# R: ggplot2 Exercises

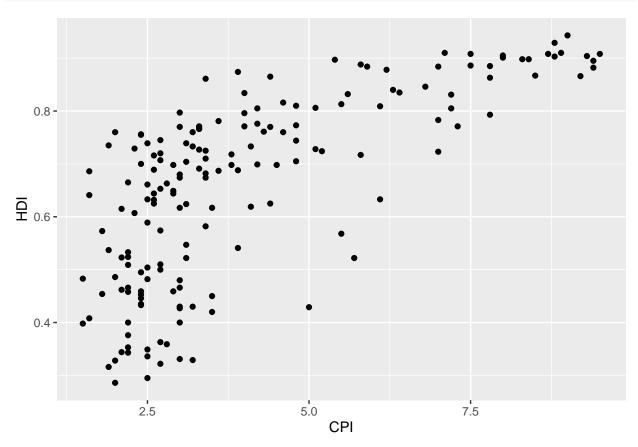
#### Ai Yukino

## Import R packages

# Exercise I

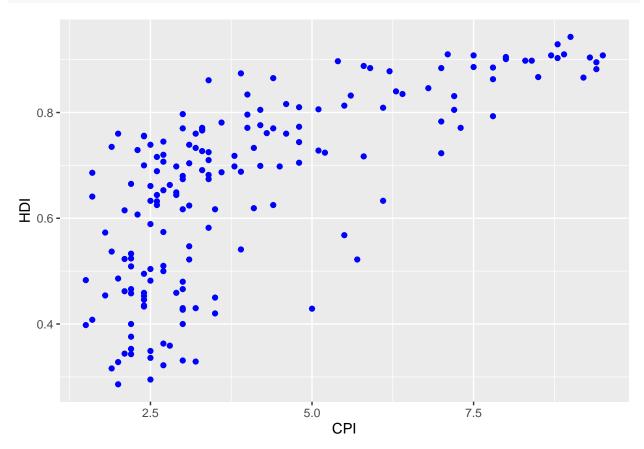
(1) Create a scatter plot with CPI on the x axis and HDI on the y axis

```
ggplot(data = tb, aes(x = CPI, y = HDI)) +
  geom_point()
```



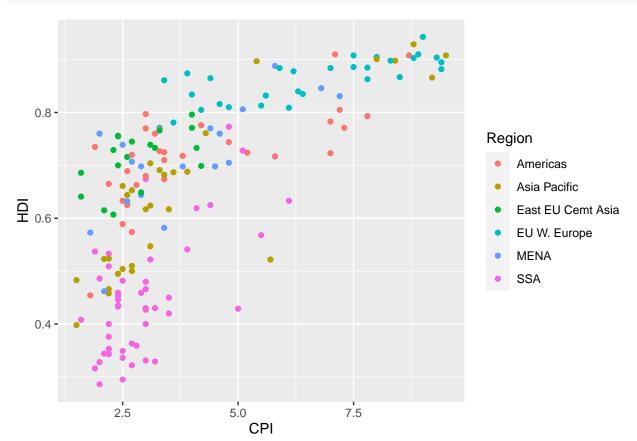
# (2) Color the points blue

```
ggplot(data = tb, aes(x = CPI, y = HDI)) +
geom_point(color="blue")
```



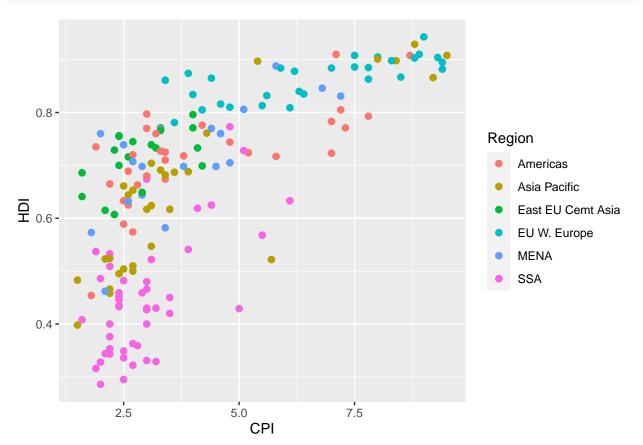
# (3) Map the color of the the points to Region.

```
ggplot(data = tb, aes(x = CPI, y = HDI, color = Region)) +
  geom_point()
```



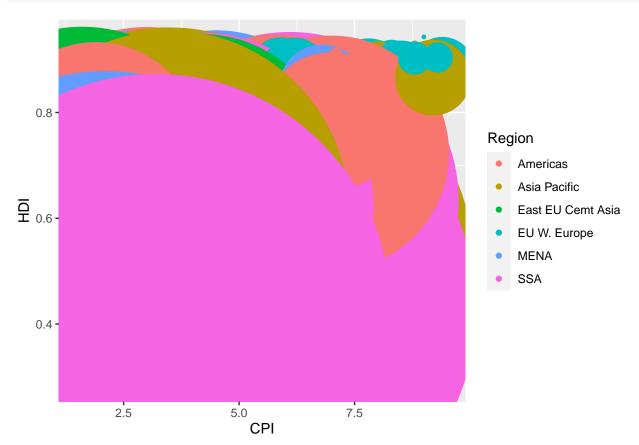
## (4) Make the points bigger by setting size to 2

```
ggplot(data = tb, aes(x = CPI, y = HDI, color = Region)) +
geom_point(size = 2)
```



## (5) Map the size of the points to HDI.Rank

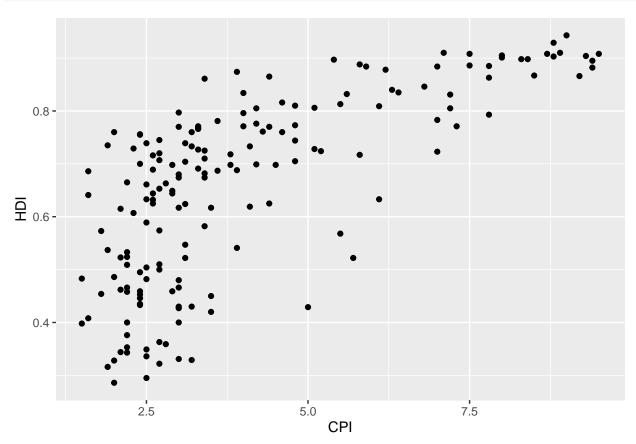
```
ggplot(data = tb, aes(x = CPI, y = HDI, color = Region)) +
geom_point(size = tb$HDI.Rank)
```



## Exercise II

(1) Re-create a scatter plot with CPI on the x axis and HDI on the y axis (as you did in the previous exercise).

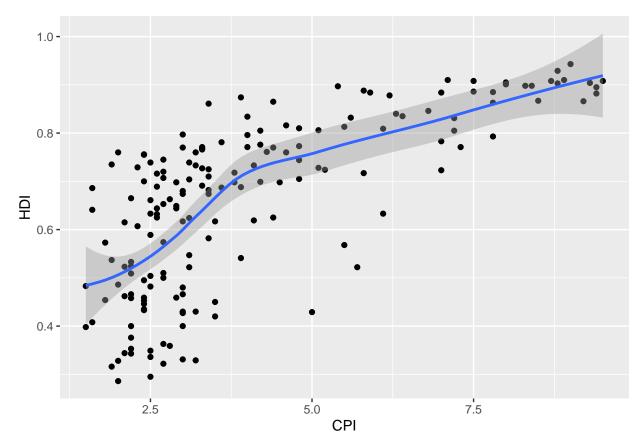
```
ggplot(data = tb, aes(x = CPI, y = HDI)) +
  geom_point()
```



(2) Overlay a smoothing line on top of the scatter plot using geom\_smooth.

```
ggplot(data = tb, aes(x = CPI, y = HDI)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_smooth()
```

##  $geom_smooth()$  using method = 'loess' and formula 'y ~ x'

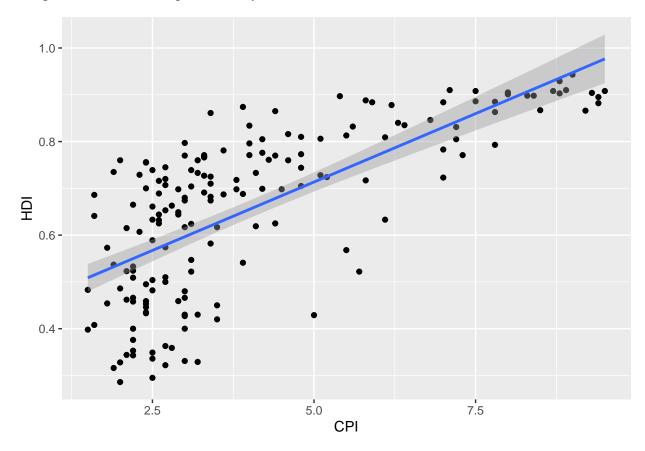


## (3) Overlay a smoothing line on top of the scatter plot using geom\_smooth,

but use a linear model for the predictions. Hint: see <code>?stat\_smooth</code>.

```
ggplot(data = tb, aes(x = CPI, y = HDI)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_smooth(method = lm)
```

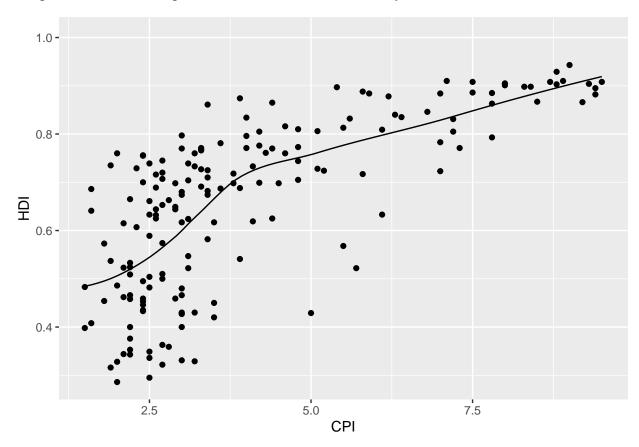
## `geom\_smooth()` using formula 'y ~ x'



(4) Overlay a smoothing line on top of the scatter plot using geom\_line. Hint: change the statistical transformation.

```
ggplot(data = tb, aes(x = CPI, y = HDI)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_line(stat = "smooth")
```

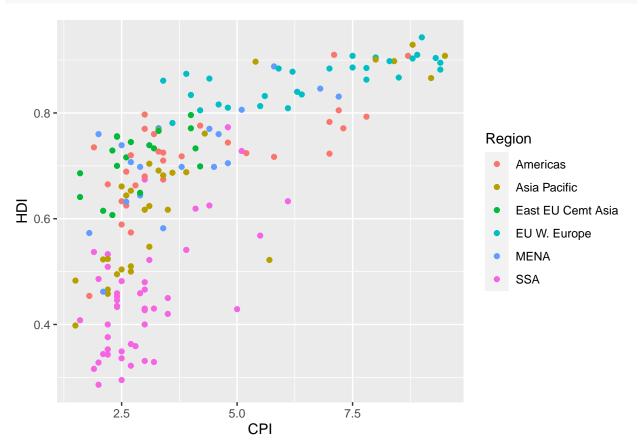
##  $geom_smooth()$  using method = 'loess' and formula 'y ~ x'



#### Exercise III

(1) Create a scatter plot with CPI on the x axis and HDI on the y axis. Color the points to indicate region.

```
ggplot(data = tb, aes(x = CPI, y = HDI, color = Region)) +
geom_point()
```

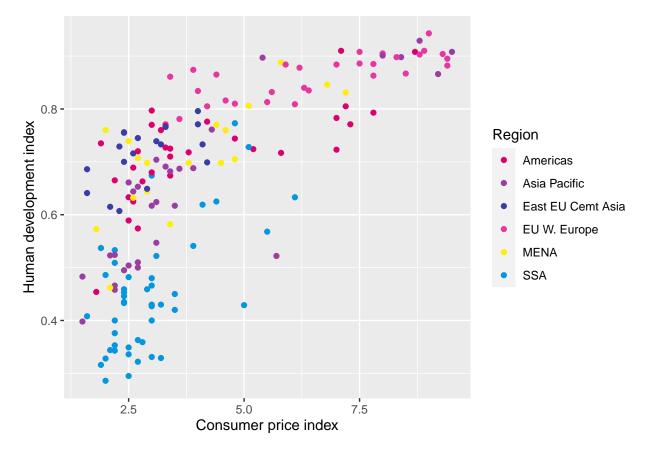


(2) Modify the x, y, and color scales so that they have more easily-understood names (e.g., spell out "Human development Index" instead of "HDI").

```
ggplot(data = tb, aes(x = CPI, y = HDI, color = Region)) +
geom_point() +
ylab("Human development index") +
xlab("Consumer price index")
```



(3) Modify the color scale to use specific values of your choosing. Hint: see ?scale\_color\_manual.



#### References

- Bi color-scheme
- Pan color scheme