

Assignment # 01

Date _____ 20 _____

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PROGRAM : BSE

SECTION : 2B

ENR NO : 02-131212-049

Subject : Linear Algebra.

Q1 Find the Solution Set of the given system of eq by Gauss Jordan method.

$$x_1 - 5x_2 + 2x_3 - x_4 = 3$$

$$-2x_1 + 10x_2 + 2x_3 - x_4 = -1$$

$$x_2 - 3x_3 + 4x_4 = 2$$

Sol

write in Augmented form.

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & -5 & 2 & -1 & 3 \\ -2 & 10 & 2 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & 4 & 2 \end{array} \right]$$

$R_2 + 2R_1$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & -5 & 2 & -1 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 6 & -3 & +5 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & 4 & 2 \end{array} \right]$$

$R_2 \leftrightarrow R_3$ (Row elementary method).

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & -5 & 2 & -1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & 4 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 6 & -3 & 5 \end{array} \right]$$

$R_1 + 5R_2$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & -13 & 19 & 13 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & 4 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 6 & -3 & 5 \end{array} \right]$$

$$2R_2 + R_3, \quad 6R_1 + 13R_3.$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 6 & 0 & 0 & 75 & 143 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 5 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 6 & -3 & 5 \end{array} \right]$$

$$R_1 \div 6, \quad R_2 \div 2, \quad R_3 \div 6$$

$$\begin{array}{c} a \quad b \quad c \quad d \\ \left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} \textcircled{1} & 0 & 0 & 12.5 & 23.8 \\ 0 & \textcircled{1} & 0 & 2.5 & 4.5 \\ 0 & 0 & \textcircled{1} & -0.5 & 0.83 \end{array} \right] \end{array}$$

$$\text{let } d = 1$$

d , free column.

$$R_1 \Rightarrow a + 12.5d = 23.8$$

$$R_2 \Rightarrow b + 2.5d = 4.5$$

$$R_3 \Rightarrow c + (-0.5d) = 0.83$$

$$\text{Put } d = 1 \text{ in } R_1$$

$$a + 12.5 = 23.8$$

$$\boxed{a = 11.3}$$

$$\text{Put } d = 1 \text{ in } R_2$$

$$b + 2.5 = 4.5$$

$$\boxed{b = 2}$$

$$\text{Put } d = 1 \text{ in } R_3$$

$$c - 0.5 = 0.83$$

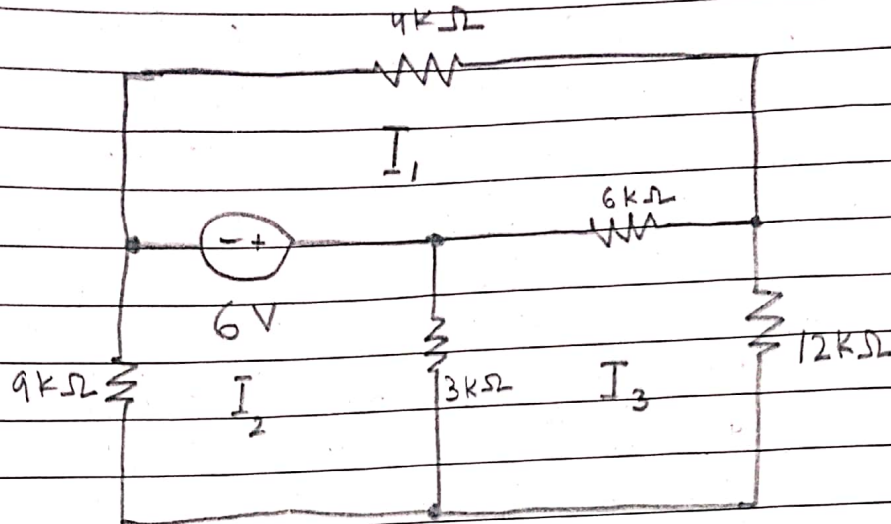
$$\boxed{c = 1.33}$$

Solution Set

$$\begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \\ d \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 11.3 \\ 2 \\ 1.33 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Q2

Solve the given circuit by Row reduction (Gauss elimination) form.



$$\begin{aligned} 10I_1 + 0 - 6I_3 &= 6 \\ 0 + 12I_2 - 3I_3 &= 6 \\ -6I_1 - 3I_2 + 21I_3 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

write in Augmented form.

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 10 & 0 & -6 & 6 \\ 0 & 12 & -3 & 6 \\ -6 & -3 & 21 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$R_1 \div 2, \quad R_2 \div 3, \quad R_3 \div 3$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 5 & 0 & -3 & 3 \\ 0 & 4 & -1 & 2 \\ -2 & -1 & 7 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$5R_3 + 2R_1$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} (5) & 0 & -3 & 3 \\ 0 & (4) & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & -5 & (29) & 6 \end{array} \right]$$

$$4R_3 + 5R_2$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc|c} x_1 & x_2 & x_3 & \\ \hline 5 & 0 & -3 & 3 \\ 0 & 4 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 111 & 34 \end{array}$$

-20+10

$$R_3 \Rightarrow 111x_3 = 34$$

$$x_3 = 0.30$$

$$R_2 \Rightarrow 4x_2 - 0.30 = 2$$

$$4x_2 = 2.3$$

$$x_2 = 0.57$$

$$R_1 \Rightarrow 5x_1 - 3(0.30) = 3$$

$$5x_1 - 0.9 = 3$$

$$5x_1 = 3.9$$

$$x_1 = 0.78$$

Solution Set :-

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.78 \\ 0.57 \\ 0.30 \end{bmatrix}$$

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3. Determine the value of h such that the given matrix is augmented matrix of a consistent linear system.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & h & 1 \\ -3 & 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Sol write in Augmented matrix

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 2 & h & 1 \\ -3 & 4 & 2 \end{array} \right]$$

$$2R_2 + 3R_1$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 2 & h & 1 \\ 0 & 8+3h & 7 \end{array} \right]$$

if

$$8 + 3h \neq 0$$

$$3h \neq -8$$

$$h \neq -\frac{8}{3}$$

For any real values except $h \neq -\frac{8}{3}$ the given matrix is of a consistent linear equation.

$$(2) \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} -4 & 3 & 2h \\ 2 & -3/2 & 2 \end{array} \right]$$

Sol

$$2R_2 + R_1$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|c} -4 & 3 & 2h \\ 0 & 0 & 4+2h \end{array} \right]$$

$$4 + 2h = 0$$

$$2h = -4$$

$$h = -2$$

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when value of h is -2 The System is of linear combination otherwise the System is not of linear combination.

Q4 For what value of " h " the given v is a linear combination of b_1, b_2, b_3 .

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & 1 & | & h \\ -2 & 6 & -2 & | & 2 \\ -3 & 0 & 5 & | & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_2 + 2R_1 \quad \text{and} \quad R_3 + 3R_1$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & 1 & | & h \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & | & 2+2h \\ 0 & -9 & 8 & | & 3+3h \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_2 \leftrightarrow R_3 \quad (\text{Row elementary method})$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & 1 & | & h \\ 0 & -9 & 8 & | & 3+3h \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & | & 2+2h \end{bmatrix}$$

for

$$2+2h = 0$$

$$2h = -2$$

$$\boxed{h = -1}$$

When $h = -1$ The System is a linear combination and for all other values of h the System is not of linear combination.