System Advisor Model LK DView() Function Examples

Prepared by Steve Janzou and Paul Gilman, February 4, 2015

This document describes three sample LK scripts illustrating the use of the dview() function. The function allows you to display time series data in the data viewer used by SAM's user interface. You can use the function to display results from a case in a SAM file, data stored in text files, or values calculated by your script. The samples are available from https://sam.nrel.gov/sample.

Example 1: dview from active case.lk

Display time series data from the results of a simulation in SAM.

The example displays the hourly_energy output variable in the data viewer. It also shows how to use the multiplier parameter of the dview() function to convert the hourly energy values from kWh to MWh.

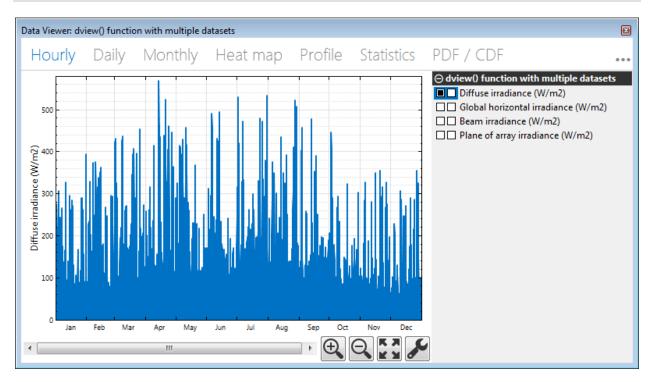
Example 2: dview_from_text_file_8760_data.lk

Display a single column of time series data stored in a text file (data.txt).

Example 3: dview_from_csv_file_multiple_8760_data.lk

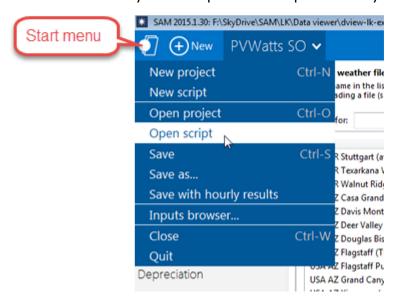
Display multiple columns of time series data stored in a text file of commaseparated values (*data.csv*).

This script makes use of the LK csvread() function and uses a multidimensional array to display data from the CSV file.



To use the scripts:

- 1. Open the SAM file dview-lk-example.sam.
- 2. From the Start menu, click **Open script** and open one of the scripts listed above. Note that you can open the script from any SAM file.



Overview of the dview() function

dview (number:num_datasets, number:timestep, string:window name, string:data_name1, string:data_units1, number:multiplier1, variant:data1, [string:data_name2, string:data_units2, number:multiplier2, variant:data2], ...):none

Creates a separate dview viewer for viewing specified data.

The dview() function opens a new window with a time series data viewer.

For a single column of data, use a single set of data parameters:

```
data_name
data_units
multiplier
data
```

The script for Example 2 (listed above) displays single column of data. To display data with multiple columns, use one set of data parameters for each column, as in Examples 1 and 3.

num_datasets

The number of data columns to display. For a data set with four columns of data:

```
num_datasets = 4
```

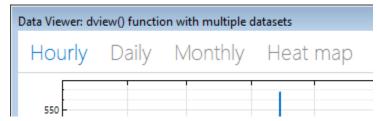
timestep

The temporal resolution of the time series data in hours. For an hourly data set:

```
timestep = 1
```

window name

The label to display in the data viewer window's title bar, for example for the window title shown here:



window name = "dview() function with multiple datasets"

data_name

The label to use for the data set in the legend.

data_units

The units to display in parentheses after the label. You do not need to include the parentheses in the string.

For the first data set in the the example here:

```
data_name = "Diffuse irradiance"
data units = "W/m2"
```

○ dview() function with multiple datasets □ Diffuse irradiance (W/m2) □ Global horizontal irradiance (W/m2) □ Beam irradiance (W/m2) □ Plane of array irradiance (W/m2)

multiplier

The factor to apply to the values in the data set to facilitate unit conversions. To display the values without converting them:

```
multiplier = 1.0
```

data1

The values in the data set, typically an array of values.