Task 1 - SQL

Build SparkSession:

```
In [2]:
            import findspark
          2 findspark.init()
          3 import pyspark
          4 from pyspark.sql import SparkSession
            spark = SparkSession.builder.appName('SparkSQL').enableHiveSupport().getOrCr
        21/10/26 16:06:38 WARN Utils: Your hostname, yousri-Lenovo-Legion-5-15IMH05H re
        solves to a loopback address: 127.0.1.1; using 192.168.1.105 instead (on interf
        ace wlp0s20f3)
        21/10/26 16:06:38 WARN Utils: Set SPARK LOCAL IP if you need to bind to another
        address
        WARNING: An illegal reflective access operation has occurred
        WARNING: Illegal reflective access by org.apache.spark.unsafe.Platform (file:/o
        pt/spark/jars/spark-unsafe_2.12-3.0.1.jar) to constructor java.nio.DirectByteBu
        ffer(long,int)
        WARNING: Please consider reporting this to the maintainers of org.apache.spark.
        unsafe.Platform
        WARNING: Use --illegal-access=warn to enable warnings of further illegal reflec
        tive access operations
        WARNING: All illegal access operations will be denied in a future release
        21/10/26 16:06:50 WARN NativeCodeLoader: Unable to load native-hadoop library f
        or your platform... using builtin-java classes where applicable
        Using Spark's default log4j profile: org/apache/spark/log4j-defaults.properties
        Setting default log level to "WARN".
        To adjust logging level use sc.setLogLevel(newLevel). For SparkR, use setLogLev
```

Read the json file:

el(newLevel).

Display the schema:

```
In [26]:
         1 df.printSchema()
       root
        |-- Id: integer (nullable = true)
         |-- Model: string (nullable = true)
        |-- Year: integer (nullable = true)
        |-- ScreenSize: string (nullable = true)
         |-- RAM: string (nullable = true)
        |-- HDD: string (nullable = true)
         -- W: double (nullable = true)
        |-- D: double (nullable = true)
         -- H: double (nullable = true)
        |-- Weight: double (nullable = true)
In [27]:
         1 df.show()
       Model|Year|ScreenSize| RAM|
                                          HDD| W|
        1|MacBook Pro|2015| 15"|16GB|512GB SSD|13.75|9.48|0.61| 4.02|
2| MacBook|2016| 12"|8GB|256GB SSD|11.04|7.74|0.52| 2.03|
         2|
         3|MacBook Air|2016| 13.3"| 8GB|128GB SSD| 12.8|8.94|0.68| 2.96|
4| iMac|2017| 27"|64GB| 1TB SSD| 25.6| 8.0|20.3| 20.8|
       Get all the data when "Model" equal "MacBook Pro":
In [30]:
         1 from pyspark.sql.functions import *
In [32]:
         1 df.where(col('Model') == 'MacBook Pro').show()
       Model|Year|ScreenSize| RAM|
                                         HDD|
```

```
1 | 1 | MacBook Pro | 2015 | 15" | 16GB | 512GB SSD | 13.75 | 9.48 | 0.61 | 4.02 |
    In [35]:
     1 spark.sql(""" SELECT *
     2
             FROM APPLE
     3
            WHERE MODEL == 'MacBook Pro'
            """).show()
    Model|Year|ScreenSize| RAM| HDD|
    | 1|MacBook Pro|2015|
                 15"|16GB|512GB SSD|13.75|9.48|0.61| 4.02|
    +---+----+----+----+
```

Create TempView:

Display "RAM" column and count "RAM" column:

```
spark.sql(""" SELECT RAM
In [43]:
                          FROM APPLE
                          """).show()
          3
            spark.sql(""" SELECT COUNT(RAM)
          5
                          FROM APPLE
                          """).show()
          6
         +---+
         | RAM|
         +---+
         |16GB|
         | 8GB|
         | 8GB|
         64GB
         +---+
         +----+
         |count(RAM)|
         +----+
         +----+
```

Get all columns when "Year" column equal "2015"

Get all when "Model" start with "M":

```
In [46]:
     1 | df.where(col('Model').startswith('M')).show()
    Model|Year|ScreenSize| RAM| HDD|
                                D
     1 spark.sql(""" SELECT *
In [47]:
     2
            FROM APPLE
     3
             WHERE Model LIKE 'M%'
            """).show()
    Model|Year|ScreenSize| RAM| HDD| W|
                                D| H|Weight|
    1|MacBook Pro|2015| 15"|16GB|512GB SSD|13.75|9.48|0.61| 4.02|
2| MacBook|2016| 12"| 8GB|256GB SSD|11.04|7.74|0.52| 2.03|
    | 2|
    3 | MacBook Air | 2016 | 13.3" | 8GB | 128GB SSD | 12.8 | 8.94 | 0.68 | 2.96 |
```

Get all data when "Model" column equal "MacBook Pro"

Get all data with Multiple Conditions when "RAM" column equal "8GB"

and "Model" column is "Macbook".

Get all data with Multiple Conditions when "D" greater than or equal "8" and "Model" column is "iMac".

```
In [52]:
      1
        spark.sql(""" SELECT *
      2
                FROM APPLE
      3
                WHERE D = 8 and Model = 'iMac'
               """).show()
      4
     +--+---+---+---+----+
     | Id|Model|Year|ScreenSize| RAM| HDD| W| D|
                                    H|Weight|
     | 4| iMac|2017|
                   27"|64GB|1TB SSD|25.6|8.0|20.3| 20.8|
     +---+----+
```

Task 2

Read "test1" dataset:

```
In [57]:
         1 df_test1.show()
        +----+
             Name | age | Experience | Salary |
            Krish 31
                            10|30000.0|
        |Sudhanshu| 30|
                           8 | 25000.0 |
            Sunny | 29 |
                            4 | 20000.0 |
             Paul| 24|
                            3 | 20000.0 |
           Harsha| 21|
                            1|15000.0|
           Shubham 23
                       2|18000.0|
        +----+
In [65]:
         1 # register the DataFrame as a temporary view
          2 df test1.createOrReplaceTempView("test1")
```

Display Salary of the people less than or equal to 20000

```
df test1.select('Name', 'Salary').where(col('Salary') <= 20000).show()</pre>
In [70]:
         +----+
            Name | Salary |
           Sunny | 20000.0 |
            Paul|20000.0|
         | Harsha|15000.0|
         |Shubham|18000.0|
         +----+
In [66]:
             spark.sql(""" SELECT Name , Salary
          2
                           FROM test1
                          WHERE Salary <= 20000""").show()</pre>
          3
         +----+
            Name | Salary |
         +----+
            Sunny | 20000.0 |
             Paul | 20000.0 |
          Harsha | 15000.0 |
         |Shubham|18000.0|
         +----+
```

Display Salary of the people less than or equal to 20000 and greater than or equal 15000

```
In [67]:
             spark.sql(""" SELECT Name , Salary
           2
                           FROM test1
           3
                           WHERE Salary <= 20000 and Salary >=15000""").show()
          -----+
             Name | Salary |
            Sunny | 20000.0 |
             Paul | 20000.0 |
         | Harsha|15000.0|
         |Shubham|18000.0|
         +----+
In [72]:
             df_test1.select('Name', 'Salary').filter(col('Salary').between(15000,20000)).
           ----+
             Name | Salary |
            Sunny | 20000.0 |
             Paul | 20000.0 |
         | Harsha|15000.0|
         |Shubham|18000.0|
         +----+
```

Task 3

Read "test3" dataset:

```
In [92]: 1 test3_schema = 'Name STRING,Departments STRING,salary DOUBLE'
2 df_test3 = spark.read.format('csv').schema(test3_schema).option('header','Tr
```

Display dataset

```
In [93]:
          1 df_test3.show()
          -----+
               Name | Departments | salary |
              Krish Data Science 10000.0
                            IOT | 5000.0 |
              Krish
             Mahesh|
                       Big Data | 4000.0|
              Krish|
                       Big Data | 4000.0 |
             Mahesh | Data Science | 3000.0 |
         |Sudhanshu|Data Science|20000.0|
          Sudhanshu
                            IOT | 10000.0 |
         |Sudhanshu| Big Data| 5000.0|
              Sunny Data Science 10000.0
              Sunny| Big Data| 2000.0|
```

Display schema

Group by "Name" column and using sum function on "Name" column

Group by "Name" column and using avg function on "Name" column

```
In [97]:
           spark.sql(""" SELECT Name,AVG(Name)
         2
                      FROM test3
         3
                      GROUP BY Name
         4
               """).show()
        +----+
            Name avg(CAST(Name AS DOUBLE))
        |Sudhanshu|
                                 null|
            Sunny
                                 null|
            Krish|
                                 null
           Mahesh
                                 null
In [102]:
         1 spark.sql(""" SELECT Name, AVG(Salary)
                      FROM test3
                      GROUP BY Name
         3
               """).show()
             Name | avg(Salary)|
          -----+
        |Sudhanshu|11666.66666666666|
            Sunny|
                          6000.0
            Mahesh | 3500.0|
```

Group by "Departments" column and using sum function on "Departments" column

```
spark.sql(""" SELECT Departments,SUM(Departments)
In [99]:
           2
                           FROM test3
           3
                           GROUP BY Departments
           4
                 """).show()
           Departments | sum(CAST(Departments AS DOUBLE)) |
           -----+
                   IOT
              Big Data
                                                 null|
          |Data Science|
                                                 null|
             spark.sql(""" SELECT Departments,SUM(Salary)
In [104]:
           2
                           FROM test3
           3
                           GROUP BY Departments
                 """).show()
           ------
          | Departments|sum(Salary)|
                   IOT| 15000.0|
          | Big Data| 15000.0|
|Data Science| 43000.0|
```

Group by "Departments" column and using mean function on "Departments" column:

```
spark.sql(""" SELECT Departments,AVG(Salary)
In [105]:
           2
                          FROM test3
           3
                          GROUP BY Departments
                 """).show()
           -----+
           Departments | avg(Salary) |
                   IOT
                           7500.0
              Big Data
                           3750.0
          |Data Science| 10750.0|
          +-----+
         Group by "Departments" column and using count function on "Departments" column:
             spark.sql(""" SELECT Departments,COUNT(Departments)
In [101]:
                          FROM test3
                          GROUP BY Departments
           3
                 """).show()
           Departments | count(Departments) |
                   IOT|
              Big Data
                                      4
          |Data Science|
In [106]:
           1 spark.sql(""" SELECT Departments, COUNT(Salary)
                          FROM test3
           3
                          GROUP BY Departments
                 """).show()
         +----+
           Departments | count(Salary) |
                   IOT|
              Big Data
          |Data Science|
```

Apply agg to using sum function get the total of salaries

```
+----+

| Name|sum(Salary)|

+-----+

|Sudhanshu| 35000.0|

| Sunny| 12000.0|

| Krish| 19000.0|

| Mahesh| 7000.0|
```

```
+-----+
| Departments|sum(Salary)|
+------+
| IOT| 15000.0|
| Big Data| 15000.0|
|Data Science| 43000.0|
```

Task 4

You've been flown to their headquarters in Ulsan, South Korea, to assist them in accurately estimating the number of crew members a ship will need.

They're currently building new ships for certain customers, and they'd like you to create a model and utilize it to estimate how many crew members the ships will require.

Metadata:

- 1. Measurements of ship size
- 2. capacity
- 3. crew
- 4. age for 158 cruise ships.

It is saved in a csv file for you called "ITI_data.csv". our task is to develop a regression model that will assist in predicting the number of crew members required for future ships. The client also indicated that they have found that particular cruise lines will differ in acceptable crew counts, thus this is most likely an important factor to consider when conducting your investigation.

In [136]: 1 df_iti.show()

			+-	+
Ship_name Conger_density co	ruise_line Age	Tonnage pas	sengers 1	ength cabins passe
+		+	+-	+
+-				
Journey 42.64 3.55	Azamara 6.0 30.2	7699999999997	6.94	5.94 3.55
Quest 42.64 3.55	Azamara 6.0 30.2	7699999999997	6.94	5.94 3.55
Celebration 31.8 6.7	Carnival 26.0	47.262	14.86	7.22 7.43
Conquest	Carnival 11.0	110.0	29.74	9.53 14.88
36.99 19.1 Destiny	Carnival 17.0	101.353	26.42	8.92 13.21
38.36 10.0 Ecstasy	Carnival 22.0	70.367	20.52	8.55 10.2
34.29 9.2 Elation	Carnival 15.0	70.367	20.52	8.55 10.2
34.29 9.2 Fantasy	Carnival 23.0	70.367	20.56	8.55 10.22
34.23 9.2 Fascination	Carnival 19.0	70.367	20.52	8.55 10.2
34.29 9.2 Freedom	Carnival 6.0 110.	2389999999999	37.0	9.51 14.87
29.79 11.5 Glory	Carnival 10.0	110.0	29.74	9.51 14.87
36.99 11.6 Holiday	Carnival 28.0	46.052	14.52	7.27 7.26
31.72 6.6 Imagination	Carnival 18.0	70.367	20.52	8.55 10.2
34.29 9.2 Inspiration	Carnival 17.0	70.367	20.52	8.55 10.2
34.29 9.2 Legend	Carnival 11.0	86.0	21.24	9.63 10.62
	Carnival 8.0	110.0	29.74	9.51 14.87
	Carnival 9.0	88.5	21.24	9.63 10.62
41.67 10.3 Paradise	Carnival 15.0	70.367	20.52	8.55 10.2
34.29 9.2 Pride	Carnival 12.0	88.5	21.24	9.63 11.62
41.67 9.3 Sensation 34.29 9.2	Carnival 20.0	70.367	20.52	8.55 10.2
+				

----+

only showing top 20 rows

There are 133 rows in the training set, and 25 in the test set

OneHotEncoder

```
In [137]:
              from pyspark.ml.feature import StringIndexer, OneHotEncoder
            1 df iti.dtypes
In [138]:
Out[138]: [('Ship_name', 'string'),
           ('Cruise_line', 'string'),
            ('Age', 'double'),
           ('Tonnage', 'double'),
           ('passengers', 'double'),
            ('length', 'double'),
           ('cabins', 'double'),
           ('passenger_density', 'double'),
           ('crew', 'double')]
In [139]:
               categoricalCols = [col for (col, colType) in df iti.dtypes
                                  if colType == 'string']
              print("Categorical Cols:", categoricalCols)
            3
              indexOutputCols = [col +'_index' for col in categoricalCols]
            5
              print("Index Cols:", indexOutputCols)
            7
            8 oheOutputCols = [col +' OHE' for col in categoricalCols]
              print("OHE Cols:", oheOutputCols)
          Categorical Cols: ['Ship_name', 'Cruise_line']
          Index Cols: ['Ship_name_index', 'Cruise_line_index']
          OHE Cols: ['Ship name OHE', 'Cruise line OHE']
In [160]:
               stringIndexer = StringIndexer(inputCols = categoricalCols,
            2
                                             outputCols= indexOutputCols,
            3
                                            handleInvalid='skip')
            4
            5
              oheEncoder = OneHotEncoder(inputCols=indexOutputCols,
                                          outputCols=oheOutputCols)
In [161]:
            1 numricCol = [col for (col, colType) in df iti.dtypes
            2
                           if ((colType=='double')& (col!='crew'))]
              print('Numeric Col:',numricCol)
          Numeric Col: ['Age', 'Tonnage', 'passengers', 'length', 'cabins', 'passenger_de
          nsity']
```

###Use VectorAssembler to merge all columns into one column:

Create a Linear Regression Model

```
In [151]: 1 from pyspark.ml.regression import LinearRegression
In [152]: 1 lr = LinearRegression(labelCol='crew', featuresCol='features')
```

Creating a Pipeline

```
In [153]: 1 # Building the pipeline
2 from pyspark.ml import Pipeline
In [164]: 1 pipeline =Pipeline(stages = [stringIndexer,oheEncoder,vecAssembler,lr])
```

Model Evaluation

```
In [165]: 1 pipelineModel = pipeline.fit(train_df)
2 predictions = pipelineModel.transform(test_df)

21/10/26 18:13:00 WARN Instrumentation: [7baa24f4] regParam is zero, which migh t cause numerical instability and overfitting.
21/10/26 18:13:00 WARN BLAS: Failed to load implementation from: com.github.fom mil.netlib.NativeSystemBLAS
21/10/26 18:13:00 WARN BLAS: Failed to load implementation from: com.github.fom mil.netlib.NativeRefBLAS
21/10/26 18:13:00 WARN LAPACK: Failed to load implementation from: com.github.f ommil.netlib.NativeSystemLAPACK
```

o singular covariance matrix. Retrying with Quasi-Newton solver.

21/10/26 18:13:00 WARN LAPACK: Failed to load implementation from: com.github.f

21/10/26 18:13:00 WARN Instrumentation: [7baa24f4] Cholesky solver failed due t

ommil.netlib.NativeRefLAPACK

```
In [166]:
               predictions.select('features','crew','prediction').show(5)
                        features | crew |
                                                prediction|
           |(141,[26,119,135,...|12.0| 14.832213385454127|
           |(141, [49, 118, 135, ... | 8.69 | 7.5615145918695985 |
           |(141,[89,121,135,...| 6.3| 6.2578311275208724|
           |(141,[9,134,135,1...|0.88| -2.862148098151032|
           |(141,[112,133,135...|1.97|-2.2664609079940385|
In [167]:
            1 # Using RMSE
              from pyspark.ml.evaluation import RegressionEvaluator
In [168]:
               regressionEvaluator = RegressionEvaluator(predictionCol='prediction',
                                                          labelCol='crew',
            2
            3
                                                          metricName='rmse')
               rmse = regressionEvaluator.evaluate(predictions)
               print(f"RMSE is {rmse:.1f}")
          RMSE is 2.9
In [170]:
            1 # Using R^2
               r2 = RegressionEvaluator(predictionCol='prediction',
                                                          labelCol='crew',
            3
                                                          metricName='r2').evaluate(predictio
            4
               print(f"R2 is {r2}")
```

R2 is 0.519121561294428

By Eng. Mostafa Nabieh If you have questions, please feel free to ask.

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