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CS304

Final Term Examination – Spring 2006

Time Allowed: 150 Minutes

Question No. 1 Marks: 1

What is the name of the function that overloads + operator for the complex class?

- 1. add the
- 2. complex add
- 3. +
- 4. operator +
- 5. operator

Question No. 2 Marks: 3

Within a member function, the *this always refers to expression

- 1. the objects passes as an argument to the n
- 2. fbeatibolress of an
- 3. **abjerop**orary object created within the
- 4. **fbectbje**ct that called the
- 5. **function** function

Question No. 3 Marks : 3

Write two classes Customer and Account. Declare Account as a friend class of Customer.

Private data ers of **Customer** class are:

memb Name

- ii. cusAddress
- iii. cusbalance

Private data of **Account** class are:

menaberstle

- ii. AccBalance
- a) Write parameterized constructors for both classes i. **Customer** and **Account**, to initialize their data members. For **Customer** class initialize cusbalance to zero.

b) Write a member function of **Account** class, named **setBalance** () to assign AccBalance to cusbalance, which is a data member o **Customer** class.

Write a member function for th **Customer** class, named **displaytData** () to display the values of **Customer's** cusName, cusAddress and cusbalance.

Question No. 4 Marks: 1

```
Given below is a code snippet:

Class You rClass

{

 private:
    YourCl ass();
    // other private met hods

public:
    // public me mbers
}

void main()

{
    Y ourClass *Yclass;
    Yclass = new YourClass[3];
}
```

Do you see any problem with the code

abovाere class name is invalid

- 2. The public members should be ided above the private members in the
- 3. The constructor is declared private class array is being created in the function main, the statement will result in an or therefore,
- 4. **臂f**fe array creating syntax is incorrect
- 5. Return type of main () is not int

Question No. 5 Marks: 1

- a) Write a C++ program which creates a clas**£mployee**with the following attribute
 - 1. name

This class should have a **parameterized** and **destructor** the getter/setter functions and virtual member function can be that returns the salary of the **Enaployee**

- **b)** Create a class named as **Salaried** that inherits from class **Employee** A Salaried object has the following attribute
 - 1. salary

This class should also have **parameterized** and **default** , setter/getter and a **pay** () member functions and default and default of the functions

- c) Similarly, develop a class named as **Hourly** that inherits from class**Employee** An **Hourly** object is distinguished by the following attributes
 - 1. hours
 - 2. rate

This class should also have a **parameterized** , **default** , setter/getter functions a **pay ()** member function. **constructor** destructor and Y our program should create objects **Salaried** and **Hourly** classes and then invoke the pay () function of these classes polymorphicly (through Employee Object)

Question No. 6 Marks: 1

The code for an *inline* function

- 1. is inserted into the ogram in the place of each of function
- 2. isrnot generated by the lcompilerself, but by the
- 3. takes extra memory processor
- 4. occurs only once in the
- 5. | Bradially symbolic; it is not actually executed

Question No. 7 Marks: 1

Write a C++ program to determine **area** and **perimeter** of **rectangle** according to the **length** and **withth** entered by the user. Your code should include **template <class T>.**

a

Your **rectangle**class has the following data member.

1: length

2: width

The area and perimetershould be calculated for eachint, float and double type data member. Hence data member of the should be of type Template as well. the rectangle

Your program should have following member functions of a template <class T>

1: area ();

This member function will calculate the **area of the rectangle** The **area** of a rectangle can be calculated by the following formula:

Area = length * width

2: perimeter ();

This member function will calculate the erimeter of the rectangle is where the formula for perimeter of the where the formula for perimeter of the rectangle

Perimeter = 2 *(length + width)

Area() and **perimeter()**member functions should return **the same type** on which the data is manipulating. For example

If the area is calculating for a rectangle of int type length indwidth, then this member functions hould return an integer number and vice versa.

Take three instances of one of each type of data int, float, and double or the class rectangle in main hers'

Also write setterand getterfor the data member of the lass rectangle

QuestionNo. 8 Marks: 1

4. int~ Student();5. ~ Student(int);	
Question No. 9	Marks: 1
Is there any difference between abstract and base class? If yes, then what is it?	
Question No. 10	Marks: 3
Question No. 11	Marks: 3
Question No. 12	Marks: 10
Question No. 13	Marks: 1
Question No. 14	Marks : 1
Question No. 15	Marks: 1
Question No. 16	Marks : 1
Overtion No. 17	Mariland
Question No. 17	Marks: 1
Question No. 18	Marks: 10

Marks: 1

Student();
 Student(int);
 ~ Student();

Question No. 19

Question No. 20	Marks: 1
Question No. 21	Marks : 1
Question No. 22	Marks: 1
Question No. 23	Marks: 1
Question No. 24	Marks: 1
Question No. 25	Marks: 3
Question No. 26	Marks: 1
Question No. 27	Marks: 1
Question No. 28	Marks: 1
Question No. 29	Marks: 1
Question No. 30	Marks : 1

Marks:1

Question No. 31

Question No. 32 Marks : 1