



www.ranapk.com

# Rana Abubakar Khan

If you want to learn computer programming then contact with me

[truefriendlion@gmail.com](mailto:truefriendlion@gmail.com)

JOIN FB GROUP FOR VU HELP

[www.facebook.com/groups/vu1234/](http://www.facebook.com/groups/vu1234/)

SOC101-FINALTERM

## SOC101

Compose by -----  
Sunbal Farooq (pskp01)

Question No: 1 ( Marks: 1 ) - Please choose one

\_\_\_\_\_ Perspective argues that social stratification benefits some people at the expense of others.



[www.ranapk.com](http://www.ranapk.com)

- ▶ **Social conflict**
  
- ▶ Structural-Functional
  
- ▶ Symbolic-Interaction
  
- ▶ Functionalist

Question No: 2 ( Marks: 1 ) - Please choose one

\_\_\_\_\_ **Functions are recognized and intended consequences of a social pattern.**

- ▶ Latent



[www.ranapk.com](http://www.ranapk.com)

- ▶ **Manifest**
- ▶ Dysfunctions
- ▶ None of the given options

Question No: 3 ( Marks: 1 ) - Please choose one

\_\_\_\_\_ is an act of moving from one social class to another.

- ▶ **Social mobility**
- ▶ Social stratification



www.ranapk.com

► Inter-class mobility

► Economic mobility

[www.vustudents.ning.com](http://www.vustudents.ning.com)

Question No: 4 ( Marks: 1 ) - Please choose one

\_\_\_\_\_ is a social group of two or more people, related by blood and marriage who usually live together.

► Tribe

► **Family**



www.ranapk.com

- ▶ Clan
- ▶ Kinship

Question No: 5 ( Marks: 1 ) - Please choose one

\_\_\_\_\_ is a form of marriage uniting one male and two or more females.

- ▶ Polygamy
- ▶ Polyandry
- ▶ Polygyny



[www.ranapk.com](http://www.ranapk.com)

- ▶ Group marriage

Question No: 6 ( Marks: 1 ) - Please choose one

\_\_\_\_\_ is the first and most influential setting for socialization.

- ▶ Peer group
- ▶ School
- ▶ Religion
- ▶ **Family**



www.ranapk.com

Question No: 7 ( Marks: 1 ) - Please choose one

\_\_\_\_\_ stratification refers to society's unequal distribution of wealth, power and privilege between men and women.

- ▶ Caste
- ▶ Class
- ▶ **Gender**
- ▶ Power

Question No: 8 ( Marks: 1 ) - Please choose one



[www.ranapk.com](http://www.ranapk.com)

The government of Pakistan, pursuing the policy of Education for All (EFA), expects that by \_\_\_\_\_ all children will complete their primary education.

- ▶ 2010
- ▶ 2020
- ▶ 2015
- ▶ 2025

Question No: 9 ( Marks: 1 ) - Please choose one

Erving Goffman uses the term \_\_\_\_\_ which refers to attributes that discredit people.





www.ranapk.com

- ▶ **Stigma**
  
- ▶ Degradation ceremony
  
- ▶ Deviant ritual
  
- ▶ Secondary identity

Question No: 10 ( Marks: 1 ) - Please choose one

The CBR refers to \_\_\_\_\_.



www.ranapk.com

- ▶ Child birth rate
- ▶ Crude baby rate
- ▶ Child birth ratio
- ▶ **Crude birth rate**

Question No: 11 ( Marks: 1 ) - Please choose one

According to 1998 Population Census of Pakistan, \_\_\_\_\_ percent of the population was of children under 15 years.

- ▶ 42



[www.ranapk.com](http://www.ranapk.com)

▶ 43

▶ 45

▶ 44

Question No: 12 ( Marks: 1 ) - Please choose one

The population growth rate (PGR) of the world was \_\_\_\_\_ percent in 2002.

▶ 1.3

▶ 1.4



[www.ranapk.com](http://www.ranapk.com)

▶ 1.6

▶ 3.1

Question No: 13 ( Marks: 1 ) - Please choose one

The \_\_\_\_\_ is “Crude” because it does not take into account the risk of having births.

▶ CBR

▶ CDR

▶ Mortality



[www.ranapk.com](http://www.ranapk.com)

- ▶ None of the given options

Question No: 14 ( Marks: 1 ) - Please choose one

\_\_\_\_\_ is the study of interaction of living organisms and the natural environment.

- ▶ Neurology
- ▶ Biology
- ▶ **Ecology**
- ▶ Anthropology



[www.ranapk.com](http://www.ranapk.com)

Question No: 15 ( Marks: 1 ) - Please choose one

\_\_\_\_\_ is the transfer of cultural traits from one place or group to another.

- ▶ Inventions
- ▶ Discovery
- ▶ **Diffusion**
- ▶ Creation

Question No: 16 ( Marks: 1 )



www.ranapk.com

In Karl Marx idea of class and conflict those who earn their living by selling their labor called \_\_\_\_\_.

In modern industrial societies, factories, offices, machinery and the wealth or capital needed to buy them have become more important. The two main classes are those who own these new means of production – the industrialists or **capitalists** called as Bourgeoisie (boorzhwahze) – and those who earn their living by selling their labor to them – the property-less working class called as **proletariat**.

Question No: 17 ( Marks: 1 )

– **Stereotypes** – is an exaggerated description applied to every person in same category.

Question No: 18 ( Marks: 1 )

– **Endogamy** – is the practice of mate selection from the same social category.

Question No: 19 ( Marks: 1 )

According to **Functionalists** – view inequality is a product of the traditional division in human societies.



www.ranapk.com

Question No: 20 ( Marks: 1 )

In 1798 \_ Malthus \_ published an Essay on the “Principle of Population”.

Question No: 21 ( Marks: 1 ) - Please choose one

**Davis and Moore view that social stratification has beneficial consequences for the operation of a society.**

- ▶ True
- ▶ False

**Answer.....pg 60**

Question No: 22 ( Marks: 1 ) - Please choose one

**Counter culture is cultural pattern that strongly opposes the widely accepted patterns within a society.**





[www.ranapk.com](http://www.ranapk.com)

► **True**

► False

Question No: 23 ( Marks: 1 ) - Please choose one

**In a global perspective, the United States spends more on schooling than almost anywhere else.**

► True

► False

Question No: 24 ( Marks: 1 ) - Please choose one

**Pakistan had a population of 148.6 million in 2006.**



[www.ranapk.com](http://www.ranapk.com)

- ▶ True
- ▶ False

Question No: 25 ( Marks: 1 ) - Please choose one

**The concept of cultural lag was given by William F. Ogburn.**

- ▶ True
- ▶ False

Question No: 26 ( Marks: 3 )

**Briefly describe the major components of Karl Marx theory of class and conflict.**



www.ranapk.com

**Answer.....pg 56**

Question No: 27 ( Marks: 3 )

**The amount of movement up and down the class structure would indicate the extent of social mobility prevalent in the society. Enlist three main factors that affect mobility? (1+1+1)**

- 1. Structural factors**
- 2. Individual factors**
- 3. Differential fertility by social class**

Question No: 28 ( Marks: 3 )

**In pre-industrial societies, gaining economic assistance and economic security in the process. Enlist any three residential patterns present in the industrial society. (1+1+1)**

- 1. Patrilocal:** A residential pattern in which a married couple lives with or near the husband's family.
- 2. Matrilocal:** A residential pattern in which a married couple lives with or near the wife's family.
- 3. Neolocal:** A residential pattern in which a married couple lives apart from the parents of both the spouses.



[www.ranapk.com](http://www.ranapk.com)

Question No: 29 ( Marks: 3 )

**Peer group is the one, whose members have interests, social position and age in common. Keeping in view the above mentioned statement how peer group influence your personality.**

**Answer ..... Pg35**

Question No: 30 ( Marks: 3 )

**How institution of school is imparting its role to create social integration?**

Schooling helps forge a mass of people into a unified society. This integrative function is especially important in nations with pronounced social diversity, where various cultures know little about – or may even be hostile to – one another. A basic way schools integrate culturally diverse people is by teaching a common language that encourages broad communication and builds a national identity.

Question No: 31 ( Marks: 10 )

**According to Weber, social stratification is not simply a matter of class but it also shaped by two other aspects: status and power. How you as a sociologist see the relevance of these two concepts of stratification in the society? (5+5)**



www.ranapk.com

**Pg ..... 58**

**Status** in Weber's theory refers to differences between social groups in the social honor or prestige they are accorded by others. Presently status is being expressed through people's styles of life. Markers and symbols of status—such as housing, dress, manner of speech, occupation – all help to shape an individual's social standing in the eyes of others. People sharing the same status form a community in which there is a sense of shared identity.

While Marx believed that status distinctions are the result of class divisions in society, Weber argued that status often varies independently of class divisions. Possession of wealth normally tends to confer high status, but there are many exceptions. Olympic gold medalists, for example, may not own property, yet they may have very high prestige. Property and prestige is not one way street: although property can bring prestige, prestige can also bring property.

**Power**, the third element of social class, is the ability to control others, even against their wishes. Weber agreed with Marx that property is a major source of power, but he added that it is not the only source.

With time, industrial societies witness the growth of the bureaucratic state. This expansion of government and other types of formal organizations means that power gains importance in the stratification system.

Party formation is an important aspect of power, and can influence stratification independently of class and status. Party defines a group of individuals who work together because they have common backgrounds, aims or interests. Party can be influenced by class but can also influence the economic circumstance of party members and thereby their class. Party membership cuts



[www.ranapk.com](http://www.ranapk.com)

across class differences. There are parties based on religious affiliations and nationalist ideals and may include the 'haves' and 'have-nots'. There could also be groups possessing effective political power without economic leverage (military, trade union). Therefore inequality could there due to political power.

Question No: 32 ( Marks: 10 )

**Family performs several functions. In fact family has been considered as “The backbone of society”. Explain any two functions of family that are fundamental for Pakistani society? (5+5)**

**Answer ..... pg 68**