

## CS614 - Data Warehousing Solved MCQS

**From Final term Papers** 

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PSMD01

# FINAL TERM EXAMINATION Spring 2012 CS614- Data Warehousing

Question No: 1 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one
To identify the required we need to perform data profiling
<b>▶</b> Degree of Transformation (Page 437)
► Complexity
► Cost
▶ Time
Question No: 2 (Marks: 1) – Please choose one
Companies collect and record their own operational data, but at the same time they also use reference data
obtained from sources such as codes, prices etc.
▶ Operational
▶ None of these
▶ Internal
►External (Page 21)
Question No: 3 (Marks: 1) – Please choose one
Ad-hoc access means to run such queries which are known already.
▶ True
► False (Page 18)
Question No: 4 (Marks: 1) – Please choose one
in agriculture extension is that pest population beyond which the benefit of spraying outweighs
its cost.
▶ Profit Threshold Level
► Economic Threshold Level (Page 332)
► Medicine Threshold Level
▶ None of these

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خداکے سواکسی سے امیر متر کھو

Question No: 5 (Marks: 1) – Please choose one People that design and build the data warehouse must be capable of working across the organization at all levels  ► True (Page 320)  ► False
Question No: 6 (Marks: 1) – Please choose one  The is only a small part in realizing the true business value buried within the mountain of data collected and stored within organizations business systems and operational databases.  ▶ Independence on technology  ▶ Dependence on technology  ▶ None of these
Question No: 7 (Marks: 1) – Please choose one Relational databases allow you to navigate the data in that is appropriate using the primary, foreign key structure within the data model.  ▶ Only One Direction ▶ Any Direction ▶ Two Direction ▶ None of these
Question No: 8 (Marks: 1) – Please choose one  DSS queries do not involve a primary key  ► True (Page 21)  ► False
Question No: 9 (Marks: 1) – Please choose one  Data Transformation Services (DTS) provide a set of that lets you extract, transform, and consolidate data from disparate sources into single or multipledestinations supported by DTS connectivity.  ▶ Tools (Page 373)  ▶ Documentations  ▶ Guidelines
Question No: 10 (Marks: 1) – Please choose one The need to synchronize data upon update is called  ▶ Data Manipulation

- ▶ Data Replication
- **▶** Data Coherency (Page 12)
- **▶** Data Imitation

دنیاس سب سے مشکل کام اپنی اصلاح اور سب سے آسان کام دوسروں پر نکتہ چینی کرناہے

Question No: 11 (Marks: 1) – Please choose one
Taken jointly, the extract programs or naturally evolving systems formed a spider web, also known as  ▶ Distributed Systems Architecture
► Legacy Systems Architecture (Page 14)
► Online Systems Architecture
► Intranet Systems Architecture
Question No: 12 (Marks: 1) – Please choose one
Node of a B-Tree is stored in memory block and traversing a B-Tree involves page faults.
▶ O (n)
► O (n2)
ightharpoonup O (n lg n)
► O (lg n) (Page 22)
Question No: 13 (Marks: 1) – Please choose one
Which statement is true for De-Normalization?
► Redundant data is a performance liability at query time, but is a performance benefit at update time.
► Redundant data is a performance benefit at both query time and update time.
► Redundant data is a performance liability at both query time and update time.
▶ Redundant data is a performance benefit at query time, but is a performance liability at update time.
(Page 51)
Owertian No. 14 (Marker 1) Please shage are
Question No: 14 (Marks: 1) – Please choose one
As apposed to the out come of classification, estimation deal with valued outcome.  Discrete
► Isolated
Continuous (Page 260)
Distinct
District
Question No: 15 (Marks: 1) – Please choose one
The goal ofis to look at as few block as possible to find the matching records.
► Indexing (Page 222)
▶ Partitioning
<b>▶</b> Joining
▶ none of these
Question No: 16 (Marks: 1) – Please choose one
The technique that is used to perform these feats in data mining modeling, and this act of model building is
something that people have been doing for long time, certainly before the of computers or data mining
technology.
Access Advent click for detail

► Ascent Avowal

Question No: 17(Marks: 1) - Please choose one

De-Normalization normally speeds up

- **▶** Data Retrieval (Page 51)
- ► Data Modification
- ► Development Cycle
- ► Data Replication

Question No: 18 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

In horizontal splitting, we split a relation into multiple tables on the basis of

- ► Common Column Values (Page 54)
- ► Common Row Values
- ▶ Different Index Values
- ► Value resulted by ad-hoc query

Question No: 19 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

For good decision making, data should be integrated across the organization to cross the LoB (Line of Business). This is to give the total view of organization from:

- ► Owner's Perspective
- ► Customer's Perspective (Page 16)
- ► Decision Maker's Perspective
- ► Employee's Perspective

Question No: 20 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

The automated, prospective analyses offered by data mining move beyond the analysis of past events provided by respective tools typical of

- **▶**OLTP
- **▶**OLAP
- **▶** Decision Support systems
- ► None of these

الله كاخوف سبسے بركى دانائى ہے

# FINAL TERM EXAMINATION Spring 2010 CS614- Data Warehousing

Question No: 1 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

A data warehouse may include

- ► Legacy systems (Page 135)
- ► Only internal data sources
- ► Privacy restrictions
- ► Small data mart

Question No: 2 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

De-Normalization normally speeds up

- **▶** Data Retrieval
- (Page 51)
- ▶ Data Modification
- ► Development Cycle
- ► Data Replication

Question No: 3 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

In horizontal splitting, we split a relation into multiple tables on the basis of

- ► Common Column Values (Page 54)
- ► Common Row Values
- ► Different Index Values
- ► Value resulted by ad-hoc query

Question No: 4 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

Multidimensional databases typically use proprietary \_\_\_\_\_\_ format to store pre-summarized cube structures.

- ► File (Page 79)
- ► Application
- ► Aggregate
- ► Database

Question No: 5 (Marks: 1) – Please choose one

A dense index, if fits into memory, costs only \_\_\_\_\_ disk I/O access to locate a record by given key.

- **▶** One (Page 223)
- ► Two
- ▶ lg (n)
- ▶ n

ائیاندار کو غمہ دیرسے آتاہے اور جلدی دور ہوجاتاہے

Question No: 6 ( Marks: 1 ) – Please choose one
All data is of something real.
I An Abstraction
II A Representation
Which of the following option is true?
► I Only (Page 180)
▶ II Only
▶ Both I & II
► None of I & II
Question No: 7 ( Marks: 1 ) – Please choose one
The key idea behind is to take a big task and break it into subtasks that can be processed
concurrently on a stream of data inputs in multiple, overlapping stages of execution.
Pipeline Parallelism (Page 214)
➤ Overlapped Parallelism
► Massive Parallelism
➤ Distributed Parallelism
Question No: 8 ( Marks: 1 ) − Please choose one  Non uniform distribution, when the data is distributed across the processors, is called  ▶ Skew in Partition (Page 218)  ▶ Pipeline Distribution  ▶ Distributed Distribution  ▶ Uncontrolled Distribution  Question No: 9 ( Marks: 1 ) − Please choose one  The goal of ideal parallel execution is to completely parallelize those parts of a computation that are not constrained by data dependencies. The smaller the portion of the program that must be executed, the greater the scalability of the computation.  ▶ None of these  ▶ Sequentially (Page 204)  ▶ In Parallel  ▶ Distributed
Question No: 10 ( Marks: 1 ) – Please choose one  If 'M' rows from table-A match the conditions in the query then table-B is accessed 'M' times. Suppose table-B has an index on the join column. If 'a' I/Os are required to read the data block for each scan and 'b' I/Os for each data block then the total cost of accessing table-B is logical I/Os approximately.  ▶ (a + b)M ▶ (a + b + M) ▶ (a * b * M)

Question No: 11 ( Marks: 1 ) – Please choose one  Data mining is a/an approach, where browsing through data using data mining techniques may reveal something that might be of interest to the user as information that was unknown previously.  ▶ Exploratory (Page 249)  ▶ Non-Exploratory  ▶ Computer Science
Question No: 12 ( Marks: 1 ) – Please choose one  Data mining evolve as a mechanism to cater the limitations of systems to deal massive data sets with high dimensionality, new data types, multiple heterogeneous data resources etc.  ▶ OLTP (Page 254)  ▶ OLAP  ▶ DSS  ▶ DWH
Question No: 13 ( Marks: 1 ) – Please choose one is the technique in which existing heterogeneous segments are reshuffled, relocated into homogeneous segments.  ▶ Clustering (Page 264)  ▶ Aggregation  ▶ Segmentation  ▶ Partitioning
Question No: 14 ( Marks: 1 ) – Please choose one  To measure or quantify the similarity or dissimilarity, different techniques are available. Which of the following option represent the name of available techniques?  ▶ Pearson correlation is the only technique  ▶ Euclidean distance is the only technique  ▶ Both Pearson correlation and Euclidean distance  ▶ None of these
Question No: 15 ( Marks: 1 ) – Please choose one  For a given data set, to get a global view in un-supervised learning we use  ▶ One-way Clustering  ▶ Bi-clustering  ▶ Pearson correlation  ▶ Euclidean distance
Question No: 16 ( Marks: 1 ) – Please choose one In DWH project, it is assured that environment is similar to the production environment  Designing  Development (Page 314)  Analysis  Implementation

Question No: 17 ( Marks: 1 ) – Please choose one  For a DWH project, the key requirement are and product experience.  ► Tools  ► Industry (Page 320)  ► Software  ► None of these
Question No: 18 ( Marks: 1 ) – Please choose one  Pipeline parallelism focuses on increasing throughput of task execution, NOT on sub-task execution time.  Increasing Decreasing Maintaining None of these
Question No: 19 ( Marks: 1 ) – Please choose one  Many data warehouse project teams waste enormous amounts of time searching in vain for a  Silver Bullet (Page 315)  Golden Bullet  Suitable Hardware  Compatible Product
Question No: 20 ( Marks: 1 ) − Please choose one Focusing on data warehouse delivery only often end up  ▶ Rebuilding (Page 315)  ▶ Success  ▶ Good Stable Product  ▶ None of these
Question No: 21 ( Marks: 1 ) – Please choose one Pakistan is one of the five major countries in the world.  ▶ Cotton-growing (Page 330)  ▶ Rice-growing  ▶ Weapon Producing
Question No: 22 ( Marks: 1 ) – Please choose one is a process which involves gathering of information about column through execution of certain queries with intention to identify erroneous records.  ▶ Data profiling (Page 439)  ▶ Data Anomaly Detection  ▶ Record Duplicate Detection  ▶ None of these

Question No: 23 ( Marks: 1 ) − Please choose one  Relational databases allow you to navigate the data in that is appropriate using the primary, foreign key structure within the data model.  ▶ Only One Direction  ▶ Any Direction  ▶ Two Direction  ▶ None of these	Sent of the State
Question No: 24 (Marks: 1) – Please choose one DSS queries do not involve a primary key  ► True (Page 21)  ► False	
Question No: 25 ( Marks: 1 ) − Please choose one contributes to an under-utilization of valuable and expensive historical data, and inevitably results in a limitedcapability to provide decision support and analysis.  ▶ The lack of data integration and standardization (Page 330)  ▶ Missing Data ▶ Data Stored in Heterogeneous Sources  Question No: 26 ( Marks: 1 ) − Please choose one  DTS allows us to connect through any data source or destination that is supported by  ▶ OLE DB (Page 373)  ▶ OLAP  ▶ OLTP  ▶ Data Warehouse	
Question No: 27 ( Marks: 1 ) – Please choose one  Data Transformation Services (DTS) provide a set of that lets you extract, transform, and consolidate data from disparate sources into single or multiple destinations supported by DTS connectivity.  ▶ Tools (Page 373) rep  ▶ Documentations ▶ Guidelines	
Question No: 28 (Marks: 1) – Please choose one  Execution can be completed successfully or it may be stopped due to some error. In case of successful completion of execution all the transactions will be  ▶ Committed to the database (Page 419)  ▶ Rolled back	

#### Question No: 29 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

If some error occurs, execution will be terminated abnormally and all transactions will be rolled back. In this case when we will access the database we will find it in the state that was before the

- ► Execution of package (Page 419)
- ► Creation of package
- ► Connection of package

#### Question No: 30 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

To judge effectiveness we perform data profiling twice.

- ▶ One before Extraction and the other after Extraction
- ▶ One before Transformation and the other after Transformation (Page 441)
- ▶ One before Loading and the other after Loading

## FINALTERM EXAMINATION Spring 2009 CS614- Data Warehousing

Question No: 1 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

It is observed that every year the amount of data recorded in an organization is

- **▶** Doubles (Page 15)
- **►** Triples
- **▶** Quartiles
- ► Remains same as previous year

Question No: 3 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

Pre-computed \_\_\_\_\_ can solve performance problems

- ► Aggregates (Page 11)
- **▶** Facts
- **▶** Dimensions

Question No: 4 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

\_\_\_\_\_, if fits into memory, costs only one disk I/O access to locate a record by given key.

- ► A Dense Index (Page 223)
- ► A Sparse Index
- ► An Inverted Index
- ► None of These

## زندگی میں کامیابی کا بھی رازہے کہ پریشانیوں سے پریشان مت بنو

Question No: 5 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one  The degree of similarity between two records, often measured by a numerical value between, usually depends on application characteristics.  > 0 and 1  (Page 169)  > 0 and 100  > 0 and 100  > 0 and 99
Question No: 6 ( Marks: 1 ) - Please choose one The purpose of the House of Quality technique is to reduce types of risk.  Two (Page 194)  Three Four All
Question No: 7 ( Marks: 1 ) - Please choose one  NUMA stands for  Non-uniform Memory Access ( Page 206)  Non-updateable Memory Architecture  New Universal Memory Architecture
Question No: 8 ( Marks: 1 ) - Please choose one Which is the least appropriate join operation for Pipeline parallelism?  ► Hash Join ► Inner Join ► Outer Join ► Sort-Merge Join
Question No: 9 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one There are many variants of the traditional nested-loop join. If the index is built as part of the query plan and subsequently dropped, it is called  Naive nested-loop join  Index nested-loop join  Temporary index nested-loop join  None of these  (Page 243)
Question No: 10 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one  Data mining derives its name from the similarities between searching for valuable business information in a large database, for example, finding linked products in gigabytes of store scanner data, and mining a mountain for a of valuable ore.  Furrow  Streak  Trough

Question No: 11 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one With data mining, the best way to accomplish this is by setting aside some of your data in a it from the mining process; once the mining is complete, the results can be tested against the isolated data to confirm the model's validity. ► Cell **▶** Disk **▶** Folder **► Vault** Click here for detail Question No: 12 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one The Kimball's iterative data warehouse development approach drew on decades of experience to develop the **▶** Business Dimensional Lifecycle (Page 289) ► Data Warehouse Dimension ► Business Definition Lifecycle ► OLAP Dimension Question No: 13 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one We must try to find the one access tool that will handle all the needs of their users. **►**True **►** False (Page 315) Question No: 14 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one For a smooth DWH implementation we must be a technologist. True **►** False (Page 319) Question No: 15 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one During the application specification activity, we also must give consideration to the organization of the applications. **►**True ( Page 307) ► False Question No: 16 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one Investing years in architecture and forgetting the primary purpose of solving business problems, results in inefficient application. This is the example of \_\_\_\_\_ mistake. Extreme Technology Design ► Extreme Architecture Design None of these (Page 315) دنیای سبسے بری فی نفس پر قابور کھناہے

Question No: 17 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one The most recent attack is the \_\_\_\_\_ attack on the cotton crop during 2003- 04, resulting in a loss of nearly 0.5 million bales. ► Boll Worm (Page 333) ► Purple Worm ► Blue Worm ► Cotton Worm Question No: 18 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one The users of data warehouse are knowledge workers in other words they are \_\_\_\_\_ in the organization. **▶** Decision maker (Page 18) **►** Manager ► Database Administrator ► DWH Analyst Question No: 19 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one breaks a table into multiple tables based upon common column values. **►** Horizontal splitting (Page 54) ► Vertical splitting Ouestion No: 20 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one Execution can be completed successfully or it may be stopped due to some error. In case of successful completion of execution all the transactions will be

► Committed to the database (Page 419) rep

► Rolled back

جھوٹ انسان اور ایمان دونوں کادشمن ہے خود کو شمصیں سے بڑھ کر کوئی اچھامشورہ نہیں دے سکتا عقل مند کہتاہے میں کچھ نہیں جانتا جبکہ بے و قوف کہتاہے کہ میں سب چھ جانتا ہوں

## Cs614 – Final Term Quizzes (Quiz No.3 & 4)

## **Quiz No.3** (7<sup>th</sup> **June 2012**)

	Question # 1 of 10	(Total Marks: 1)
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**▶** Distinct

With data mining, the best way to accomplish this is by setting aside some of your data in a vault to isolate i	it
from the mining process; once the mining is complete, the results can be tested against the isolated data to	
confirm the model's .	

from the mining process; once the mining is complete, the results can be tested against the isolated data	to
confirm the model's	
► Validity Click here for detail	
► Security	
► Integrity	
► None of above	
Question # 2 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1)	
Classification consists of examining the properties of a newly presented observation and assigning it to	257
predefined	
▶ Object	
► Container	
▶ Subject	
► Class (Page 259)	
Overtion #2 of 10 (Total Mank g. 1)	
Question # 3 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1)  During business hours, most systems should probably not use parallel execution.	
► OLAP	
► DSS	
► Data Mining	
►OLTP (Page 206)	
CE11 (Tage 200)	
Question # 4 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1)	
In contrast to statistics, data mining is driven.	
► Assumption	
► Knowledge (Page 254)	
► Human	
► Database	
Question # 5 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1)	
As opposed to the outcome of classification, estimation deal with valued outcome.	
► Discrete	
► Isolated	
► Continuous (Page 260)	

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#### Question # 6 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1)

The goal of ideal parallel execution is to completely parallelize those parts of a computation that are not constrained by data dependencies. The \_\_\_\_\_ the portion of the program that must be executed sequentially, the greater the scalability of the computation.

- **►** Larger
- ► Smaller (Page 204)
- **►** Unambiguous
- **►** Superior

#### Question # 7 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1)

The goal of \_\_\_\_\_\_ is to look at as few blocks as possible to find the matching records(s).

- ► Indexing (Page 222)
- **▶** Partitioning
- **▶** Joining
- ► None of above

#### Question #8 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1)

In nested-loop join case, if there are 'M' rows in outer table and 'N' rows in inner table, time complexity is

- $\triangleright$  O (M log N)
- ►O (log MN)
- ►O (MN)
- ightharpoonup O(M+N)

#### Question # 9 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1)

If every key in the data file is represented in the index file then index is

- **▶ Dense Index** Page 223)
- ► Sparse Index
- ► Inverted Index
- None

#### Question # 10 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1)

An optimized structure which is built primarily for retrieval, with update being only a secondary consideration is

- **▶**OLTP
- **▶**OLAP
- **▶**DSS
- **▶** inverted Index (Page 232)

جولو گوں کے سامنے فخر کر تاہے وہ لو گوں کی نظروں سے گرجاتاہے

### Question # 1 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Which of the following is not an "Orr's Law of Data Quality"? ▶ Data that is not used cannot be correct!" ▶ Data quality is a function of its use, not its collection ► Data will be no better than its most stringent use!" **▶** Data duplication can be harmful for the organization!" (Page 181) Question # 2 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) \_\_\_\_, if too big and does not fit into memory, will be expensive when used to find a record by given key. ► An Inverted Index ► A Sparse Index ► A Dense Index (Page 223) None of these Question # 3 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Which of the following is not an activity of Data Quality Analysis Project? ▶"Define" ► Measure" ► Analyze" **▶**"Compression" (Page 194) Question # 4 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) The automated, prospective analyses offered by data mining move beyond the analyses of past events provided by retrospective tools typical of \_ **▶**OLTP **►**OLAP

- **▶** Decision Support Systems Click here for detail
- ► None of these

#### Question # 5 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1)

Data mining, the of hidden predictive information from large databases, is a powerful new technology with great potential to help companies focus on the most important information in their data warehouses.

**Extraction** Click here for detail

- **►** Insertion
- **►** Inclusion
- **►** Enclosure



#### Question # 6 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1)

If someone told you that he had a good model to predict customer usage, the first thing you might try would be to ask him to apply his model to your customer \_\_\_\_\_, where you already knew the answer.

- **▶Base** Click here for detail
- **▶** Drive
- ▶ File
- **▶**Log

#### Question #7 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1)

Data mining uses \_\_\_\_\_ algorithms to discover patterns and regularities in data.

- ► Mathematical
- **►** Computational
- ► Statistical (Page 251)
- None of these

#### Question #8 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1)

Data mining evolve as mechanism to cater the limitations of \_\_\_\_\_ systems to deal massive data sets with high dimensionality, new data types, multiple heterogeneous data resources etc..

- ►OLTP (Page 254)
- **▶**OLAP
- **DSS**
- **▶**DWH

#### Question # 9 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1)

If 'M' rows from table-A match the conditions in the query then table-B is accessed 'M' times. Suppose table-B has an index on the join column. If 'a' I/Os are required to read the data block for each scan plus 'b' I/Os for each data block then the total cost of accessing table-B is \_\_\_\_\_\_ logical I/Os approximately. Select correct option:

- $\triangleright$  (a + b)M (Right Answer)
- ► (a b)M
- $\triangleright$  (a + b + M)
- $\triangleright$  (a \* b \* M)

#### Question # 10 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1)

A data warehouse implementation without an OLAP tool is always possible.

- True
- ► False (Page 69)

برصورت چرهبر صورت دماغے ، ہر ہے

#### Question # 1 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) modeling technique is more appropriate for data warehouses. ► entity-relationship **▶** dimensional Click here for detail **▶** physical ► None of the given Question # 2 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) The performance in a MOLAP cube comes from the O(1) look-up time for the array data structure. **►**True (Page 79) **▶** False Ouestion # 3 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Multi-dimensional databases (MDDs) typically use \_\_\_\_\_\_ formats to store pre-summarized cube structures. **▶**SOL ▶ proprietary file (Page 79) ▶ Object oriented ► Non- proprietary file Question # 4 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Slice and Dice is changing the view of the data. **►** True **►** False (Page 81) Question # 5 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Data warehousing and on-line analytical processing (OLAP) are \_\_\_\_\_\_ elements of decision support system. **►** Unusual **Essential** (Page 69) **▶** Optional ► None of the given Question # 6 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Virtual cube is used to query two similar cubes by creating a third "virtual" cube by a join between two cubes. >True **►** False (Page 86) Question #7 of 10 (Total Marks: 1) Analytical processing uses \_\_\_\_\_\_, instead of record level access. **►** multi-level aggregates (Page 74) ► Single-level aggregates ► Single-level hierarchy ► None of the Given

		h helps alleviate the	limitations of	MOLAP
In a traditional N	T10 (Total Marks: 1) AIS system, there is an almost lage 72)	linear sequence of queries.		
Data Warehouse ► Mandatory ► Whole	f 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) provides the best support for a (Page 69)	analysis while OLAP carrie	es out theta	sk.

### CS614 Quiz No.3 & 4 (Fall 2012)

#### Question # 1 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:

If each cell of Relation R contains a single value (no repeating values) then it is confirmed that

#### **Relation R is in 1st Normal Form** (Page 43)

Relation R is in 2nd Normal Form

Relation R is in 3rd Normal Form

Relation R is in 3rd Normal Form but not in 2nd Normal Form

#### Question # 2 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:

In contrast to data mining, statistics is \_\_\_\_\_ driven.

#### **Assumption** (Page 255)

Knowledge

Discovery

Database

#### **Question #3 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:**

If every key in the data file is represented in the index file then it is called

#### Dense Index (Page 223)

Sparse Index

sparse much

**Inverted Index** 

A Multi level Sparse Index

#### **Question #4 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:**

Which of the following is not a technique of 'De-Normalization'?

Pre-joining

**Splitting Tables** 

Adding Redundant Columns

ER Modeling (Page 54)

#### Question # 5 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:

Which of the following is an example of Additive Facts?

#### Sales Amount (Page 119)

Average

Discount

Ratios

Question # 6 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option: Which of the following is not technique of "changed data capture" in currently used modem source system?
Timestamps Partitioning
Triggers
Dimensional modeling (Page 150)
Question # 7 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:  The automated, prospective analyses offered by data mining move beyond the analyses of past events provided by tools typical of decision support systems.
Introspective Intuitive
Reminiscent
Retrospective Click here for detail
Question # 8 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:  There are many variants of the traditional nested-loop join. When the entire table is scanned it is called
Index nested-loop join  Naive nested-loop join (Page 243)  Temporary index nested-loop join  None of these
Question # 9 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option: The relation R will be in 2nd Normal Form if
it is in 1NF and each cell contains single value  it is in 1NF and each non key attribute is dependent upon entire primary key (Page 44)  it is in 1NF and each non key attribute dependent upon a single column of composite primary key.  it is in 1NF and Primary Key is composite.
Question # 10 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option: Which one of the following is not data quality validation technique?
Using data quality Rules Data Histograming Indexes (Page 189)

## Some More MCQs

#### Question # 1 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:

Which of the following is not a technique of Data Mining?

Estimation

Prediction

Clustering

**Normalization** (Page 259)

#### Question # 2 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:

The STAR schema used for data design is a \_\_\_\_\_ consisting of fact and dimension tables.

- ► Network odel
- ► Relational model (Page 87)
- ► Hierarchical data model
- ► None of the given

#### Question # 3 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:

DOLAP allows download of "cube" structures to a desktop platform with the need for shared relational or cube server.

- **►** True
- ► False (Page 78)

#### Question # 4 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:

There are many variants of the traditional nested-loop join, if there is an index is exploited, then it is called.....

- ► Naïve nested loop join
- **▶** index nested loop join (Page 243)
- ► temporary index nested loop join
- > none of these

#### Question # 5 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:

Data mining is a/an \_\_\_\_\_ approach, where browsing through data using mining techniques may reveal something that might be of interest to the user as information that was unknown previously.

- ► Non-Exploratory
- ► Exploratory (Page 249)
- ► Compute Science
- ▶ none of these

Question # 6 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:  Pre-join technique is used to avoid  ➤ Run time join (Page 58)  ➤ Compile time join  ➤ Load time join
Question # 7 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:  Cube is a entity containing values of a certain fact at a certain aggregation level at an intersection of a combination of dimensions.  ▶ Logical (Page 88)  ▶ Physical  ▶ Analytical  ▶ None of these
Question # 8 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:  The goal of star schema design is to simplify  Logical data model  Physical data model  Conceptual data model  None of these
Question # 9 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:   Grain is the level of data stored in the warehouse.   ▶ Atomic (Page 111)   ▶ Summarized   ▶ Aggregated   ▶ Cube
Question # 10 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:  Transactional fact tables do not have records for events that do not occur. These are called  Not Recording Facts (Page 120)  Fact-less Facts  Null Facts  None of these
Question # 1 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:  A dimension is a collection of random transactional codes, flags and/text attributes that are unrelated to any particular dimension. The dimension is simply a structure that provides a convenient place to store the attributes.  ▶ Junk (Page 127)  ▶ Time  ▶ Parallel  ▶ None of these

#### Question # 2 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:

During ETL process of an organization, suppose you have data which can be transformed using any of the transformation method. Which of the following strategy will be your choice for least complexity?

- ► One-to-One Scalar Transformation (Page 144)
- ► One-to-Many Element Transformation
- ► Many-to-Many Element Transformation
- ► Many-to-One Element Transformation

#### Question # 3 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:

Change Data Capture is one of the challenging technical issues in \_\_\_\_\_

- **▶** Data Extraction (Page 149)
- ▶ Data Loading
- **▶** Data Transformation
- ► Data Cleansing

#### Question # 4 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:

Rearranging the grouping of source data, delivering it to the destination database, and ensuring the quality of data are crucial to the process of loading the data warehouse. Data \_\_\_\_\_\_ is vitally important to the overall health of a warehouse project.

Cleansing

Cleaning

Scrubbing

Which of the following options is true?

- ► Option 1 only (Page 158)
- ▶ Option 2 only
- ▶ Option 1 & 2 only
- ▶ Option 1, 2 & 3

#### Question # 5 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:

When performing objective assessments, companies follow a set of principles to develop metrics specific to their needs, there is hard to have "one size fits all" approach. Which of the following statement represents the pervasive functional forms?

- ► Simple Ratio, Min or Max Operation, Weighted Average (Page 186)
- ► Only Complex Ratio, Min Operation, Max Operation
- ► Only Simple Ratio, Min or Max Operation
- ► Only Min or Max Operation, Weighted Average

#### Question # 6 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:

The input to the data warehouse can come from OLTP or transactional system but not from other third party database.

- ► True (Page 19)
- ► False

Question #7 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:
Normalization effects performance  True
► False
Question # 8 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:
Collapsing tables can be done on the relationships
▶ One-to-One
► Many-to-Many
► Both One-to-One and Many-to-Many (Page 52)
► None of these
Question # 9 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:
breaks a table into multiple tables based upon common column values.
► Horizontal splitting (Page 54)
► Vertical splitting
Question # 10 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:
If w is the window size and n is the size of data set, then the complexity of merging phase in BSN method
is
► O (n)
ightharpoonup O(w)
► O (w n) (Page 171)
$ ightharpoonup O(w \log n)$
Question # 1 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:
Data Warehouse is about taking / colleting data from different sources:
► Harmonized
► Identical
► Homogeneous
► Heterogeneous (Page 21)
Question # 2 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:
is class of Decision Support Environment.
► OLTP
<b>► OLAP</b> (Page 30)
▶ DBMS
► Network

### Question # 3 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option: For a relation to be in 4NF it must be:-▶ In 2NF if and only if it is in first normal form and all nonkey attributes are fully functionally dependent on the key. ▶ In 3NF and every non-key column is non-transitively dependent upon its primary key. ▶ In 3NF and every non-key column is non-transitively dependent upon its Foreign key. ► In 3NF and It does not have multi valued dependencies (Page 48) **Question #4 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:** Horizontal splitting breaks a table into multiple tables based upon\_ ► Common Row values ► Range of Data. ► Redundant data. **▶** Common column values. (Page 54) Question # 5 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option: D-Normalization speeds up\_ **▶** Data Retrieval (Page 51) ► Data Duplication ► Data Extraction ► Data Loading

Question # 6 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:

The most common use of range partitioning is on .

- **▶** Date (Page 66)
- ► Rows
- ► DSS
- ▶ None of these

#### Question # 7 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:

The fact table is a way of visualizing as an \_\_\_\_cube

- ► Rolled Up
- ► Un-rolled (Page 87)
- ▶ Rolled Down
- ▶ None of these

#### Question #8 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:

High Granularity, more .

- **Details** Click here for detail
- **▶** Dimensions
- ► Aggregates
- ► Cubes

Question # 9 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:
Transactional fact tables do not have records for events that do not occur. These are called
<ul> <li>Not Recording Facts (Page 120)</li> <li>► Fact-less Facts</li> <li>► Null Facts</li> <li>► None of these</li> </ul>
Question # 10 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:
Cubes not drilled down is, It is a
▶ Data Mart
▶ DWH
► DOLAP
► None of these
Question # 1 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:
Full & Incremental Extraction are the types of Extraction
► Logical (Page 132)
▶ Physical
► Both Logical & Physical
► None of Above
Question # 2 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:  Selectivity is low in environment.
<b>▶</b> DWH (Page 22)
▶ DBMS
► OLTP
► None of Above
Question # 3 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:  Normalization effects performance
► True
► False
Question # 4 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:
MOLAP physically builds "cubes" for direct access in a multi-dimensional database (MDD) Thereforeis
not supported.  ▶ One-to-One
► Facts
► ANSI SQL (Page 78)
► Dimensions
▶ None of these

O
Question # 5 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:
The users of data warehouse are knowledge workers in other words they are in the
organization.
► Decision maker (Page 18)
► Manager
► Database Administrator
▶ DWH Analyst
Question # 6 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:
In system, the contents change with time.
Select correct option:
►OLTP (Page 20)
►ATM
DSS
▶OLAP
VOLAP
Question # 7 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:
The growth of master files and magnetic tapes exploded around the mid
Select correct option:
▶ 1950s.
▶1960s. (Page 12)
▶1970s.
▶1980s.
Question # 8 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:
Naturally Evolving architecture occurred when an organization had a approach to handling the whole
process of hardware and software architecture.
► Relaxed (Page 14)
► Good
▶ Not Relaxed
None
None
Question # 9 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:
gives total view of an organization
▶OLAP
▶ OLTP
<b>▶</b> Data Warehouse (Page 16)
▶ Database

Question # 10 of	10 (Total M a r k s: 1)	<b>Select correct option:</b>
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Suppose the amount of data recorded in an organization is doubled every year. This increase is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

- **►** Linear
- **▶** Ouadratic
- ► Exponential (Page 15)
- **▶** logarithmic

#### Question # 1 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:

is an application of information and data.

- ► Knowledge (Page 11)
- ► Intelligence
- **▶** Power
- **►** Education

#### Question # 2 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:

A single database, couldn't serve both operational high performance transaction processing and DSS, analytical processing, all at the same time.

- ►True (Page 13)
- **▶** False

#### Question # 3 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:

B-Tree is used as an index to provide access to records

- **▶** Without scanning the entire table (Page 22)
- ▶ By scanning the entire meta data
- ▶By scanning the entire table
- ► None of these

#### Question # 4 of 10 (Total M a r k s: 1) Select correct option:

in agriculture extension is that pest population beyond which the benefit of spraying outweighs levels

- ►True (Page 332)
- ► False

