INSTITUT D'ENSEIGNEMENT SUPÉRIEUR DE RUHENGERI

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Scientia et Lux

11th December, 2024 **TECHNICAL REPORT**

Faculty: AFS

Department: Computer Science

class: SWE A year3

Course: Agile Software Development

Project Name: Rwd-Travelagency Website

Uwera Denyse

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I. INTRODUCTION:

This report details the development of the Rwd-Travelagency website, designed to showcase Rwandan culture and offer streamlined travel services. The project utilized software reuse techniques to accelerate development and ensure reliability by integrating pre-existing components. The website provides users with essential travel information, and booking capabilities ensuring a seamless experience. Utilizing Agile methodologies, the project was executed iteratively to adapt to evolving requirements and ensure user satisfaction. Key features include multilingual support to enhance user engagement, and the integration of Tkinter GUI forms for booking activities, flight tickets to Kigali, and hotel accommodations. These forms are connected to the website using Flask and supported by an SQL database for reliable data management. delivering a seamless user experience.

II. **PROJECT PLANNING:**

• Objective:

- Provide users with a seamless platform for exploring and booking travel services.
- ➤ Highlight Rwanda's cultural heritage to attract global travelers.
- Enable robust and efficient booking through GUI-based forms integrated into the website.

• User stories:

- ➤ "As a traveler, I want to book activities, flights, and hotels easily through an online platform."
- ➤ "As a customer, I want to select my preferred language to ensure smooth communication during my journey."
- ➤ "As a user, I want reliable data storage to ensure my bookings are secure."
- ➤ "As a potential customer, I want to explore travel offers and learn about Rwandan culture on the website."

• Sprint Planning:

- > Sprint 1: Integration of pre-existing design templates for the static pages (Home, offers, ...).
- > Sprint 2: Implementation of Tkinter form for booking and language selection, Develop and connect Tkinter forms using Flask.
- > Sprint 3: Implement SQL database integration and perform testing.

• Scrum Practices:

Daily stand-ups focused on progress updates and identifying bottlenecks. Sprint reviews ensured constant feedback incorporation.

III. SYSTEM DESIGN:

• Website Structure:

- Pages: History, Offers, Contact Us, Reservation.
- **Reservation Forms:**
 - Activities Booking
 - Flight Tickets to Kigali
 - Hotel Accommodations

• Architecture:

- Front-end: reusable HTML, CSS, and JavaScript were adapted for static content and responsiveness, and Flask templates for dynamic content.
- ➤ **Back-end:** Flask framework to manage dynamic features like forms and database interactions and to handle server-side logic and integrate Tkinter forms.
- ➤ **Database:** SQL for data storage, managing bookings, and user information.

Reused Components:

Pre-designed CSS frameworks like Bootstrap for layout styling.

• Integration:

Tkinter GUIs for reservation forms were connected to Flask endpoints, ensuring smooth data flow between the forms and the website.

IV. <u>IMPLEMENTATION:</u>

• Key Features:

- About us page to know our agency's history and mission.
- > Offers page presenting promotions and activities.
- > Contact Us page for inquiries and support.
- Reservation page with three forms connected via Flask:
 - Activity Booking Form
 - Flight Ticket Booking Form
 - Hotel Accommodation Form

• Tools and Technologies:

- ➤ Development: Python(Tkinter, Flask), HTML, CSS, Bootstrap.
- ➤ Database: SQL for structured data storage.
- Frameworks: Flask for back-end integration and for integration with the HTML file.
- Reuse Sources: open-source libraries, and templates.

• Challenges and Solutions:

- ➤ Challenge: Adapting reusable components to meet specific requirements. Solution: Customized components while retaining the core reusable functionality.
- ➤ Challenge: Connecting Tkinter GUI to the web application.

 Solution: Used Flask's routing and data handling capabilities to integrate Tkinter forms.
- ➤ Challenge: Ensuring smooth data flow between forms and the database. Solution: Implemented structured SQL queries and Flask ORM for reliable data management.
- ➤ Challenge: Ensuring compatibility across reused modules. Solution: Conducted thorough testing to identify and resolve conflicts.
- ➤ Challenge: Ensuring form validations and error handling were user-friendly. Solution: Flask's built-in validation features with customized error messages were used.

V. <u>TESTING AND DEPLOYMENT:</u>

• Testing:

- Functional testing to verify form submissions, database interactions, and multilingual options.
- ➤ Usability testing to ensure the interface was intuitive for users.
- ➤ Integration testing ensured seamless communication between Tkinter, Flask, and the SQL database.

Feedback:

User feedback led to refined the user interface, and improved error messages for clarity.

• Deployment:

Hosted on a local server during development; planned deployment on a cloud platform for live access.

VI. REFLECTION AND LESSONS LEARNED:

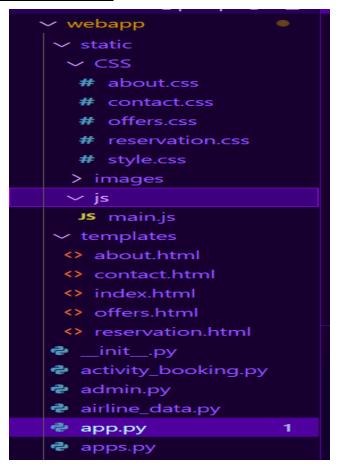
This project highlighted the importance of software **reuse** in accelerating development and ensuring reliability, while also demonstrating the value of integrating desktop and web technologies, such as Tkinter and Flask, to create a seamless user experience. Agile practices facilitated iterative feedback and user-focused customization, allowing for effective iterative development. Additionally, the use of SQL databases ensured secure and reliable data management. Challenges in integration were addressed through structured planning and testing, providing valuable lessons for future projects.

VII. <u>CONCLUSION:</u>

The Rwd-Travelagency website successfully combines dynamic features like Tkinter-based reservation forms, Flask integration, and SQL data management. By promoting Rwandan culture and offering user-friendly booking tools, the platform meets its objective of attracting global travelers while maintaining a reliable and efficient backend system. These elements highlight Rwanda's cultural richness and provide seamless user experiences.

VIII. <u>APPENDICES:</u>

- Code snippets:
 - > Structure of the system:



> connection:

```
webapp > durls.py > ...

from django.urls import path

from . import views

urlpatterns = [

path('', views.index, name='index'), # Home page
path('about/', views.about, name='about'), # About page
path('offers/', views.offers, name='offers'), # Offers page
path('reservation/', views.reservation, name='reservation'), # Reservation

path('contact/', views.contact, name='contact'),
path('reservation1/', views.reservation1, name='reservation1'),

path('gui/', views.gui_view, name='gui'),

path('open_gui/', views.open_gui, name='open_gui'),

14

15

]

16
```

> forms:

```
def open_notel_form():

tk.tabcl(hotel_form, text = "bluster of Room Typs 3:").grid(row=6, column=0, padx=10, pady=10, sticky="w")
num_rooms2_entry_grid(row=6, column=1, padx=10, pady=10)

num_rooms2_entry_grid(row=6, column=1, padx=10, pady=10)

tk.tabcl(hotel_form, text="column=1, padx=10, pady=10)

tk.tabcl(hotel_form, text="column=1, padx=10, pady=10)

tk.tabcl(hotel_form, text="column=1, padx=10, pady=10)

tk.button(hotel_form, text="column=1, padx=10, pady=10)

tk.button(hotel_form, text="column=1, padx=10, pady=10)

tk.tabcl(hotel_form, text="column=1, padx=10, pady=10)

tk.tabcl(hotel_form, text="column=1, padx=10, pady=10)

tk.tabcl(hotel_form, text="column=1, padx=10, padx=10, padx=10, pady=10, sticky="w")

check_out_entry_grid(row=0, column=1, padx=10, pad
```

```
webapp > 🏶 hotel_booking.py > 🛇 open_hotel_form
      def open hotel form():
           def update_price(event=None):
               except ValueError:
                   num rooms2 = 0
               try:
                   num rooms3 = int(num rooms3 entry.get())
               except ValueError:
                   num_rooms3 = 0
               total price = (
                   (price_per_room1 * num_rooms1)
                   + (price per room2 * num rooms2)
                   + (price_per_room3 * num_rooms3)
               total_price_label.config(text=f"Total Price: ${total_price}")
           hotel_dropdown.bind("<<ComboboxSelected>>", update_room_options)
           room1_dropdown.bind("<<ComboboxSelected>>", update_price)
           num_rooms1_entry.bind("<KeyRelease>", update_price)
           room2_dropdown.bind("<<ComboboxSelected>>", update_price)
           num_rooms2_entry.bind("<KeyRelease>", update_price)
room3_dropdown.bind("<<ComboboxSelected>>", update_price)
           num_rooms3_entry.bind("<KeyRelease>", update_price)
          def submit booking():
               selected_hotel = hotel_dropdown.get()
               room_type1 = room1_dropdown.get()
               room_type2 = room2_dropdown.get()
               room type3 = room3 dropdown.get()
               num rooms1 = num rooms1 entry.get()
               num rooms2 = num rooms2 entry.get()
               num_rooms3 = num_rooms3_entry.get()
               check_in = check_in_entry.get()
               check out = check out entry.get()
               total_price = total_price_label.cget("text").split("$")[1]
               if not selected_hotel or not check_in or not check_out:
                   messagebox.showerror("Error", "Please fill in all required fields.")
                   return
               insert hotel booking(
                   selected hotel,
                   room_type1,
```

```
def open_hotel_form():
    def submit_booking():
             room_type1,
             room_type2,
             room_type3,
             num_rooms1,
             num_rooms2,
             num_rooms3,
             check_in,
             check_out,
             total_price,
         booking_details = (
            f"Hotel: {selected_hotel}\n"
            f" Room Type 1: {room_type1} (x{num_rooms1})\n"
            f"Room Type 2: {room_type2} (x{num_rooms2})\n"
f"Room Type 3: {room_type3} (x{num_rooms3})\n"
f"Check-in: {check_in}\n"
             f"Check-out: {check_out}\n'
             f"Total Price: ${total_price}"
         messagebox.showinfo("Booking Details", booking_details)
         hotel_form.destroy() # Close the form after submission
    tk.Button(hotel_form, text="Book Hotel", command=submit_booking).grid(row=10, column=1, padx=10, pady=10)
# Start the application
if __name__ == "__main__":
    root = tk.Tk()
    root.title("Travel Booking System")
    tk.Button(root, text="Open Hotel Booking Form", command=open_hotel_form).pack(pady=20)
    root.mainloop()
```

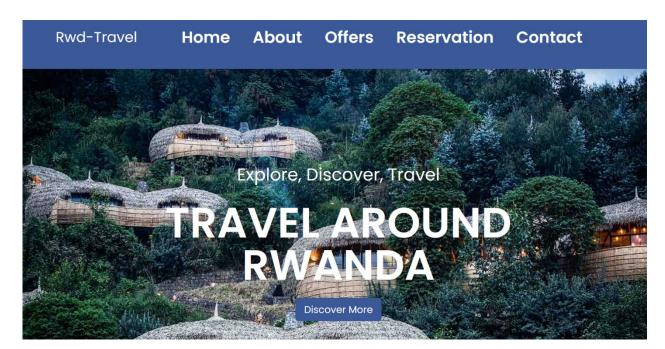
```
# Buttons to open other forms
tk.Button(root, text="Book Hotel", command=open_hotel_form).grid(
    row=9, column=0, padx=10, pady=10
)
tk.Button(root, text="Book Activity", command=open_activity_form).grid(
    row=10, column=3, padx=10, pady=10
)
root.mainloop() # Start the Tkinter main loop
```

Database:



• Ui Screenshots:

➤ Home page:

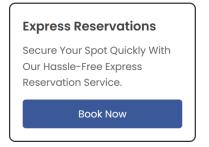


> Offers:

Our Current Offers







Our Services

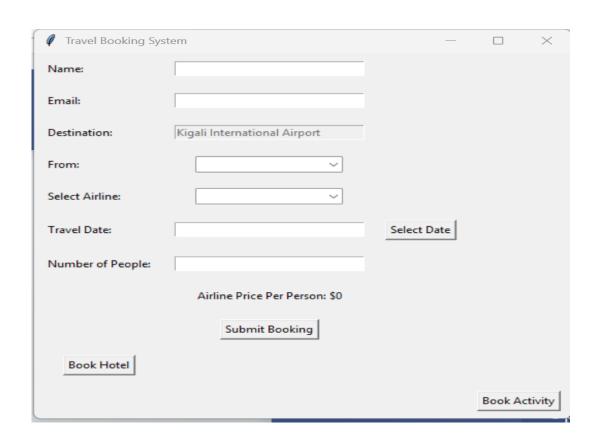


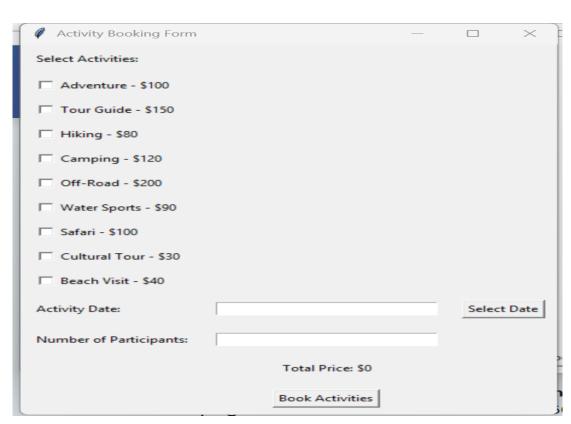




Reservation page and forms:







		_		×
Select Hotel:		~		
Select Room Type 1:		~	SC)
Number of Room Type 1:				
Select Room Type 2 (Optional):		~	\$()
Number of Room Type 2:				
Select Room Type 3 (Optional):		~	\$0)
Number of Room Type 3:				
Check-in Date:			Select	Date
Check-out Date:			Select	Date
	Total Price: \$0			
	Book Hotel			