

Quiz- 3 Selections

1. The "less than or equal to" comparison operator in Java is _____.
 - a. <
 - b. <=
 - c. =<
 - d. <<
 - e. !=
2. The equal comparison operator in Java is _____.
 - a. <>
 - b. !=
 - c. ==
 - d. ^=
3. What is $1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 == 5$?
 - a. true
 - b. false
 - c. There is no guarantee that $1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 == 5$ is true.
4. What is $1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 == 0.5$?
 - a. true
 - b. false
 - c. There is no guarantee that $1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 == 0.5$ is true.
5. In Java, the word true is _____.
 - a. a Java keyword
 - b. a Boolean literal
 - c. same as value 1
 - d. same as value 0
6. Which of the following code displays the area of a circle if the radius is positive?
 - a. `if (radius != 0) System.out.println(radius * radius * 3.14159);`

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- b. if (radius >= 0) System.out.println(radius * radius * 3.14159);
- c. if (radius > 0) System.out.println(radius * radius * 3.14159);
- d. if (radius <= 0) System.out.println(radius * radius * 3.14159);

7. What is the output of the following code?

```
int x = 0;
if (x < 4) {
    x = x + 1;
}
System.out.println("x is " + x);
```

- a. x is 0
- b. x is 1
- c. x is 2
- d. x is 3
- e. x is 4

8. Suppose income is 4001, what is the output of the following code?

```
if (income > 3000) {
    System.out.println("Income is greater than 3000");
}
else if (income > 4000) {
    System.out.println("Income is greater than 4000");
}
```

- a. no output
- b. Income is greater than 3000
- c. Income is greater than 3000 followed by Income is greater than 4000
- d. Income is greater than 4000
- e. Income is greater than 4000 followed by Income is greater than 3000

9. The following code displays _____.

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```
double temperature = 50;  
if (temperature >= 100)  
    System.out.println("too hot");  
else if (temperature <= 40)  
    System.out.println("too cold");  
else  
    System.out.println("just right");
```

- a. too hot
- b. too cold
- c. just right
- d. too hot too cold just right

10. Suppose $x = 1$, $y = -1$, and $z = 1$. What is the output of the following statement? (Please indent the statement correctly first.)

```
if (x > 0)  
    if (y > 0)  
        System.out.println("x > 0 and y > 0");  
else if (z > 0)  
    System.out.println("x < 0 and z > 0");
```

- a. $x > 0$ and $y > 0$;
- b. $x < 0$ and $z > 0$;
- c. $x < 0$ and $z < 0$;
- d. no output.

11. Analyze the following code:

```
boolean even = false;  
if (even = true) {  
    System.out.println("It is even");  
}
```

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- a. The program has a compile error.
- b. The program has a runtime error.
- c. The program runs fine, but displays nothing.
- d. The program runs fine and displays It is even.

12. Suppose isPrime is a boolean variable, which of the following is the correct and best statement for testing if isPrime is true?

- a. if (isPrime = true)
- b. if (isPrime == true)
- c. if (isPrime)
- d. if (!isPrime = false)
- e. if (!isPrime == false)

13. Analyze the following code.

```
boolean even = false;  
if (even) {  
    System.out.println("It is even!");  
}
```

- a. The code displays It is even!
- b. The code displays nothing.
- c. The code is wrong. You should replace if (even) with if (even == true).
- d. The code is wrong. You should replace if (even) with if (even = true).

14. Analyze the following code:

Code 1:

```
int number = 45;  
boolean even;  
if (number % 2 == 0)  
    even = true;
```

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else

even = false;

Code 2:

```
int number = 45;
```

```
boolean even = (number % 2 == 0);
```

- a. Code 1 has compile errors.
- b. Code 2 has compile errors.
- c. Both Code 1 and Code 2 have compile errors.
- d. Both Code 1 and Code 2 are correct, but Code 2 is better.

15. Which of the following is a possible output from invoking `Math.random()`?

- a. 3.43
- b. 0.5
- c. 0.0
- d. 1.0

16. What is the output from `System.out.println((int)Math.random() * 4)`?

- a. 0
- b. 1
- c. 2
- d. 3
- e. 4

17. What is the possible output from `System.out.println((int)(Math.random() * 4))`?

- a. 0
- b. 1
- c. 2
- d. 3
- e. 4

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18. Suppose you write the code to display "Cannot get a driver's license" if age is less than 16 and "Can get a driver's license" if age is greater than or equal to 16. Which of the following code is correct?

I:

```
if (age < 16)
```

```
    System.out.println("Cannot get a driver's license");
```

```
if (age >= 16)
```

```
    System.out.println("Can get a driver's license");
```

II:

```
if (age < 16)
```

```
    System.out.println("Cannot get a driver's license");
```

```
else
```

```
    System.out.println("Can get a driver's license");
```

III:

```
if (age < 16)
```

```
    System.out.println("Cannot get a driver's license");
```

```
else if (age >= 16)
```

```
    System.out.println("Can get a driver's license");
```

IV:

```
if (age < 16)
```

```
    System.out.println("Cannot get a driver's license");
```

```
else if (age > 16)
```

```
    System.out.println("Can get a driver's license");
```

```
else if (age == 16)
```

```
    System.out.println("Can get a driver's license");
```

a. I

b. II

c. III

d. IV

19. Suppose you write the code to display "Cannot get a driver's license" if age is less than 16 and "Can get a driver's license" if age is greater than or equal to 16. Which of the following code is the best?

I:

```
if (age < 16)
```

```
    System.out.println("Cannot get a driver's license");
```

```
if (age >= 16)
```

```
    System.out.println("Can get a driver's license");
```

II:

```
if (age < 16)
```

```
    System.out.println("Cannot get a driver's license");
```

```
else
```

```
    System.out.println("Can get a driver's license");
```

III:

```
if (age < 16)
```

```
    System.out.println("Cannot get a driver's license");
```

```
else if (age >= 16)
```

```
    System.out.println("Can get a driver's license");
```

IV:

```
if (age < 16)
```

```
    System.out.println("Cannot get a driver's license");
```

```
else if (age > 16)
```

```
    System.out.println("Can get a driver's license");
```

```
else if (age == 16)
```

```
    System.out.println("Can get a driver's license");
```

a. I

b. II

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c. III

d. IV

20. The _____ method immediately terminates the program.

a. `System.terminate(0);`

b. `System.halt(0);`

c. `System.exit(0);`

d. `System.quit(0);`

e. `System.stop(0);`

21. Which of the Boolean expressions below is incorrect?

a. `(true) && (3 == 4)`

b. `!(x > 0) && (x > 0)`

c. `(x > 0) || (x < 0)`

d. `(x != 0) || (x = 0)`

e. `(-10 < x < 0)`

22. Which of the following is the correct expression that evaluates to true if the number x is between 1 and 100 or the number is negative?

a. `1 < x < 100 && x < 0`

b. `((x < 100) && (x > 1)) || (x < 0)`

c. `((x < 100) && (x > 1)) && (x < 0)`

d. `(1 > x > 100) || (x < 0)`

23. Assume x = 4 and y = 5, which of the following is true?

a. `x < 5 && y < 5`

b. `x < 5 || y < 5`

c. `x > 5 && y > 5`

d. `x > 5 || y > 5`

24. Assume x = 4, which of the following is true?

a. `!(x == 4)`

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b. `x != 4`

c. `x == 5`

d. `x != 5`

25. Assume `x = 4` and `y = 5`, which of the following is true?

a. `!(x == 4) ^ y != 5`

b. `x != 4 ^ y == 5`

c. `x == 5 ^ y == 4`

d. `x != 5 ^ y != 4`

26. Given `|x - 2| <= 4`, which of the following is true?

a. `x - 2 <= 4 && x - 2 >= 4`

b. `x - 2 <= 4 && x - 2 > -4`

c. `x - 2 <= 4 && x - 2 >= -4`

d. `x - 2 <= 4 || x - 2 >= -4`

27. Given `|x - 2| >= 4`, which of the following is true?

a. `x - 2 >= 4 && x - 2 <= -4`

b. `x - 2 >= 4 || x - 2 <= -4`

c. `x - 2 >= 4 && x - 2 < -4`

d. `x - 2 >= 4 || x - 2 < -4`

28. Which of the following is equivalent to `x != y`?

a. `!(x == y)`

b. `x > y && x < y`

c. `x > y || x < y`

d. `x >= y || x <= y`

29. Suppose `x=10` and `y=10`. What is `x` after evaluating the expression `(y > 10) && (x-- > 10)`?

a. 9

b. 10

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c. 11

30. Suppose x=10 and y=10. What is x after evaluating the expression (y > 10) && (x++ > 10).

a. 9

b. 10

c. 11

31. Suppose x=10 and y=10. What is x after evaluating the expression (y >= 10) || (x-- > 10).

a. 9

b. 10

c. 11

32. Suppose x=10 and y=10. What is x after evaluating the expression (y >= 10) || (x++ > 10).

a. 9

b. 10

c. 11

33. Analyze the following code:

```
if (x < 100) && (x > 10)
```

```
    System.out.println("x is between 10 and 100");
```

a.The statement has compile errors because (x<100) & (x > 10) must be enclosed inside parentheses.

b.The statement has compile errors because (x<100) & (x > 10) must be enclosed inside parentheses and the println(...) statement must be put inside a block.

c.The statement compiles fine.

d.The statement compiles fine, but has a runtime error.

34. Which of the following are so called short-circuit operators?

a. &&

b. &

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c. ||

d. |

35. What is y after the following switch statement is executed?

```
int x = 3; int y = 4;
```

```
switch (x + 3) {  
    case 6: y = 0;  
    case 7: y = 1;  
    default: y += 1;  
}
```

a. 1

b. 2

c. 3

d. 4

e. 0

36. Analyze the following program fragment:

```
int x;
```

```
double d = 1.5;
```

```
switch (d) {  
    case 1.0: x = 1;  
    case 1.5: x = 2;  
    case 2.0: x = 3;  
}
```

a. The program has a compile error because the required break statement is missing in the switch statement.

b. The program has a compile error because the required default case is missing in the switch statement.

c. The switch control variable cannot be double.

d. No errors.

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37. What is y after the following statement is executed?

```
x = 0;
```

```
y = (x > 0) ? 10 : -10;
```

- a. -10
- b. 0
- c. 10
- d. 20
- e. Illegal expression

38. Analyze the following code fragments that assign a boolean value to the variable even.

Code 1:

```
if (number % 2 == 0)
```

```
    even = true;
```

```
else
```

```
    even = false;
```

Code 2:

```
even = (number % 2 == 0) ? true: false;
```

Code 3:

```
even = number % 2 == 0;
```

- a. Code 2 has a compile error, because you cannot have true and false literals in the conditional expression.
- b. Code 3 has a compile error, because you attempt to assign number to even.
- c. All three are correct, but Code 1 is preferred.
- d. All three are correct, but Code 2 is preferred.
- e. All three are correct, but Code 3 is preferred.

39. What is the output of the following code?

```
boolean even = false;
```

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`System.out.println((even ? "true" : "false"));`

- a. true
- b. false
- c. nothing
- d. true false

40. The order of the precedence (from high to low) of the operators binary +, *, &&, ||, ^ is:

- a. &&, ||, ^, *, +
- b. *, +, &&, ||, ^
- c. *, +, ^, &&, ||
- d. *, +, ^, ||, &&
- e. ^, ||, &&, *, +

41. What is y displayed in the following code?

```
public class Test1 {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int x = 1;  
        int y = x = x + 1;  
        System.out.println("y is " + y);  
    }  
}
```

- a. y is 0.
- b. y is 1 because x is assigned to y first.
- c. y is 2 because x + 1 is assigned to x and then x is assigned to y.
- d. The program has a compile error since x is redeclared in the statement `int y = x = x + 1`.

42. Which of the following operators are right-associative.

- a. *
- b. + (binary +)

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c. %

d. &&

e. =

43. What is the value of the following expression?

`true || true && false`

a. true

b. false

44. Which of the following statements are true?

a. `(x > 0 && x < 10)` is same as `((x > 0) && (x < 10))`

b. `(x > 0 || x < 10)` is same as `((x > 0) || (x < 10))`

c. `(x > 0 || x < 10 && y < 0)` is same as `(x > 0 || (x < 10 && y < 0))`

d. `(x > 0 || x < 10 && y < 0)` is same as `((x > 0 || x < 10) && y < 0)`