KV Storage Online Production Application in PayPal Risk

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促进软件开发领域知识与创新的传播



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- 1、Paypal Risk Data Challenges
- 2. Considerations on Risk Storage
- 3. Generic KV Storage Data Access Solution
- 4. Experiences Learnt from Aerospike Migration
- 5、Q&A



Challenges of Paypal Risk Data Access

Business Requirements:

- Provide sub-second level high quality risk decision service
- Support rapid business growth
- Support flexible & fast-evolving data schema changes
- Risk decisions should be offline simulatable

Tech Challenges:

- Low latency & large parallel data loading
- 10X scalability and high availability
- The same schema supports both online & offline

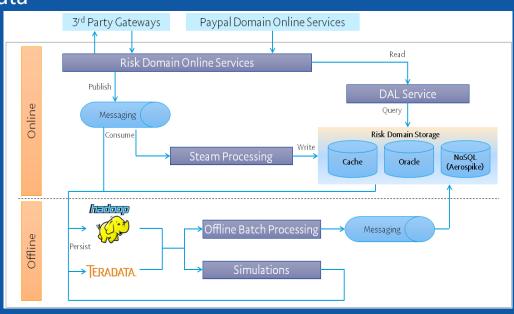




Risk Online Data & Flow

Major Risk Data Set Types

- Real-time events
- Real-time computed data
- Near-real-time computed data
- Offline computed data
- Static data
- Others

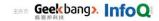




Online Risk Data Storage Requirements

	Events	Offline Computed Data	Real-time Computed Data	Static Data	
Is KV use case	Storage is not, but event cache can be	Yes	Yes	Not natural KV, but convertible	
Join needed	Limited	No	No	Very limited	
Row size	Medium-Large	Small-Medium	Medium-Large	Small-Medium	
Raw data size	~X00 TB	~XO TB	~XO TB	~XO GB	
Column based	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Secondary index needed	No	No	No	No	
Need server-side compute on write	Yes (for cache)	No	Yes	No	
Need server-side compute on read	Yes	No	Yes	No	
Recommended storage	DB + KV cache	KV storage	KV storage/cache	Embedded DB	





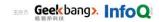
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KV Storage Selection

NoSQL Feature	AeroSpike	Couchbase	Cassandra	MongoDB
SSD Support?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Туре	Key/Value (& Columnar)	Document (JSON)	Columnar	Document (BSON)
User Defined Functions (UDF) or Scripting?	Yes (Lua)	No	Yes (Java)	Yes (JavaScript)
Partial Read/Write Support?	Yes	No	Yes	No
Server-side Computation?	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Complex data type Support?	Yes	Yes (JSON)	Yes	Yes (JSON)
Secondary Indexes?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
TTL expiration?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Cross Data Center Replication?	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Range Queries?	Yes (not mature enough)	No	Yes	No
Automatic failover & rebalancing?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Auto-Sharding	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes (not mature enough)
Tunable Consistency levels?	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
SQL Like Interface?	Yes	No	Yes	No
Aggregation Query Support?	Yes	No	Yes	No
Share-nothing Architecture?	Yes	Yes	Yes	No (Master/slave)
Cross Datacenter Replication (XDCR/XDR)?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Performance / Scalability Concerns	N/A - Green Light!	N/A	GC Pauses	Master/slave SPOF





KV Storage & Data Access

KV Storage

- Generic KV storage abstraction
- Won't be locked in by a specific solution
- Separate operations and business

Data Access

- Flexible mapping from data set to KV
- Data compaction
- Metadata driven, support fast-evolving schema changes
- Very high throughput but low latency



Data Access Layered Abstraction



Data Set

Multi-columns but only one key



Data Access

- Generic async/sync API, e.g. get/put/compute/batch/metadata API
- Data set to KV mapping
- Data set name, column name dictionary



KV Storage/Cache

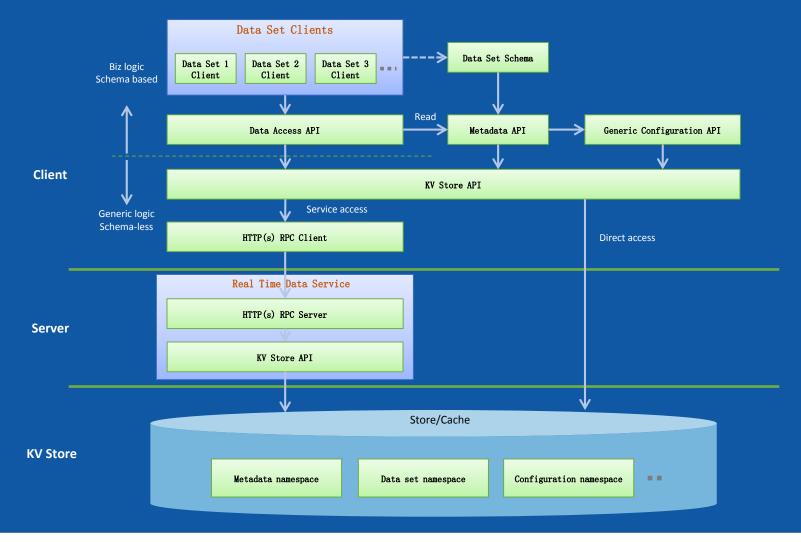
Sharding, node add/remove, XDR, data migration...



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Generic KV Data Access Design





Generic KV Data Access API

Read API

Get, exists

Write API

Insert, update, upsert, delete, CAS based update/insert/...

Server-side Compute API

Increase/decrease, list/map/set operations, user defined function (UDF)

Batch API

Read/write/compute/...



KV Data Access Service Considerations

High Throughput

- Customized async RPC based on Netty, lock-free implementation
- Async storage client, always use batch when possible

Low Latency

- De/Serialization on direct NIO buffers
- Avoid unnecessary object creation/memory copy, GC optimizations
- Release unused objects as earlier as possible
- Workaround HTTP/1.1 limits, or embrace HTTP/2

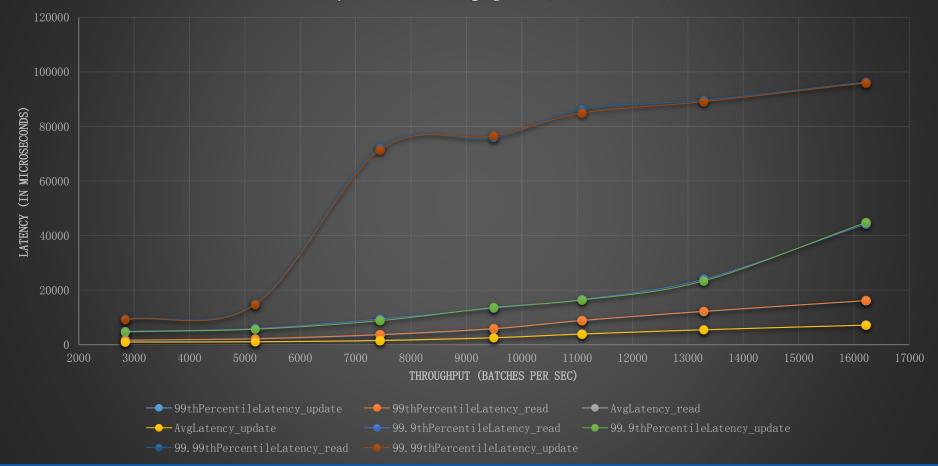
Isolation

- Cluster vs. node level
- Connection level
- JVM level



Asynchronous Data Access Service Benchmark

E2E Client-Service-Aerospike Benchmark: Read 50% Write 50% Latency vs. Throughput (4-core VM)





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Why Aerospike

- Share-nothing architecture
- Best performance among the other options
- User defined function support
- Native XDR support

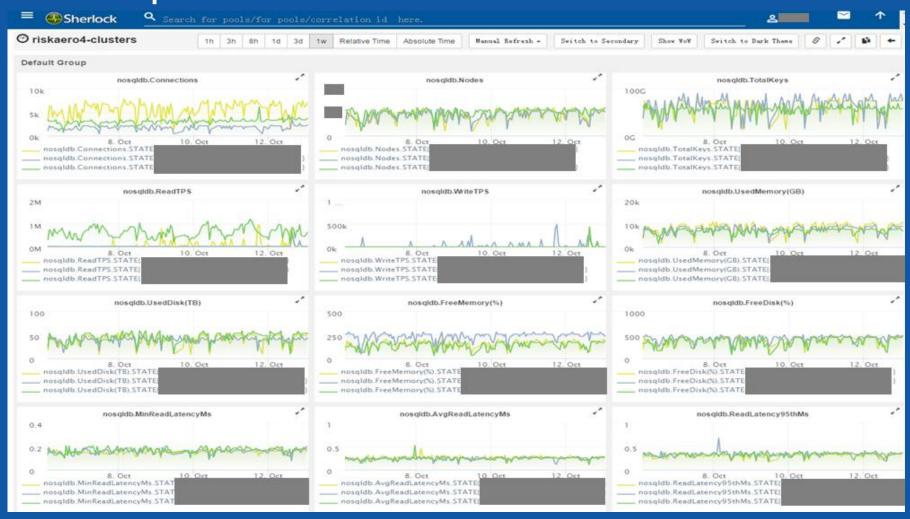


Aerospike Online Performance

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Q _k Q pet	sica	14,119	0			0	14	0.19	0	0.49	1	2
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Q _k Q pet	sica	552,563,383	1,062	0.00		0	821	0.13	0	0.59	1	2
Q ₁ Q pet	sica	34,260	1	0.00		0	101	0.13	0	1.00	1	2
Q ₁ Q	sica	31,854	0			0	87	0.12	0	0.66	1	2
Q _k C	sica	438,010	28	0.01		0	104	0.13	0	1.02	1	2
Q ₁ C	sica	36,116	5	0.01		0	102	0.15	0	1.32	1	2
→ Q ₁ C	sica	162,242	2	0.00		0	100	0.17	0	0.70	1	2
⊋ Q ₁c	sica	35,039,966	118	0.00		0	436	0.18	0	0.67	1	2
- Q ₁ q	sica	896,282	2	0.00		0	108	0.13	0	0.60	1	2
Q _k c	sica	17,835,743	68	0.00		0	383	0.16	0	0.62	1	2



Aerospike Online Performance – Cont.



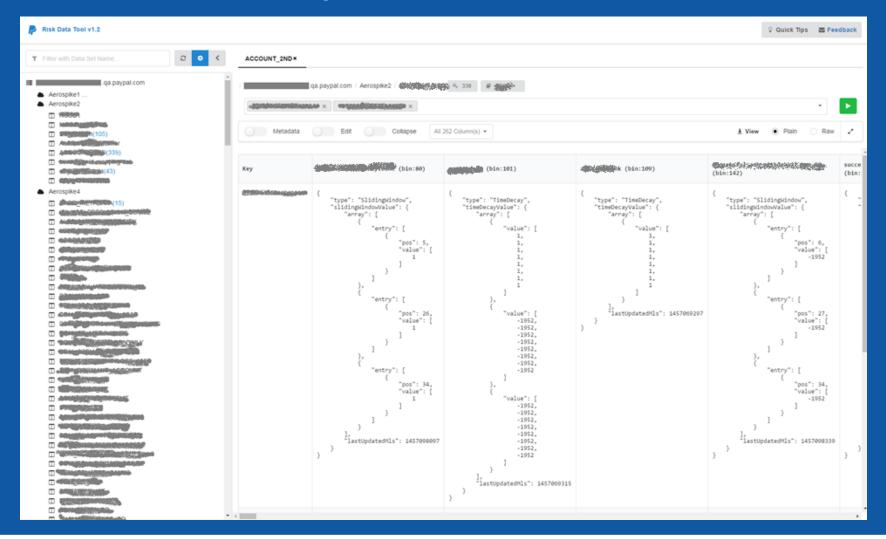


ATB Improvement with Aerospike Adoption





Web Data Query Tool





Experiences Learnt from Aerospike Migration

- Control the size for a single Aerospike cluster
- Balance the data density for each node
- UDF should be simple & fast enough
- Leverage asynchronous client
- Provide different tools for easier user adoption
- Build benchmark tool & automate at the beginning



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THANKS



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