Simple data structure to store different data types in one container

ex.1: typeder struct Student & char *name; int id; 3 Studi

> int main () { Stud student 1; char student 1. name = malloc (10); student 1. name = " Ahmed"; prints ("%s", student 1. name); 7

This previous example shows the way to define and access a struct named Stud

ex.2: typeder struct Student ? char * mame i int id [20] i 3 Studi

char + name: It is just a reference for array of chars But the advantage that you can change its size dynamically

int id [20]: Array of integers but has fixed size

```
ex.3: typeder struct Student ?

char *name;

int id;

§ S;
```

This example shows that it is prefered to pass a struct by its reference

so you can directly modify its members by landa exerpression (->)

BENA

Padding

Il normal struct definition

typeder struct 5 ?
int a;
char b;
int c;
3 abc;

size of (abc) = 12

a	a	a	a	Ь	E	E	E	C	C	C	c
F	First CPU			Second CPV				Third CPV			
	cycle			cycle				cycle			

What matter: reduction of OV cycles

When accessing one

member

Packing:

pragma pack(1)

typeder struct S ?

int a;

chow b;

int c;

3 abc;

sizeof (abc) = 9

a	a	a	a	b	C	C	C	C
50	rst	CPL	,	sec	CPLL			
Cycle				1	cycle			

What matters: Memory saving

What Poesn't matter: no. of CPU
Cycles

Wheat clossn't matter: memory saving

D

Structs: Container of same or different kind of data.
types

- not able to include functions

Objects: It is a bluepint of class

- has all the characteristics of OOP

- Not found in c (just C++)

- Can have method (functions)

SENA