

SMART CONTRACT AUDIT

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PREPARED FOR

AISHARE (TON)



INTRODUCTION

Auditing Firm	InterFi Network
Client Firm	AlShare
Methodology	Automated Analysis, Manual Code Review
Language	func
Standard	jetton
Contract	EQDvqKBkgvBi8L3DwPykU0Widy5W_Cnw0W-gSETtr2gqZsD5
Blockchain	The Open Network (TON)
Ownership	Revoked • - UQAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
Website	http://www.aishare.ai/
Telegram	https://t.me/aisharetech
Announcements	https://t.me/aishareann
X (Twitter)	https://x.com/ai_shareai
Report Date	October 24, 2024

I Verify the authenticity of this report on our website: https://www.github.com/interfinetwork



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

InterFi has performed the automated and manual analysis of Ton contracts. Ton contracts were reviewed for common contract vulnerabilities and centralized exploits. Here's a quick audit summary:

Status	Critical 🛑	Major 🛑	Medium 🖯	Minor	Unknown 🔵
Open	0	0	0	0	0
Acknowledged	0	0	1	1	1
Resolved	0	1	0	5	0
recv_internal(), mint_tokens(), burn_notification(), load_data(), save_data(), provide_wallet_address(), get_jetton_data(), get_wallet_address()					
Owner Privileges Revoked - UQAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA					

Please note that smart contracts deployed on blockchains aren't resistant to exploits, vulnerabilities and/or hacks. Blockchain and cryptography assets utilize new and emerging technologies. These technologies present a high level of ongoing risks. For a detailed understanding of risk severity, source code vulnerability, and audit limitations, kindly review the audit report thoroughly.

This project is extensively using their own decentralized application (dApp), without the use of external or third-party services. There is no public evidence of KYC verification through any external or recognized KYC services. As of this token audit, neither presale process nor associated dApp has been subjected to an external audit by a recognized third-party security firm. Given the lack of external KYC verification and absence of third-party audits, potential users are advised to exercise caution and perform thorough due diligence before participating in project or presale.



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SCOPE OF WORK

InterFi was consulted by AlShare to conduct the smart contract audit of their Ton source codes. <u>The audit scope of work is strictly limited to mentioned func file(s) only:</u>

- o jetton-minter.fc
- If source codes are not deployed on the main net, they can be modified or altered before mainnet deployment. Verify the contract's deployment status below:

Public Contract Link	
https://tonscan.org/jetton/E	QDvqKBkgvBi8L3DwPykU0Widy5W_Cnw0W-gSETtr2gqZsD5#source
Contract Name	jetton-minter.fc=b=
AUDIT REPORT CONFIDENTIAL Compiler Version	AUDIT REPORT CONFIDENTIAL AUDIT REPORT CONFIDENTIAL AUDIT REPORT 0.3.0



AUDIT METHODOLOGY

For a comprehensive audit of a smart contract deployed on the TON blockchain, we follow a structured audit process that includes automated and manual analyses to identify common vulnerabilities, centralized exploits, and potential issues. Below is the detailed audit process, adapted specifically for FunC and Fift contracts on the TON platform. Here's a brief overview of InterFi's auditing process and methodology:

CONNECT

 The onboarding team gathers source codes, and specifications to make sure we understand the size, and scope of the smart contract audit.

AUDIT

- Automated analysis is performed to detect common smart contract vulnerabilities specific to the
 - TON blockchain. We may use the following tools and frameworks for automated analysis:
 - TON Compiler for compiling and simulating interactions.
 - TON SDK Tools for automated vulnerability detection.
 - Smart Contract Validators integrated with the TON VM to simulate contract behaviors.
- Blockchain Simulations to detect operational risks, such as message forwarding errors, gas inefficiencies, or potential DoS (Denial of Service) attacks.
- A manual line-by-line audit is crucial for identifying vulnerabilities and potential exploits that automated tools might miss.

	 Token Supply Manipulation
	o Access Control and Authorization
Centralized Exploits	o Ownership Control
	o Message Handling
	 Stop and Pause Trading



	0	Asset Manipulation
		Integer Overflow
	0	Integer Overflow
	0	Lack of Arbitrary Limits
	0	Gas Optimization
	0	Re-entrancy
	0	Third-Party Dependencies
	0	Typographical Errors
	0	Requirement Violations
Custom Vulnerabilities Checks	0	Message Forwarding Fees
	0	Code Style Violations
	0	Message Queue Issues
	0	Race Conditions:
	RFI INT	Gas Limit Constraints Mutable Token Metadata
	0	Language-Specific Warnings
	0	Compiler-Specific Warnings

REPORT

- The auditing team provides a preliminary report specifying all the checks which have been performed and the findings thereof. The client's development team reviews the report and makes amendments to contract codes.
- o The auditing team provides the final comprehensive report with open and unresolved issues.

PUBLISH

- o The client may use the audit report internally or disclose it publicly.
- It is important to note that there is no pass or fail in the audit, it is recommended to view the audit as an unbiased assessment of the safety of TON platform contracts.



RISK CATEGORIES

A successful external attack may allow the external attacker to directly exploit. A successful centralization-related exploit may allow the privileged role to directly exploit. All risks which are identified in the audit report are categorized:

Risk Type	Definition
	These risks pose immediate and severe threats, such as asset theft, data
Critical	manipulation, or complete loss of contract functionality. They are often easy to
	exploit and can lead to significant, irreparable damage. Immediate fix is required.
	These risks can significantly impact code performance and security, and they may
Major 🛑	indirectly lead to asset theft and data loss. They can allow unauthorized access or
	manipulation of sensitive functions if exploited. Fixing these risks are important.
	These risks may create attack vectors under certain conditions. They may enable
Medium •	minor unauthorized actions or lead to inefficiencies that can be exploited indirectly to escalate privileges or impact functionality over time.
Minor	These risks may include inefficiencies, lack of optimizations, code-style violations.
	These should be addressed to enhance overall code quality and maintainability.
Halmanna 🗬	These risks pose uncertain severity to the contract or those who interact with it.
Unknown •	Immediate fix is required to mitigate risk uncertainty.

All statuses which are identified in the audit report are categorized here:

Status Type	Definition
Open	Risks are open.
Acknowledged	Risks are acknowledged, but not fixed.
Resolved	Risks are acknowledged and fixed.



OWNER PRIVILEGES

Centralization risk is a significant concern in the TON blockchain ecosystem. When a smart contract has a privileged role, the centralization-related risk increases, potentially leading to loss of control over assets or manipulation of the contract.

There are legitimate reasons for having privileged roles in TON contracts:

- Privileged roles can be granted the ability to pause recv_internal() the contract during external
 threats or attacks.
- Privileged roles may use functions like add_user() or exclude_user() to manage wallet addresses,
 user permissions, or transaction limits, which is useful for operational tasks such as presales or exchange listings.

However, authorizing privileged roles to an externally-controlled account (EOA) can be risky, as this makes the contract vulnerable to centralized control.

RECOMMENDATION:

To reduce centralization-related risks, the following best practices can be adopted:

- Private key of a privileged role must be carefully protected to avoid potential hacks or loss of control. This is especially critical in TON's asynchronous environment, where messages and access controls are spread across different components.
- Privileged roles should be shared across multi-signature wallets. This means multiple trusted parties must approve critical actions, reducing the risk of a single point of failure or central control.
- Once the contract has been deployed and is stable, consider renouncing ownership and revoking privileged roles. This eliminates the risk of centralized control altogether.
- Understand the project's initial asset distribution. Assets in the liquidity pools should be locked.

 Assets outside the liquidity pools should be locked with a release schedule.



AUTOMATED REVIEW

Function	Importance	Definition
recv_internal()	•	Central function for processing incoming messages (minting, burning, providing wallet addresses, changing admin/content)
mint_tokens()	•	Handles the minting of new tokens, affecting the total supply
<pre>burn_notification()</pre>	•	Manages burning tokens and reducing the total supply
load_data() INTERF INTERF AUDIT REPORT CONFIDENTIAL save_data()	INTERFI AUDIT REPORT	Responsible for loading the contract's state, impacting total supply, admin, and content Responsible for saving the contract's state, impacting total supply, admin, and content
<pre>provide_wallet_address()</pre>	•	Provides wallet addresses and is important for user interactions
<pre>get_jetton_data()</pre>	•	Returns the wallet address for a given owner (state query)
<pre>get_wallet_address()</pre>	•	Important for user interaction but no direct impact on core contract behavior



MANUAL REVIEW

Identifier	Definition	Severity
CEN-01	Owner privileges	Major 🛑

Smart contract relies heavily on comparing the sender_address with the admin_address for access control.

op == 3 and op == 4 operations only rely on a comparison, but if the admin_address were somehow tampered with, this can be exploited.

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RECOMMENDATION

Securing private keys or access credentials of deployers, contract owners, operators, and other roles with privileged access is crucial to prevent single points of failure that can compromise contract security.

- Use of multi-signature wallets These wallets require multiple authorizations to execute sensitive contract functions, reducing the risk associated with single-party control.
- Revoke ownership Once the contract has been deployed, consider renouncing ownership and
 revoking privileged roles. This eliminates the risk of centralized control altogether.

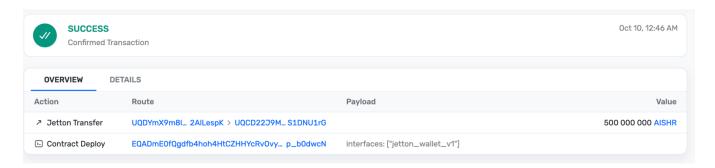
RESOLUTION

AlShare team has revoked smart contract ownership.



Identifier	Definition	Severity
CEN-02	Initial token allocation	Medium 🔵

Upon deployment, all initially minted \$AISHR tokens are transferred to the contract deployer. It could be an issue as the deployer can distribute tokens without consulting the community.



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RECOMMENDATION

Establish transparent tokenomics model that involves community input in the decision-making process regarding token allocation.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

AlShare team has clarified that initial token allocation will adhere strictly to pre-determined tokenomics outlined in project documentation.



Identifier	Definition	Severity
CEN-03	Lack of token immutability	Minor •

Smart contract allows the content (metadata) to be changed via op == 4.

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RECOMMENDATION

Implement safeguards or completely remove the op == 4 operation to ensure that token metadata remains immutable

RESOLUTION

AlShare team has revoked smart contract ownership, hence, content (metadata) cannot be altered by any means after ownership revocation.



Identifier	Definition	Severity
LOG-01	Gas consumption	Minor •

Smart contract enforces a minimum message value

msg_value > fwd_fee + const::provide_address_gas_consumption()

for wallet address provision. If gas consumption estimates are inaccurate, the contract can reject legitimate transactions or consume excess gas.

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RECOMMENDATION

Ensure that gas consumption estimation is accurate for various transaction sizes.

RESOLUTION

AlShare team has commented that gas estimation logic has been tested under multiple scenarios. The range of gas consumption is predictable, and there is no practical need for further adjustment. Inaccuracies in gas costs are considered highly unlikely given the current deployment conditions.



Identifier	Definition	Severity
LOG-02	Handling of non-resolvable addresses	Minor •

If a provided wallet address is non-resolvable, smart contract returns empty address. This may cause issues in external systems or subsequent contract interactions if the empty address isn't handled correctly.

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RECOMMENDATION

Ensure that any operations interacting with non-resolvable addresses fail gracefully or provide a clear error message.

RESOLUTION

AlShare team commented that non-resolvable addresses are rare edge cases and that the TON ecosystem handles addr_none as part of its normal address resolution protocol.



Identifier	Definition	Severity
LOG-05	Weak query ID handling	Minor •

Smart contract owner can gain ownership even after renounce0wnership() is called. lock, and unlock functions can be used to set _previous0wner as current owner, and then renouncing the ownership.

Query IDs are used in certain operations but are not rigorously validated. Weak or reused query IDs might leave the contract vulnerable to replay attacks.

provide_wallet_address()

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RECOMMENDATION

Strengthen query ID validation to ensure they are unique and prevent potential replay attacks or message duplication.

RESOLUTION

AlShare team commented that risk of query ID reuse or replay attacks is negligible due to the asynchronous nature of the TON blockchain and the uniqueness of each interaction with the contract.



Identifier	Definition	Severity
COD-01	Potential race conditions in recv_internal()	Minor •

Multiple types of operations are processed inside the recv_internal() function. If external messages are processed out of order, this can introduce race conditions, particularly when minting or burning tokens.

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RECOMMENDATION

Review message processing order and ensure that race conditions cannot arise from concurrent or asynchronous message handling.

RESOLUTION

AlShare team asserted that race conditions are not a concern due to the design of the TON virtual machine (TVM), which processes messages in a deterministic manner. The asynchronous nature of TON ensures that operations occur in sequence without the risk of race conditions.



Identifier	Definition	Severity
COD-10	Direct and indirect dependencies	Unknown 🗨

Smart contract interacts with external protocols and libraries, such as imported *FunC* libraries, third-party jetton wallet code, and the TON ecosystem for message handling and wallet interactions. For the purposes of this audit, these external dependencies are treated as black boxes, and their functional correctness is assumed. However, in the real-world environment, these external components could be compromised or exploited.

Additionally, upgrades or changes in these third-party entities—such as updates to wallet code or changes in message-handling protocols—could introduce severe impacts, including increased gas fees, incompatibility issues, or even failure in message forwarding.

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RECOMMENDATION

Inspect third party dependencies regularly, and mitigate severe impacts whenever necessary.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

AlShare team will inspect third party dependencies regularly, and push upgrades whenever required.



Identifier	Definition	Severity
COD-12	Lack of event-driven architecture	Minor •

Smart contract uses function calls to update state, which can make it difficult to track and analyze changes to the contract over time.

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RECOMMENDATION

Use events to track state changes. Events improve transparency and provide a more granular view of contract activity.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

AlShare team has acknowledged this finding, and kept the code as-is.



DISCLAIMERS

InterFi Network provides the easy-to-understand audit of blockchain source codes (commonly known as smart contracts).

The smart contract for this particular audit was analyzed for common contract vulnerabilities, and centralization exploits. This audit report makes no statements or warranties on the security of the code. This audit report does not provide any warranty or guarantee regarding the absolute bug-free nature of the smart contract analyzed, nor do they provide any indication of the client's business, business model or legal compliance. This audit report does not extend to the compiler layer, any other areas beyond the programming language, or other programming aspects that could present security risks. Cryptographic tokens are emergent technologies, they carry high levels of technical risks and uncertainty. You agree that your access and/or use, including but not limited to any services, reports, and materials, will be at your sole risk on an as-is, where-is, and as-available basis. This audit report could include false positives, false negatives, and other unpredictable results.

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InterFi Network provides intelligent blockchain solutions. We provide smart contract development, testing, and auditing services. We have developed 150+ solidity codes, audited 1000+ smart contracts, and analyzed 500,000+ code lines. We have worked on major public blockchains e.g., Ethereum, Binance, Cronos, Doge, Polygon, Avalanche, Metis, Fantom, Bitcoin Cash, Velas, Oasis, etc.

InterFi Network is built by engineers, developers, UI experts, and blockchain enthusiasts. Our team currently consists of 4 core members, and 6+ casual contributors.

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