Report: .NET Versions, Namespace, .NET Core, and Solution

1 .NET Versions

Summary:

.NET evolved through three major phases:

- .NET Framework (Windows-only, legacy)
- .NET Core (cross-platform, open-source)
- .NET 5 and beyond (modern, unified platform now just called ".NET")

• Key Milestones:

Version	Highlights
.NET Framework	Legacy, Windows-only, mature but no cross-platform
.NET Core 1-3	Lightweight, cross-platform, CLI support, modular
.NET 5	First unified version (Core + Framework)
.NET 6 (LTS)	Strong performance, simplified dev experience
.NET 7	Performance-focused, non-LTS
.NET 8 (LTS)	Latest stable release (at time of writing), future-oriented

Note: LTS = Long-Term Support (typically supported for 3 years)

2 Namespace

Summary:

A **namespace** in .NET is a way to organize code and avoid naming conflicts.

• Key Concepts:

- Acts like folders for classes, interfaces, enums, etc.
- Helps identify where a class belongs logically (System.IO, Microsoft.AspNetCore, etc.)
- Allows code reuse and modularity

• Example:

```
namespace MyApp.Services
{
    public class UserService { ... }
}
```

Common Namespaces:

- System → Core functionality
- System.Collections.Generic → Data structures like List, Dictionary
- Microsoft.AspNetCore.Mvc → Web APIs and MVC apps

3 .NET Core

Summary:

.NET Core was Microsoft's modern, modular, open-source framework.

• Key Features:

- Cross-platform: Runs on Windows, Linux, macOS
- Open-source: Active development on GitHub
- **Performance**: Faster than classic .NET Framework
- Side-by-side execution: Multiple versions on the same machine
- Command-Line Tools: Build, run, test via dotnet CLI

• Current Status:

.NET Core is now **merged** into the main **.NET** platform from version 5 onward.

4 Solution

Summary:

A **Solution (.sln)** in .NET is a container that holds one or more **Projects**.

• Purpose:

- Helps manage large apps split into multiple components (like APIs, libraries, UI)
- Used by IDEs (especially Visual Studio) to organize and build projects together

• Example Structure:

MySolution/

├— WebApp/ (.csproj)
├— DataAccess/ (.csproj)
├— SharedLibrary/ (.csproj)
├— MySolution.sln

• Key Benefits:

- Simplifies team collaboration
- Centralized build configuration
- Easy project references and dependencies