` mock:
 - * `getMovieById("M001")` returns The Matrix
 - * `getMovies()` returns all 3 movies
- **Actions:**
 - Execute `recommender.recommendMovies(user)`
- **Assertions:**
 - Result list size equals 1
 - Recommended movie is “Inception”
 - Excluded “The Matrix” (already liked)
 - Excluded “The Shawshank Redemption” (no genre match)
- **Verifications:**
 - `dataStore.getMovieById()` called once per liked movie
 - `dataStore.getMovies()` called once
- **Result:** Confirms correct integration between recommender and data store

Algorithm Validation: 1. Extracts genres from liked movies: [Action, Sci-Fi, Thriller] 2. Filters candidates by genre match 3. Excludes already-liked movies 4. Returns matching movies

2.2 2.2 Integration Testing Summary

Test Class	Test Cases	Components Tested	Key Validations
DataStoreIntegrationTest		DataStore Movie/User	Storage, integrity checks
MainIntegrationTest		All components via Main	Workflow orchestration
RecommenderIntegrationTest		Recommender DataStore	Algorithm correctness

Total Integration Tests: 5 test methods across 3 test classes

Integration Strategy Benefits: - Top-down approach allows early testing of critical workflows - Strategic mocking isolates integration points - Verification of method calls confirms correct component interaction - Real business logic validated with controlled test data

3 3. White Box Testing

White box testing examines the internal structure and logic of the code. This project implements two complementary white-box techniques:

1. **Coverage-Based Testing** (statement, branch, condition coverage)
 2. **Data Flow Testing** (definition-use paths)
-

3.1 3.1 Coverage-Based Testing

Location: `src/test/java/com/example/wbt/path_coverage/`

Target Class: `DataStore` (chosen for its complex control flow with loops and conditional validation)

Coverage Criteria: - **Statement Coverage:** Every executable statement executed at least once - **Branch Coverage:** Every decision branch (true/false) taken at least once - **Condition Coverage:** Each boolean sub-expression evaluated to both true and false

3.1.1 3.1.1 Coverage Analysis

The `DataStore` class contains four methods with distinct control flow patterns:

3.1.1.1 Method 1: `addMovie(Movie movie)` Control Flow:

```

START
  → Extract numeric part of movie ID
  → FOR each existing movie:
    IF numeric parts match:
      → THROW DataIntegrityException
  → Add movie to list
END

```

Paths Identified: - **Path 1:** Empty list (loop executes 0 times) - **Path 2:** Non-empty list, no duplicates found (loop executes N times, condition always false) - **Path 3:** Duplicate detected (loop executes, condition becomes true)

3.1.1.2 Method 2: `addUser(User user)` Control Flow:

```

START
  → Call checkIntegrity(user)
  IF integrity check passes:
    → Add user to list
  IF integrity check fails:
    → THROW DataIntegrityException
END

```

Paths Identified: - **Path 4:** Valid user (`checkIntegrity` returns true) - **Path 5:** Invalid user - missing movie reference (`checkIntegrity` throws exception) - **Path 6:** Invalid user - duplicate user ID (`checkIntegrity` throws exception)

3.1.1.3 Method 3: `checkIntegrity(User user)` (private) Control Flow:

```

START
  → FOR each liked movie ID:
    IF movie doesn't exist:
      → THROW DataIntegrityException
  → FOR each existing user:
    IF user ID matches:
      → THROW DataIntegrityException
  → RETURN true
END

```

Note: This method never returns false; it either returns true or throws an exception.

Paths Identified: - Liked movie exists (continue iteration) - Liked movie doesn't exist (throw exception) - Duplicate user ID (throw exception) - All checks pass (return true)

3.1.1.4 Method 4: `getMovieById(String id)` Control Flow:

```

START
  → FOR each movie:
    IF movie.id equals id:
      → RETURN movie
    → RETURN null
END

```

Paths Identified: - **Path 7:** Movie found (return early) - **Path 8:** Movie not found (complete loop, return null)

3.1.2 3.1.2 Test Cases for Path Coverage

Test Class: DataStoreClassTest

3.1.2.1 Testing addMovie() - Paths 1-3 **TC-COV-1: addMovieFirst()** - **Path Covered:** Path 1 (loop 0 iterations) - **Setup:** - Empty DataStore - Single movie: "Matrix" (M001) - **Action:** store.addMovie(m1) - **Assertion:** getMovies().size() == 1 - **Coverage:** - Statement: All statements in method executed - Branch: Loop condition false immediately - Condition: `i < movies.size()` evaluates to false

TC-COV-2: addMovieUnique() - **Path Covered:** Path 2 (loop with no duplicates) - **Setup:** - Add "Matrix" (M001) - numeric part: 001 - Add "Inception" (I002) - numeric part: 002 - **Action:** Add both movies sequentially - **Assertion:** getMovies().size() == 2 - **Coverage:** - Statement: Loop body executed, condition never satisfied - Branch: Loop iterates (true), duplicate check (false) - Condition: `i < movies.size()` true, `numericPart.equals()` false

TC-COV-3: addMovieDuplicateNumeric() - **Path Covered:** Path 3 (duplicate detection) - **Setup:** - Add "Matrix" (M001) - numeric part: 001 - Attempt "Avatar" (A001) - numeric part: 001 - **Action:** store.addMovie(duplicate) - **Assertion:** Throws DataIntegrityException - **Coverage:** - Statement: Exception throw statement executed - Branch: Duplicate condition true - Condition: `numericPart.equals(otherNumericPart)` evaluates to true

3.1.2.2 Testing addUser() - Paths 4-6 **TC-COV-4: addUserValid()** - **Path Covered:** Path 4 (integrity check passes) - **Setup:** - DataStore with "Matrix" (M001) - User "Alice" (123456789) likes ["M001"] - **Action:** store.addUser(u) - **Assertion:** getUsers().size() == 1 - **Coverage:** - Statement: All statements in addUser and checkIntegrity - Branch: checkIntegrity returns true, user added - Condition: Movie exists check true, no duplicate ID check true

TC-COV-5: addUserInvalid() - **Path Covered:** Path 5 (missing movie reference) - **Setup:** - Empty DataStore (no movies) - User "Alice" likes ["M001"] (doesn't exist) - **Action:** store.addUser(u) - **Assertion:** Throws DataIntegrityException with message "movie with ID M001 does not exist" - **Coverage:** - Statement: Exception path in checkIntegrity - Branch: Movie exists check fails - Condition: `getMovieById(id) == null` evaluates to true

TC-COV-6: addUserDuplicateId() - **Path Covered:** Path 6 (duplicate user ID) - **Setup:** - DataStore with “Matrix” (M001) - User “Alice” (123456789) already added - Attempt to add “Bob” (123456789) - same ID - **Action:** store.addUser(u2) - **Assertion:** Throws DataIntegrityException with message about duplicate ID - **Coverage:** - Statement: Duplicate ID check in checkIntegrity - Branch: Duplicate ID condition true - Condition: existingUser.getId().equals(user.getId()) evaluates to true

3.1.2.3 Testing getMovieById() - Paths 7-8 TC-COV-7: getMovieByIdExists() - **Path Covered:** Path 7 (movie found) - **Setup:** - DataStore with “Matrix” (M001) - **Action:** store.getMovieById("M001") - **Assertion:** assertNotNull(result) and result is “Matrix” - **Coverage:** - Statement: Return statement inside loop - Branch: ID match condition true, early return - Condition: movie.getId().equals(id) evaluates to true

TC-COV-8: getMovieByIdNotFound() - **Path Covered:** Path 8 (not found) - **Setup:** - Empty DataStore - **Action:** store.getMovieById("X999") - **Assertion:** assertNull(result) - **Coverage:** - Statement: Return null statement after loop - Branch: Loop completes without match - Condition: All movie.getId().equals(id) evaluate to false

3.1.3 Coverage Metrics Achieved

Coverage Report: `src/test/java/com/example/wbt/path_coverage/DataStoreClassTest`

Method	Statement Coverage	Branch Coverage	Condition Coverage
addMovie()	100%	100%	100%
addUser()	100%	100%	N/A*
checkIntegrity()	100%	100%	100%
getMovieById()	100%	100%	100%

Overall Result: 100% statement, branch, and condition coverage achieved

Note: *Condition coverage for addUser() is marked N/A because checkIntegrity() never returns false—it either returns true or throws an exception, so there’s no true/false branch in the traditional sense.

3.2 Data Flow Testing

Location: `src/test/java/com/example/wbt/data_flow/`
Documentation: `docs/data_flow/`

Data flow testing focuses on **definition-use (DU) paths** for variables. A DU path is a path from where a variable is defined to where it's used, with no redefinition in between.

Coverage Criteria: - **All-Defs:** Every variable definition reaches at least one use - **All-Uses:** Every use of every definition is exercised - **All-DU-Paths:** Every definition-clear path from definition to use is tested

Target Methods: Three most complex methods identified through cyclomatic complexity and control flow analysis: 1. `MovieParser.parseMovies(String)` 2. `UserParser.parseUsers(String)` 3. `Recommender.recommendMovies(User)`

3.2.1 3.2.1 MovieParser.parseMovies() Data Flow Testing

Method Signature: `List<Movie> parseMovies(String moviesFileData)`

Complexity Factors: - While loop with manual index management (`i` incremented at multiple points) - Multiple guard/exception branches - Nested iteration for genre normalization - Variable `i` has multiple redefinitions

Reference: [docs/data_flow/movieparser-parseMovies.md](#)

3.2.1.1 Variables Tracked

Variable	Definition Points	Use Points
<code>lines</code>	<code>split("\n")</code>	Loop condition, array access
<code>i</code>	Initial = 0, three <code>i++</code> locations	Loop condition (P-use), array indexing (C-use)
<code>titleAndId</code>	<code>line.split(", ", 2)</code>	Length check (P-use), array access (C-use)
<code>title</code>	<code>titleAndId[0].trim()</code>	Movie constructor (C-use)
<code>id</code>	<code>titleAndId[1].trim()</code>	Movie constructor, exception messages (C-use)
<code>line</code>	Two definitions: header line, genres line	Split operations (C-use)
<code>genresArray</code>	<code>line.split(", ")</code>	Length check (P-use), digit regex (P-use), iteration (C-use)

Variable	Definition Points	Use Points
genres	<code>new ArrayList<>()</code>	add() calls (C-use), Movie constructor (C-use)
movie	<code>new Movie(...)</code>	List add (C-use)

3.2.1.2 Definition-Use Paths

- DU-Path 1:** `i` definition (initial) → P-use in `while (i < lines.length)`
- DU-Path 2:** `i++` (after header) → P-use in `if (i >= lines.length)`
- DU-Path 3:** `i` → C-use in `lines[i]` (header access)
- DU-Path 4:** `i++` (after header) → C-use in `lines[i]` (genres access)
- DU-Path 5:** `titleAndId` definition → P-use in `if (titleAndId.length < 2)`
- DU-Path 6:** `titleAndId` definition → C-use in `titleAndId[0], titleAndId[1]`
- DU-Path 7:** `genresArray` → P-use in `if (genresArray.length > 1)`
- DU-Path 8:** `genresArray` → P-use in digit regex match
- DU-Path 9:** `genresArray` → C-use in for-each loop
- DU-Path 10:** `i++` (end of iteration) → P-use in next iteration's `while` condition

3.2.1.3 Test Cases Test Class: MovieParserDataFlowTest

TC-DF-MP-1: parseMovies_puseTitleAndIdLength_true_skipsLine_thenParsesNext()

- **DU-Path:** `titleAndId.length < 2` → true → `i++` → continue → next iteration
- **Input:** BadLineWithoutComma The Matrix, TM001 Action, SciFi - **Expected:** Skips first line, parses “The Matrix” successfully - **Variables Covered:** `titleAndId` (P-use length check), `i` (redefinition and reuse)

TC-DF-MP-2: parseMovies_puseMissingGenres_true_throws() - **DU-Path:** `i++` after header → `i >= lines.length` → true → throw exception - **Input:** The Matrix, TM001 - **Expected:** Throws `MovieException` “Genres are missing for movie TM001” - **Variables Covered:** `i` (definition → P-use), `id` (C-use in exception message)

TC-DF-MP-3: parseMovies_puseInvalidGenres_secondTokenHasDigit_throws()

- **DU-Path:** `genresArray` definition → P-use in digit regex → true → throw - **Input:** The Matrix, TM001 Action, Sc1Fi - **Expected:** Throws `MovieException` “Genres are invalid for movie TM001” - **Variables Covered:** `genresArray` (P-use in regex), `id` (C-use in message)

TC-DF-MP-4: parseMovies_oneCompleteMovie_singleIteration() - **DU-Path:** `i` initial definition → one iteration → `i++` → exit condition - **Input:** Matrix, M001 Action - **Expected:** Returns list with 1 movie - **Variables Covered:** `i` (definition → multiple C-uses and P-uses in single iteration)

TC-DF-MP-5: parseMovies_multipleSkipLines_thenValidMovie_exercisesMultipleIFs()

- **DU-Path:** Multiple `i` redefinitions with skip branches - **Input:** BadLine1 BadLine2

BadLine3 The Matrix,TM001 Action,SciFi,Thriller - **Expected:** Skips 3 lines, parses one movie - **Variables Covered:** i (multiple redefinitions → P-uses in each iteration)

TC-DF-MP-6: parseMovies_singleGenreToken_genresArrayLengthOne() - **DU-Path:** genresArray.length > 1 → false → skip digit check - **Input:** Matrix,M001 Action - **Expected:** Successfully parses with single genre - **Variables Covered:** genresArray (P-use length check false branch)

TC-DF-MP-7: parseMovies_genresWithMultipleTokens_noDigit() - **DU-Path:** genresArray.length > 1 → true, digit check → false - **Input:** The Matrix,TM001 Action,SciFi,Thriller - **Expected:** Successfully parses with multiple genres - **Variables Covered:** genresArray (both P-uses: length true, digit false)

TC-DF-MP-8: parseMovies_secondGenreTokenHasDigit_throws() - **DU-Path:** genresArray[1].matches(".|d.") → true → throw - **Input:** Movie,M001 Action,Sc1Fi - **Expected:** Throws exception - **Variables Covered:** genresArray (P-use in digit detection)

TC-DF-MP-9: parseMovies_headerOnly_noGenresLine_throws() - **DU-Path:** i++ after header → i >= lines.length → true - **Input:** OnlyHeader,H001 - **Expected:** Throws “Genres are missing” - **Variables Covered:** i (definition → P-use at boundary check)

TC-DF-MP-10: parseMovies_iIncrementedTwicePerIteration() - **DU-Path:** i++ after header, i++ after genres → next iteration - **Input:** Movie1,M001 Action Movie2,M002 Drama - **Expected:** Parses 2 movies - **Variables Covered:** i (two redefinitions per iteration, reuse in next iteration)

3.2.1.4 Coverage Summary for MovieParser

Criterion	Coverage	Test Cases
All-Defs	100%	All 10 tests
All-Uses	100%	All 10 tests
All-DU-Paths	100%	All 10 tests

Total Test Cases: 10

3.2.2 3.2.2 UserParser.parseUsers() Data Flow Testing

Method Signature: List<User> parseUsers(String usersFileData)

Complexity Factors: - For-loop with non-standard step ($i += 2$) - Multiple exception branches based on input structure - Helper method call (`addLikedMovies`) with its own predicate + loop - Boundary check for liked movies line existence

Reference: docs/data_flow/userparser-parseUsers.md

3.2.2.1 Variables Tracked

Variable	Definition Points	Use Points
lines	split("\n")	Length access, array indexing
length	lines.length	Loop condition (P-use)
i	= 0, i += 2 (multiple times)	Loop condition (P-use), array indexing (C-use), boundary checks (P-use)
parts	lines[i].split(",")	Length check (P-use), array access (C-use)
user	new User(...)	addLikedMovies parameter (C-use), list add (C-use)

Helper Method Variables (addLikedMovies):

Variable	Definition Points	Use Points
parts	l.split(",")	Digit check (P-use), iteration (C-use)

3.2.2.2 Definition-Use Paths DU-Path 1: i = 0 → P-use in for (int i = 0; i < length; ...)

DU-Path 2: parts definition → P-use in if (parts.length != 2)

DU-Path 3: parts definition → C-use in new User(parts[0], parts[1], ...)

DU-Path 4: i → P-use in if (i+1 < length)

DU-Path 5: i → C-use in lines[i+1] access

DU-Path 6: i += 2 → P-use in next iteration's loop condition

DU-Path 7: Helper parts → P-use in digit regex check

DU-Path 8: Helper parts → C-use in for-each loop

3.2.2.3 Test Cases Test Class: UserParserDataFlowTest

TC-DF-UP-1: parseUsers_pusePartsLengthNot2_true_throws() - DU-Path: parts.length != 2 → true → throw exception - **Input:** Alice,123456789,EXTRA M001 - **Expected:** Throws UserException "Invalid user data format" - **Variables Covered:** parts (P-use in length check), i (C-use in error message)

TC-DF-UP-2: `parseUsers_puseHasLikedLine_false_throws()` - **DU-Path:** $(i+1 < \text{length}) \rightarrow \text{false} \rightarrow \text{throw exception}$ - **Input:** Alice,123456789
- **Expected:** Throws “Liked movies are invalid for user 123456789” - **Variables Covered:** `i` and `length` (P-use in boundary check), `user` (C-use in message)

TC-DF-UP-3: `parseUsers_addLikedMovies_puseFirstTokenHasDigit_false_throws()`
- **DU-Path:** `parts[0].matches(".|d.")` → false → throw - **Input:** Alice,123456789 MOVIE
- **Expected:** Throws exception (no digit in liked movies) - **Variables Covered:** Helper method `parts` (P-use in digit check)

TC-DF-UP-4: `parseUsers_emptyString_throws()` - **DU-Path:** Edge case
- empty input - **Input:** "" - **Expected:** Returns empty list or handles gracefully - **Variables Covered:** `lines` (definition → immediate use in length)

TC-DF-UP-5: `parseUsers_oneUser_singleIteration_coversIDefAndUse()`
- **DU-Path:** `i = 0` → one iteration → `i += 2` → exit - **Input:** Alice,123456789 M001,M002
- **Expected:** Returns 1 user with 2 liked movies - **Variables Covered:** `i` (initial definition → all uses in single iteration)

TC-DF-UP-6: `parseUsers_twoUsers_twoIterations_coversIReDefAndSecondIteration()`
- **DU-Path:** `i = 0` → `i = 2` → second iteration with different liked movies - **Input:** Alice,123456789 M001,M002 Bob,987654321 M003,M004
- **Expected:** Returns 2 users with different liked movies - **Variables Covered:** `i` (redefinition via `i += 2` → reuse in second iteration)

TC-DF-UP-7: `parseUsers_pusePartsLengthEquals2_false_continues()`
- **DU-Path:** `parts.length == 2` → condition false → continue processing - **Input:** Alice,123456789 M001
- **Expected:** Successful parsing - **Variables Covered:** `parts` (P-use with condition false)

TC-DF-UP-8: `parseUsers_partsLengthOne_throws()` - **DU-Path:** `parts.length = 1` → `!= 2` → true → throw - **Input:** AliceOnly M001
- **Expected:** Throws “Invalid user data format” - **Variables Covered:** `parts` (P-use with length 1)

TC-DF-UP-9: `parseUsers_partsLengthThree_throws()` - **DU-Path:** `parts.length = 3` → `!= 2` → true → throw - **Input:** Alice,123456789,Extra M001
- **Expected:** Throws “Invalid user data format” - **Variables Covered:** `parts` (P-use with length 3)

TC-DF-UP-10: `parseUsers_iPlusOneAtBoundary_validUser()` - **DU-Path:** $(i+1 < \text{length})$ exactly at boundary - **Input:** Alice,123456789 M001
- **Expected:** Successful ($i+1$ exactly equals length at end) - **Variables Covered:** `i` (P-use at exact boundary)

TC-DF-UP-11: `parseUsers_addLikedMovies_singleId_oneIteration()` - **DU-Path:** Helper parts with one element → loop once - **Input:** Alice,123456789 M001
- **Expected:** User with 1 liked movie - **Variables Covered:** Helper parts (C-use in single-iteration loop)

TC-DF-UP-12: `parseUsers_addLikedMovies_multipleIds_multipleIterations()`
- **DU-Path:** Helper parts with multiple elements → loop multiple times - **Input:**

Alice,123456789 M001,M002,M003,M004 - **Expected:** User with 4 liked movies - **Variables Covered:** Helper parts (C-use in multi-iteration loop)

TC-DF-UP-13: parseUsers_addLikedMovies_firstTokenNoDigit_throws()

- **DU-Path:** parts[0] without digit → regex false → throw - **Input:** Alice,123456789 INVALID - **Expected:** Throws exception - **Variables Covered:** Helper parts (P-use with regex failing)

TC-DF-UP-14: parseUsers_addLikedMovies_firstTokenHasDigit_continues()

- **DU-Path:** parts[0] with digit → regex true → continue - **Input:** Alice,123456789 M001,M002 - **Expected:** Successful parsing - **Variables Covered:** Helper parts (P-use with regex passing)

3.2.2.4 Coverage Summary for UserParser

Criterion	Coverage	Test Cases
All-Defs	100%	All 14 tests
All-Uses	100%	All 14 tests
All-DU-Paths	100%	All 14 tests

Total Test Cases: 14

3.2.3 3.2.3 Recommender.recommendMovies() Data Flow Testing

Method Signature: List<Movie> recommendMovies(User user)

Complexity Factors: - Nested loops with multiple levels - De-duplication logic for genres (contains() predicate) - Early-exit logic (break) - Skip logic (continue) - Multiple derived data structures (likedMovies, likedGenres, recommendations)

Reference: [docs/data_flow/recommender-recommendMovies.md](#)

3.2.3.1 Variables Tracked

Variable	Definition Points	Use Points
likedMoviesIDs	user.getLikedMovies()	For-each loop (C-use)
likedMovies	new ArrayList<>()	add() calls (C-use), contains() (P-use), iteration (C-use)

Variable	Definition Points	Use Points
likedGenres	<code>new ArrayList<>()</code>	<code>add()</code> calls (C-use), <code>contains()</code> (P-use multiple times)
genres	<code>movie.getGenres()</code>	For-each iteration (C-use)
genre	Loop variable (2 contexts)	<code>contains()</code> checks (P-use), <code>add()</code> calls (C-use)
recommendations	<code>new ArrayList<>()</code>	<code>add()</code> calls (C-use), return (C-use)
movie	Loop variable (2 contexts)	Method calls (C-use), <code>contains()</code> (P-use)

3.2.3.2 Definition-Use Paths DU-Path 1: `likedMoviesIDs` definition → C-use in first for-each loop

DU-Path 2: `likedMovies` definition → C-use in `add()` during first loop

DU-Path 3: `likedMovies` definition → C-use in iteration during second loop

DU-Path 4: `likedMovies` definition → P-use in `contains()` during third loop

DU-Path 5: `likedGenres` definition → P-use in `!likedGenres.contains(genre)` during construction

DU-Path 6: `likedGenres` definition → C-use in `add()` when genre is unique

DU-Path 7: `likedGenres` definition → P-use in `likedGenres.contains(genre)` during recommendation

DU-Path 8: `recommendations` definition → C-use in `add()` when match found

DU-Path 9: `recommendations` definition → C-use in return statement

DU-Path 10: `genre` definition (inner loop) → P-use in `contains()` checks

3.2.3.3 Test Cases Test Class: RecommenderDataFlowTest

TC-DF-R-1: recommendMovies_emptyLikedMoviesIds_zeroIterationsInFirstLoops_returnsEmptyList
- DU-Path: `likedMoviesIDs` empty → 0 iterations → `recommendations` empty - **Setup:** - User with empty liked movies list - DataStore with available movies - **Expected:** Returns empty list - **Variables Covered:** `likedMoviesIDs` (definition → 0-iteration use), `recommendations` (definition → return with no adds)

TC-DF-R-2: recommendMovies_exercises_skipLiked_continue_and_recommend_break()
- DU-Path: - `likedMovies.contains(movie)` → true → continue - `likedGenres.contains(genre)` → true → add + break - **Setup:** - User likes “The Matrix” (Action, Sci-Fi, Thriller) - DataStore: “The Matrix”, “John Wick” (Action), “Finding Nemo” (Animation) - **Expected:** Recommends “John Wick”, skips “The Matrix”,

skips “Finding Nemo” - **Variables Covered:** - `likedMovies` (P-use in `contains()` → true branch) - `likedGenres` (P-use in `contains()` → true branch with break) - `recommendations` (C-use in `add()`)

TC-DF-R-3: `recommendMovies_buildsLikedGenres_uniqueAddPath()` - **DU-Path:** `!likedGenres.contains(genre)` → true → add genre - **Setup:** - User likes movie with unique genres: “Matrix” (Action, Sci-Fi, Thriller) - **Expected:** `likedGenres` contains all 3 genres - **Variables Covered:** `likedGenres` (P-use in `contains()` → false, then C-use in `add()`)

TC-DF-R-4: `recommendMovies_singleLikedMovie_oneIterationAllLoops()` - **DU-Path:** Size 1 lists → single iteration through all loops - **Setup:** - User likes “Matrix” (Action) - DataStore: “Matrix”, “John Wick” (Action) - **Expected:** Recommends “John Wick” - **Variables Covered:** All loops with exactly 1 iteration each

TC-DF-R-5: `recommendMovies_multipleLikedMovies_multipleIterations_multipleResults()` - **DU-Path:** Multiple iterations building genres from multiple movies - **Setup:** - User likes “Matrix” (Action, Sci-Fi) and “Inception” (Action, Mystery) - DataStore includes candidates matching different genre subsets - **Expected:** Multiple recommendations based on merged genre set - **Variables Covered:** - `likedMovies` (multiple C-uses across iterations) - `likedGenres` (built from multiple movies) - `recommendations` (multiple adds)

TC-DF-R-6: `recommendMovies_duplicateGenres_skipsDuplicateAdd()` - **DU-Path:** `!likedGenres.contains(genre)` → false → skip add - **Setup:** - User likes movies with overlapping genres - “Matrix” (Action, Sci-Fi) and “John Wick” (Action, Thriller) - **Expected:** “Action” appears once in `likedGenres` - **Variables Covered:** `likedGenres` (P-use in `contains()` → true branch, no add)

TC-DF-R-7: `recommendMovies_noGenreMatches()` - **DU-Path:** Inner genre loop completes with no matches → no add - **Setup:** - User likes “Matrix” (Action) - DataStore only has “Finding Nemo” (Animation), “La La Land” (Musical) - **Expected:** Empty recommendations - **Variables Covered:** - `likedGenres` (P-use in inner `contains()` → always false) - `recommendations` (no adds, return empty)

TC-DF-R-8: `recommendMovies_multipleGenres_firstMatches()` - **DU-Path:** First genre in candidate matches → add + break (short-circuit) - **Setup:** - User likes “Matrix” (Action, Sci-Fi) - Candidate “John Wick” (Action, Thriller, Crime) - first genre matches - **Expected:** “John Wick” recommended, inner loop breaks early - **Variables Covered:** - `genre` (first iteration → P-use true → break) - `recommendations` (add on first match)

TC-DF-R-9: `recommendMovies_multipleGenres_laterMatches()` - **DU-Path:** First genres don’t match → later genre matches → add + break - **Setup:** - User likes “Matrix” (Sci-Fi) - Candidate has genres [Drama, Thriller, Sci-Fi] - third genre matches - **Expected:** Candidate recommended after checking multiple genres - **Variables Covered:** `genre` (multiple P-uses, eventually true)

TC-DF-R-10: `recommendMovies_allDUPathsCombined()` - **DU-Path:** Comprehensive test combining all paths - **Setup:** - Multiple liked movies with overlapping/unique genres - Multiple candidates: some liked, some matching, some not - **Expected:** Correct filtering and recommendation - **Variables Covered:** All tracked vari-

ables through all DU-paths

3.2.3.4 Coverage Summary for Recommender

Criterion	Coverage	Test Cases
All-Defs	100%	All 10 tests
All-Uses	100%	All 10 tests
All-DU-Paths	100%	All 10 tests

Total Test Cases: 10

3.2.4 3.2.4 Additional Data Flow Tests

Test Class: `UserDataAdapterTest`

Purpose: Cover definition-use paths in the `User` class constructor, which contains complex validation logic.

Variables Tracked: - `name` (definition → P-uses in regex validations) - `id` (definition → P-uses in format and length validations) - Field assignments (C-uses)

Total Test Cases: 18

Key Test Scenarios: - Name validation: regex failures (starts with space, contains digits, mixed case) - ID format validation: regex failures (non-digit prefix, invalid characters) - ID length validation: boundary cases (8 chars, 10 chars) - Successful construction paths with various valid inputs

3.2.5 3.2.5 Data Flow Testing Summary

Test Class	Target Method	Variables Tracked	Test Cases	Coverage
<code>MovieParserDataFlowTest</code>	<code>parseMovies()</code>	9 variables	10	100% All-DU-Paths
<code>UserParserDataFlowTest</code>	<code>parseUsers()</code>	6 variables	14	100% All-DU-Paths
<code>RecommenderDataFlowTest</code>	<code>parseMovies()</code>	7 variables	10	100% All-DU-Paths
<code>UserDataFlowTest</code>	<code>User constructor</code>	3 variables	18	100% All-DU-Paths

Total Data Flow Tests: 52 test methods

Key Achievements: - All variable definitions reach uses (All-Defs) - All uses of all definitions tested (All-Uses) - All definition-clear paths covered (All-DU-Paths) - Complex control flow thoroughly validated - Edge cases and boundary conditions tested

4 4. Overall Testing Summary

4.1 4.1 Test Distribution

Testing Type	Test Classes	Test Methods	Coverage
Integration Testing	3	5	Component interactions
Path Coverage Testing	1	8	100% statement/branch/condition
Data Flow Testing	4	52	100% All-DU-Paths
Total	8	65	Comprehensive

4.2 4.2 Testing Techniques Applied

4.2.1 Integration Testing (Top-Down)

- Tests component interactions
- Uses strategic mocking (Mockito)
- Validates workflow orchestration
- Verifies referential integrity across components

4.2.2 White-Box Testing: Coverage-Based

- Achieves 100% statement coverage
- Achieves 100% branch coverage
- Achieves 100% condition coverage
- Tests all control flow paths

4.2.3 White-Box Testing: Data Flow

- Achieves 100% All-Defs coverage
- Achieves 100% All-Uses coverage
- Achieves 100% All-DU-Paths coverage
- Tracks variables through complex control flow
- Tests variable redefinitions and reuses

4.3 4.3 Key Strengths

1. **Comprehensive Coverage:** Multiple complementary testing strategies ensure thorough validation

2. **Systematic Approach:** Each technique applied methodically with clear criteria
3. **Documentation:** Detailed documentation of paths, DU-paths, and test rationale
4. **Real-World Scenarios:** Tests include edge cases, boundary conditions, and error paths
5. **Maintainability:** Clear test names and structure facilitate maintenance

4.4 Testing Tools

- **JUnit 5.9.1:** Test framework
 - **Mockito 5.8.0:** Mocking framework for integration tests
 - **Maven Surefire:** Test execution
 - **JaCoCo:** Coverage reporting
-

5 Conclusion

This project demonstrates a **professional-level software testing approach** that combines multiple testing strategies to ensure comprehensive quality assurance:

- **Integration testing** validates component interactions and workflow orchestration
- **Coverage-based testing** ensures all code paths are executed
- **Data flow testing** validates correct variable usage through all control flow paths

The combination of these techniques provides confidence in both the **functional correctness** and **structural completeness** of the Movie Recommendation System. The systematic application of testing criteria (statement/branch/condition coverage, All-Defs/Uses/DU-Paths) demonstrates rigorous software engineering practices.

Total Test Cases: 65 across 8 test classes

Overall Coverage: 100% across all metrics measured