

DATA ANALYSIS FOR ECONOMICS

– Modern Introduction

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OFFICE: D303 Economics Building

OFFICE HOUR: Tue 2:00 - 4:00pm or by appointment

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COURSE HOMEPAGE: jiamingmao.github.io/data-analysis

GITHUB REPOSITORY: github.com/jiamingmao/data-analysis

COURSE DESCRIPTION

This course offers a unified introduction to the principles and methods of **statistical learning** and **causal inference** – two areas essential to data analysis in economics. The first part of this course introduces learning theory and a number of modern machine learning methods used for pattern recognition and predictive modeling. The second part introduces the theory of causal inference. We survey a number of frequently used econometric methods and discuss how machine learning methods can be used fruitfully for causal effect learning. Finally, we discuss structural models and structural estimation.

The goal of this course is to equip students with both a solid theoretical foundation, and the tools they need to conduct hands-on empirical research using state-of-the-art technology. The lecture materials are written to be both deep conceptually and easy to follow technically. Throughout the course, methods are demonstrated with applications to actual and simulated problems in various fields of applied economics, such as labor economics, industrial organization, finance, and marketing. Students will learn how to explore and analyze large high-dimensional datasets, choose appropriate methods for answering different types of queries, including associational, causal, and counterfactual, as well as gaining valuable computational skills.

The course spans the fields of econometrics, statistics, and computer science. Although the focus is on the analysis of economic data, the theories and the tools presented should be useful for a wide range of research areas in business and the social sciences.

COURSE OUTLINE

PART I

We begin with the theory of learning: why we are able to learn any patterns from observed data, what a model is, how to choose the best model, and what methods we can use to estimate them. We then survey a range of statistical and machine learning techniques data scientists use today to solve supervised and unsupervised learning problems.

Our topics include:

- Foundations of Statistical Learning
- Regression
- Classification
- Model Selection and Regularization
- Support Vector Machines
- Tree-based Methods
- Neural Networks

PART II

In this part, we introduce the theory of causal inference: what is causality, when associations do *not* imply causation and when they *do*, and what strategies we can use to identify and estimate causal effects from observational data. We then survey a number of methods used by econometricians today to estimate causal effects and evaluate the effects of policy programs. Finally, we introduce scientific models. These are models that describe the data-generating causal mechanisms. In the econometrics literature, scientific models based on economic theory are referred to as structural models. We discuss their use for prediction, causal inference, welfare analysis, and counterfactual simulation.

Our topics include:

- Foundations of Causal Inference
- Regression and Matching
- Instrumental Variables
- Panel Data Models
- Quasi-Experimental Methods
- Dynamic Structural Models

COMPUTING

You are expected to have some familiarity with at least one programming/statistical computing language. We provide ample data analysis problems for you to work through in this course. Programs written in **R**, **Python**, **Matlab**, or **Stata** are provided. For your homework and final project, you can choose any language that you are familiar with.

TEXTBOOK

There are no required textbooks for this course. The following are recommended readings for the topics that we cover in this course.

Undergraduate

- Angrist and Pischke. (2009). *Mostly Harmless Econometrics: An Empiricist's Companion*. Princeton University Press.
- Cameron, A. C. and P. K. Trivedi. (2010). *Microeconometrics using Stata* (Revised ed.). Stata Press.
- Morgan, S. L. and C. Winship. (2007). *Counterfactuals and Causal Inference: Methods and Principles for Social Research*. Cambridge University Press.
- James, G., D. Witten, T. Hastie, and R. Tibshirani. (2013). *An Introduction to Statistical Learning: with Applications in R*. Springer.
- Russell, S. (2009). *Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach* (3rd ed.). Pearson.
- Wooldridge, J. M. (2019). *Introductory Econometrics: A Modern Approach* (7th ed.). Cengage Learning.

Graduate

- Bishop, C. M. (2011). *Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning*. Springer.
- Cameron, A. C. and P. K. Trivedi. (2005). *Microeconometrics: Methods and Applications*. Cambridge University Press.
- Hastie, T., R. Tibshirani, and J. Friedman. (2008). *The Elements of Statistical Learning* (2nd ed.). Springer.
- Pearl, J. (2009). *Causality: Models, Reasoning and Inference* (2nd ed.). Cambridge University Press.
- Wooldridge, J. M. (2011). *Econometric Analysis of Cross Section and Panel Data* (2nd ed.). The MIT Press.