FUNCTIONS:

INTRODUCTION

Overview:

- learn how to define and use functions
- distinguish local and global scope

Functions

```
def mult_div(a, b):
    """ multiply & divide two numbers """
    result = a * b, a / b
    return result
```

- *def* keyword, name and parameters
- doctring describes function
- statement(s) to compute
- optional *return* statement

Docstring

 \bullet use $_doc_-$ method

Parameter Binding

```
def mult_div(a, b):
    """ multiply & divide two numbers """
    result = a * b, a / b
    return result

x = 10; y = 20
result = mult_div(x, y)

Global frame function mult_div
    x    10
    y    20

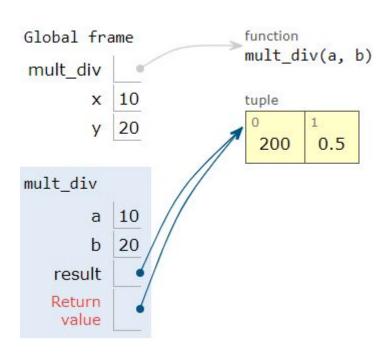
mult_div
    a    10
    b    20
```

• inputs passed via a tuple

Local Scope

```
def mult_div(a, b):
    """ multiply & divide two numbers """
    result = a * b, a / b
    return result

x = 10; y = 20
result = mult_div(x, y)
```



• result inside function

Returning Results

```
def mult_div(a, b):
     """ multiply & divide two numbers
     result = a * b, a / b
     return result
x = 10; y = 20
result = mult_div(x, y)
                              function
          Global frame
                              mult div(a, b)
          mult div
                              default arguments:
                x 10
                                 20
                  20
                              tuple
          mult div
                                200
                                     0.5
                  10
                a
                  20
                b
            result
            Return
             value
```

• results passed via a tuple

11 11 11

Missing return

```
def mult_div(a, b):
     """ multiply & divide two numbers
     result = a * b, a / b
x = 10; y = 20
result = mult_div(x, y)
                             function
         Global frame
                             mult div(a, b)
          mult div
                             default arguments:
               x 10
                                20
                  20
                             tuple
         mult_div
                              200
                                    0.5
               10
             a
```

• result is always *None*

b

result

Return

value

20

None

Functions as Objects

```
def mult_div(a, b):
     """ multiply & divide two numbers
     result = a * b, a / b
     return result
x = 10; y = 20
print(mult_div)
print(mult_div(x, y))
      Print output (drag lower right corner to resize)
      <function mult_div at 0x7fb4d5999f28>
      (200, 0.5)
                         Objects
            Frames
      Global frame
                           mult div(a, b)
       mult div
            x 10
              20
```

• pass functions as arguments

Exercise(s):

• an arithmetic progression A(a, d) is a sequence of numbers:

$$x_1 = a$$

$$x_2 = x_1 + d = a + d$$

• • • • • •

$$x_n = x_{n-1} + d = a + (n-1)d$$

- write a function f(a, d, n) to return a list of first n values in A(a, d)
- generate a list of first 10 values for a = 5 and d = 2

Exercise(s):

• a geometric progression G(b, q) is a sequence of numbers:

$$y_1 = b$$

$$y_2 = y_1 \cdot q = b \cdot q$$

 $y_n = y_{n-1} \cdot q = b \cdot q^{n-1}$

- write a function g(b, q, n) to return a list of first n values in G(b, q)
- generate a list of first 10 values for b = 5 and d = 2