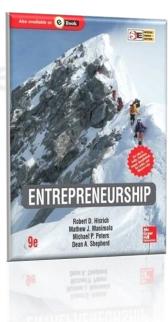
Entrepreneurship & Leadership (HSS-421)

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Department of Compu Software Engineering Karachi Campus





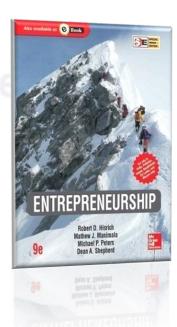
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OPPORTUNITY RECOGNITION & IDEA GENERATION

Lecture No 05

By Engr. Syed Rizwan Ali

In this Lecture will cover ..

- Understanding of Brainstorming and Ideation.
- Understanding of the Recognizing Business Opportunities
- Understanding of Brainstorming and Ideation Techniques
- How to Validate the Business Ideas
- Importance of Ideation in Problem Solving and Innovation
- Understand the Core Principle of Lean Startup
 Methodology
- Articulate the Importance of Lean Startup Approach
- Identify and Define a Minimum Viable Product (MVP)

Brainstorming



Definition of Brainstorming:

- Brainstorming is a creative problem-solving and ideagenerating technique aiming to produce a broad range of fresh ideas by encouraging free-thinking and open dialogue within a group setting.
- During a brainstorming session, participants/students are encouraged to share spontaneous thoughts, ideas, and suggestions without fear of criticism, allowing for a wider array of potential solutions and innovations to emerge.

Ideation



Definition of Ideation:

- Ideation refers to the process of developing, generating, and communicating new ideas, where an idea is understood as a basic element of thought that can be visual, concrete, or abstract.
- Ideation comprises all stages of a thought cycle, from innovation, to development, to actualization, and it is a crucial component in the design thinking process, serving as the mechanism to create innovative solutions and solve complex problems.

Recognizing Business Opportunities

Definition of Ideation:

- The ability to identify a <u>new potential source</u> of <u>revenue</u> or <u>an area of business that can be improved</u>.
- Key Points:
 - 1. Trends in the market: Stay updated with industry trends.
 - 2. Unsolved problems: Areas where customers are not satisfied.
 - 3. Innovations in technology: New tech can lead to new opportunities.
 - 4. **Gaps in the current market:** Products or services missing in the market

Importance - Recognizing Business

Recognizing Business:

- ✓ Competitive Advantage: Early movers can dominate the market.
- ✓ **Innovation:** Leads to new products, services, and business models.
- ✓ **Growth:** Opportunities can lead to business expansion and diversification.

Definition:

- Processes to generate, develop, and communicate new ideas.
- Techniques:
 - Mind Mapping: Visual representation of ideas branching from a central concept.
 - 2. **Brainwriting:** Everyone writes down ideas, passes the paper, and others build on it.
 - 3. **SWOT Analysis:** Evaluating Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, Threats.
 - 4. Playing: Act out scenarios to inspire creativity.

1. Mind Mapping:

- Situation: Planning a Product Launch
- **Example:** A startup company is planning the launch of a new eco-friendly water bottle. To ensure every aspect of the launch is covered, they use a mind map.
- Central Concept: Eco-Friendly Water Bottle Launch
- Branches:
 - ✓ Marketing: Sub-branches might include social media campaigns, influencer partnerships, and email marketing.
 - ✓ Production: Materials sourcing, production timelines, and quality assurance checks.

1. Mind Mapping:

- ✓ **Distribution:** Online sales channels, retail partnerships, and shipping logistics.
- ✓ Feedback: Customer reviews, launch surveys, and focus groups.

2. Brainwriting:

- ✓ Situation: Improving User Experience on a Website
- ✓ Feedback: Customer reviews, launch surveys, and focus groups.
- ✓ **Example:** A tech company notices a decline in user engagement on their website. They decide to use brainwriting to generate ideas for improvement.

- ✓ The team of designers and developers each writes down a single idea to enhance the user experience. They pass their papers to the left.
- ✓ The next person reads the idea and adds or refines it. This continues until everyone has contributed to each original idea.
- ✓ Result: Ideas like "introduce a dark mode", "streamline navigation", and "add a feedback button" are expanded upon with specific strategies and details.

3. SWOT Analysis:

- ✓ Situation: Expanding a Coffee Shop Chain
- ✓ **Example:** "Java Delights," a popular local coffee shop, is considering opening more branches in the city.
- ✓ Strengths: Established brand, loyal customer base, unique coffee blends.
- ✓ Weaknesses: Limited capital for expansion, lack of experience in managing multiple locations.
- Opportunities: Growing demand for specialty coffee, potential locations in upcoming commercial areas.
- ✓ Threats: Competition from international coffee chains, fluctuating coffee bean prices.

4. Role Playing:

- ✓ Situation: Training Customer Service Representatives
- ✓ **Example:** A telecom company is training its customer service reps to handle difficult customers.
- The trainer sets up a scenario: "A customer is extremely upset because their internet has been down for two days." One trainee plays the customer, exaggerating their frustration, while another trainee plays the representative. The representative must calm the customer, offer solutions, and ensure customer satisfaction. After the role-play, the group discusses the strengths and areas of improvement in the response.

Benefits of Brainstorming & Ideation

- ✓ **Diverse Perspectives:** Encourages a variety of views and insights.
- ✓ Boosts Creativity: Freethinking without restrictions.
- ✓ Problem Solving: Generates solutions to existing issues.
- Team Building: Collaborative activity that builds team spirit.

Validating Business Ideas

Definition:

- The process of testing a business idea to see if it's viable in the market.
 - Market Research: Understand the target audience and competitors.
 - ✓ MVP (Minimum Viable Product): Create a basic version of your product/service to test in the market.
 - Customer Feedback: Gather opinions and adjust based on feedback.
 - ✓ Financial Projections: Determine profitability and sustainability.

 The process of ideation is paramount in problem-solving and innovation for several reasons:

1. Generates Diverse Solutions:

Ideation promotes the generation of a diverse array of solutions, allowing individuals or teams to explore multiple avenues and approaches to address a particular problem or challenge, which is essential for innovation.

2. Encourages Creative Thinking:

It fosters a creative mindset by encouraging free thinking and the exploration of unconventional ideas and perspectives, breaking away from traditional and linear thinking patterns.

3. Enhances Collaborative Effort:

Ideation processes often involve multidisciplinary teams, enhancing collaborative efforts, and allowing the fusion of different knowledge bases, skills, and perspectives, leading to more rounded and robust solutions.

4. Facilitates Early Problem Identification:

It enables the identification of potential issues and roadblocks early in the problem-solving process, allowing for the development of more effective and proactive solutions.

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5. Uncovers Unmet Needs and Opportunities:

Through ideation, unmet needs, gaps, and opportunities can be uncovered, providing a foundation for the development of new and improved products, services, or processes.

6. Optimizes Resource Utilization:

By exploring multiple ideas and solutions in the ideation phase, organizations can allocate resources more efficiently, focusing on the most promising and impactful ideas.

7. Promotes a Positive Problem-Solving Environment:

Ideation fosters an environment where risk-taking is encouraged, and failure is seen as an opportunity to learn and improve, cultivating a positive and progressive problem-solving culture.

8. Accelerates Innovation:

The rapid generation, iteration, and validation of ideas in the ideation phase significantly accelerate the innovation process, allowing organizations to adapt and stay competitive in fast-evolving markets.

9. Drives Economic Growth and Competitive Advantage: Ideation leads to the creation of novel products, services, technologies, and business models, driving economic growth and providing a competitive advantage to organizations that can effectively implement innovative solutions.

LEAN STARTUP METHODOLOGY WISUAL BY PASCAL TIMMERMANS MBI BASED ON ERIC RIES











LEARN, ADJUST, FINE-TUNE OR REDEFINE IDEA / HYPOTHESE(S)



• The Lean Startup methodology is a business approach popularized by Eric Ries in his book "The Lean Startup." It is designed to help entrepreneurs build sustainable businesses by focusing on adaptability, customer feedback, and efficient use of resources. Here are the core principles of the Lean Startup methodology:

- 1. Start Small:
- 2. Build-Measure-Learn:
- 3. Validated Learning:
- 4. Continuous Deployment:
- 5. Lean Thinking:

- 6. Sustainable Growth:
- 7. Actionable Metrics vs Vanity Metrics:
- 8. Pivot or Persevere:

- **Start Small:** Begin with a "Minimum Viable Product" (MVP). This is the simplest version of your product that allows you to start the learning process as quickly as possible.
- The MVP serves as a tool to test and validate hypotheses about the business model and product-market fit.
- **Build-Measure-Learn:** Build your MVP. Measure how it performs in the market by collecting quantitative and qualitative data.
- Learn from the data. Decide whether to persevere with the current course or pivot to make adjustments based on feedback.

- Validated Learning: Instead of investing time and resources blindly, validate assumptions through realworld experiments.
- Make decisions based on data and feedback rather than intuition.
- Continuous Deployment: Employ a consistent, rapid cycle of releasing products to get immediate feedback and to adapt products quickly.
- This is especially prominent in software businesses where frequent updates can be released based on user feedback.

- Lean Thinking: Eliminate waste. Any effort that doesn't produce value for the customer is considered waste.
- This stems from lean manufacturing principles, which focus on efficiency and eliminating any unnecessary resources, time, or effort.
- **Sustainable Growth:** Growth is sustainable when new customers come from the actions of previous customers. This can be through word of mouth, as a side effect of product usage, through funded advertising, or through repeat purchase.

- Actionable Metrics vs Vanity Metrics: Focus on metrics that can guide decision-making rather than metrics that just look good on paper.
- For instance, the number of registered users can be a vanity metric if they're not actively using and benefiting from your product.
- On the other hand, user engagement or retention rate can be actionable metrics that indicate the product's value to users.

Pivot or Persevere:

- Based on feedback and data, entrepreneurs must decide whether to continue on the set path (persevere) or make fundamental changes to the product (pivot).
- Pivoting might mean changing target audiences, tweaking the product, or even completely overhauling the business model.

Thanks Any Question ????