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FORECASTING PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICE

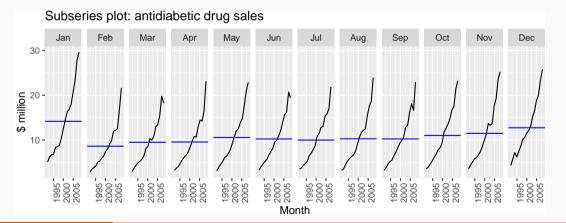


2. Time series graphics

2.5 Seasonal subseries plotsOTexts.org/fpp3/

Seasonal subseries plots

```
a10 |>
    gg_subseries(Cost) +
    labs(y = "$ million", title = "Subseries plot: antidiabetic drug sales")
```

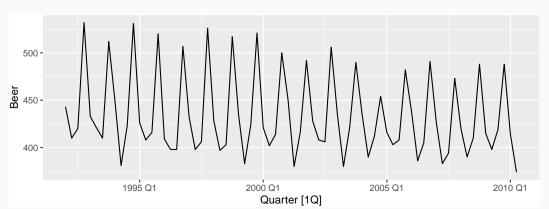


Seasonal subseries plots

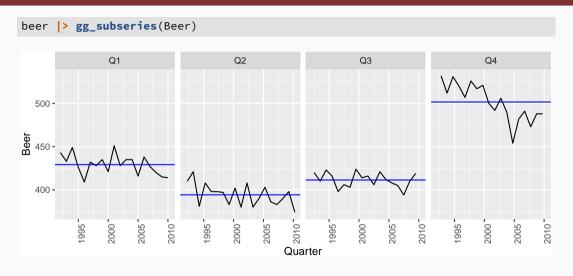
- Data for each season collected together in time plot as separate time series.
- Enables the underlying seasonal pattern to be seen clearly, and changes in seasonality over time to be visualized.
- In R: gg_subseries()

Quarterly Australian Beer Production

```
beer <- aus_production |>
    select(Quarter, Beer) |>
    filter(year(Quarter) >= 1992)
beer |> autoplot(Beer)
```



Quarterly Australian Beer Production



Australian holidays

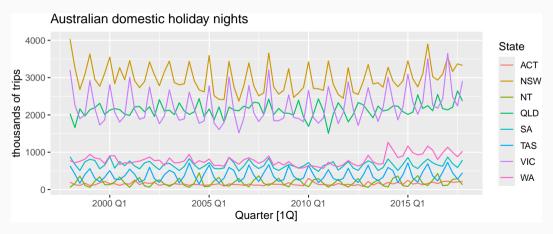
9 ACT

2000 01 158

```
holidays <- tourism |>
  filter(Purpose == "Holiday") |>
 group_by(State) |>
  summarise(Trips = sum(Trips))
## # A tsibble: 640 x 3 [10]
## # Kev:
               State [8]
  State Ouarter Trips
##
  <chr> <gtr> <dbl>
##
   1 ACT
##
          1998 Q1 196.
   2 ACT 1998 02 127.
##
##
   3 ACT 1998 03 111.
   4 ACT
##
          1998 Q4 170.
   5 ACT 1999 Q1 108.
##
   6 ACT
           1999 02 125.
##
   7 ACT
          1999 03 178.
##
   8 ACT
##
           1999 04 218.
```

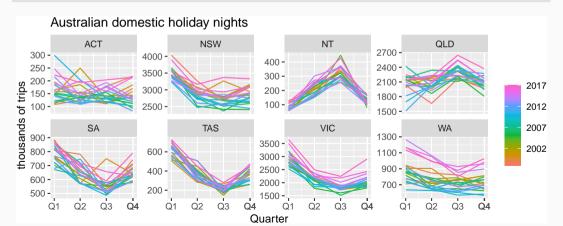
Australian holidays

```
holidays |> autoplot(Trips) +
  labs(y = "thousands of trips", title = "Australian domestic holiday nights")
```



Seasonal plots

```
holidays |> gg_season(Trips) +
  facet_wrap(vars(State), nrow = 2, scales = "free_y")+
  labs(y = "thousands of trips", title = "Australian domestic holiday nights")
```



Seasonal subseries plots

```
holidays |>
    gg_subseries(Trips) +
    labs(y = "thousands of trips", title = "Australian domestic holiday nights")
```

