

# Lecture#04 Process Control Concept in O.S

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An Overview of Process Control Concept and Process Control  
Block

# What is a Process?

- A program in execution
- Active entity vs program (passive entity)
- Contains Key Elements: program counter, stack, data section
- Basic unit of execution in an operating system

# Process in Memory

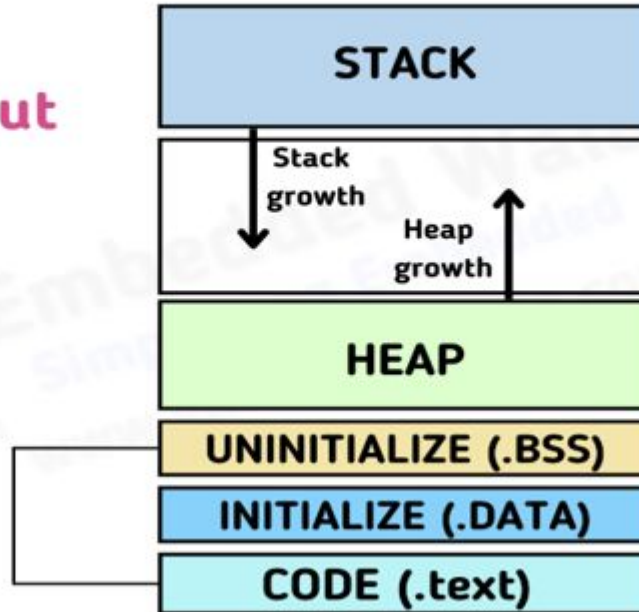
- Text section (code)
- Data section (global variables)
- Heap (dynamically allocated memory)
- Stack (temporary data storage)

Visual: Memory layout diagram

# Process in Memory

## Memory Layout of C

Static  
Memory  
Layout





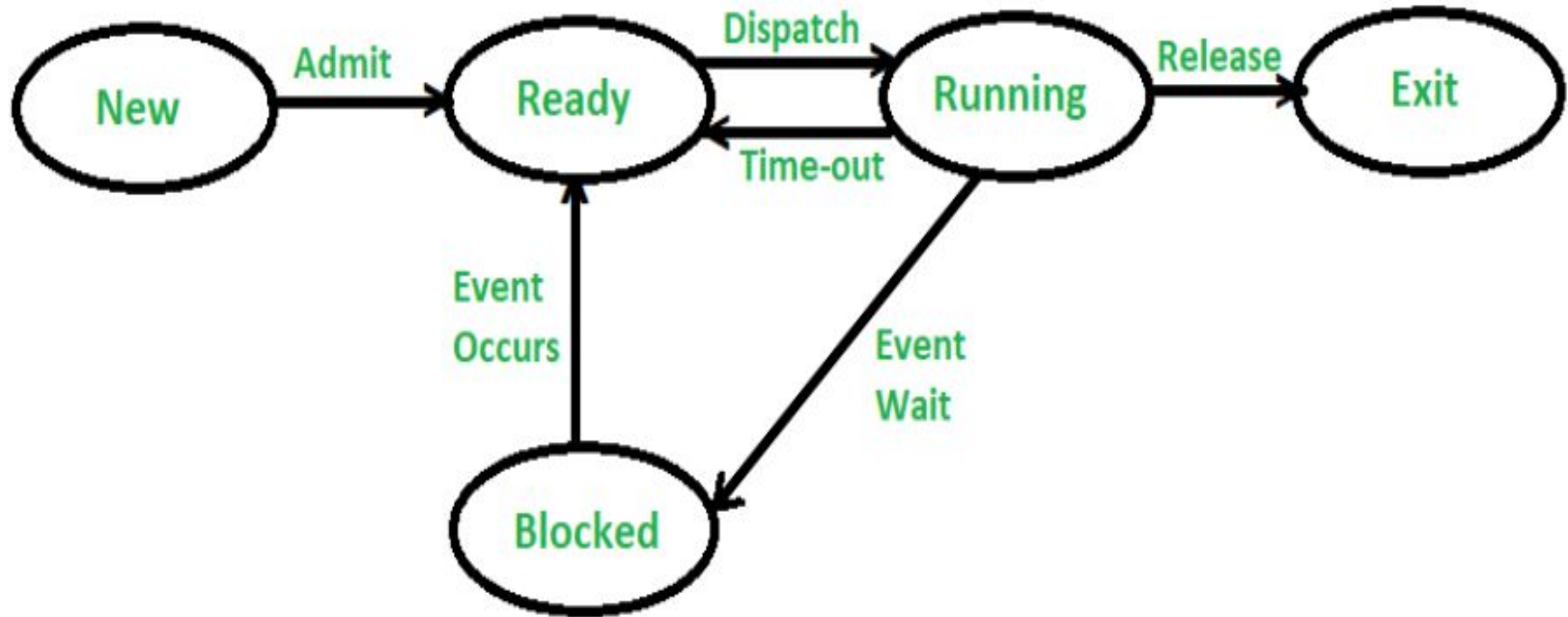
# Process States: Overview

Five main states a process can be in:

- New
- Ready
- Running
- Waiting
- Terminated

Visual: Process state diagram

## Process States



## New State

- Process is being created
- Resources are being allocated
- PCB is being created
- Not yet ready for execution

## Ready State

- Process is waiting to be assigned to a processor
- All resources available except CPU
- Multiple processes can be in ready state
- Managed through ready queue



## Running State

- Process is executing on CPU
- Instructions being processed
- Only one process per CPU can be in running state
- Time quantum allocation in time-sharing systems

# Waiting State

- Process waiting for event/resource
- Cannot execute until event occurs
- Examples: I/O completion, signal receipt
- Moved to ready state when event completes

## Terminated State

- Process has finished execution
- Resources being deallocated
- Final state in process lifecycle
- PCB maintained until system cleanup

# Process Control Block (PCB): Introduction

- Also called Task Control Block
- Data structure maintained by OS
- Contains all process information
- Created when process is created



END OF LECTURE

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