Given:

```
class Dog {
   String name;
   String breed;
   public Dog (String name, String breed) {
      this.name = name;
      this.breed = breed;
   }
   public String getName() { return name; }
   public String getBreed() { return breed; }
}
```

and the code fragment:

```
List<Dog> kennels = Arrays.asList (
   new Dog ("Oliver", "Collie"),
   new Dog ("Sam", "Beagle"),
   new Dog ("Jack", "Beagle"));
kennels.stream()
// line n1
   .collect(Collectors.toList());
```

Which code fragment, when inserted at line n1, sorts the list of dogs in descending order of breed and then ascending order of name?

```
    A. .sorted(Comparator.comparing(Dog::getBreed).reversed().thenComparing(Dog::getName))
    B. .sorted(Comparator.comparing(Dog::getBreed).thenComparing(Dog::getName))
    C. .map(Dog::getBreed).sorted(Comparator.reverseOrder())
    D. .map(Dog::getBreed).sorted(Comparator.reverseOrder().map(Dog::getName).reversed())
```

Given:

```
class MutualFund{
  int capital;
  String name;
  public MutualFund (int capital, String name) {
     this.capital = capital;
     this.name = name;
  }
  public String toString () {
     return capital + ":" + name;
  }
}
```

and this code fragment:

```
Set<MutualFund> funds = new TreeSet<>();
funds.add(new MutualFund (293, "Pimco"));
funds.add(new MutualFund (190, "Vanguard"));
System.out.println(funds);
```

- A. 293 Pimco 190 Vanguard
- **B.** 190 Vanguard 293 Pimco
- **C.** A compilation error occurs
- **D.** A ClassCastException is thrown at run time

Given:

```
class Band {
   String name, style, country;
   public Band (String name, String style, String country) {
       this.style = style;
       this.name = name;
       this.country = country;
   }
   public String getStyle() {
       return style;
   }
   public String toString() {
       return style + " : " + name + " : " + country;
   }
}
```

and the code fragment:

```
List<Band> bands = Arrays.asList(
   new Band("Yes", "Prog Rock", "UK"),
   new Band("Boney M", "Euro Disco", "Germany"),
   new Band("ELP", "Prog Rock", "UK"));
bands.stream()
   .collect(Collectors.groupingBy(Band::getStyle))
   .forEach((x, y) -> System.out.println(x));
```

- **A.** [Euro Disco : Boney M : Germany]
 - [Prog Rock: Yes: UK, Prog Rock: ELP: UK]
- B. Euro Disco
 - **Prog Rock**
- **C.** [Prog Rock : Yes : UK, Prog Rock : ELP : UK]
 - [Euro Disco : Boney M : Germany]
- **D.** A compilation error occurs

Given the code fragment:

```
public class MapPetShow {
    public static void main (String [ ] args) {
        Map<Integer, String> sourceMap = new HashMap<>( );
        sourceMap.put(37, "Ms.Piggy");
        sourceMap.put(8, "Gonzo ");
        sourceMap.put(4, "Rowlf ");
        sourceMap.put(12, "Fozzie ");
        sourceMap.put(82, "Kermit ");
        Map<Integer, String> finalMap = new TreeMap<Integer, String> (
            new Comparator<Integer> ( ) {
                @Override
                public int compare(Integer obj1, Integer obj2) {
                    return obj2.compareTo(obj1);
        } });
        finalMap.putAll(sourceMap);
        for (Map.Entry<Integer, String> entry : finalMap.entrySet()) {
            System.out.print(entry.getValue());
        }
    }
}
```

- **A.** A compilation error occurs
- **B.** Rowlf Gonzo Fozzie Ms.Piggy Kermit
- **C.** Kermit Ms.Piggy Fozzie Gonzo Rowlf
- **D.** Rowlf Ms.Piggy Kermit Fozzie Gonzo

Given the definition of the ExamTaker class:

```
public class ExamTaker {
    private String name;
    private Integer score;
    ExamTaker(String name, Integer score) {
        this.name = name;
        this.score = score;
    }
    public String getName() {return name;}
    public Integer getScore() {return score;}
}
```

and code fragment:

- **A.** Alice Bob Chris
- **B.** Alice Chris
- **C.** A compilation error occurs at line n1
- **D.** A compilation error occurs at line n2

Given:

```
class CommCodes {
    public static int checkLength(String str1, String str2) {
        return str2.length() - str1.length();
    }
}
class Test{
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        String[] strArr = new String[]{"Sitrep", "Over", "Out", "Roger"};

        //line n1

        for (String s : strArr) {
             System.out.print(s + " ");
        }
}
```

Which code fragment should be inserted at line n1 to enable the code to print Sitrep Roger Over Out?

- **A.** Arrays.sort(strArr, CommCodes :: checkLength);
- **B.** Arrays.sort(strArr, (new CommCodes()) :: checkLength);
- **C.** Arrays.sort(strArr, (CommCodes :: new).checkLength);
- **D.** Arrays.sort(strArr, CommCodes :: new :: checkLength);

Given the code fragment:

```
Map<Integer, String> students = new TreeMap<>();
students.put (17, "Alice");
students.put (12, "Chuck");
students.put (11, "Brian");
students.put (13, "Bob");
System.out.println (students);
```

```
A. {17 = Alice, 12 = Chuck, 11 = Brian, 13 = Bob}
B. {11 = Brian, 12 = Chuck, 13 = Bob, 17 = Alice}
C. {12 = Chuck, 13 = Bob, 17 = Alice}
D. {17 = Alice, 11 = Brian, 13 = Bob, 12 = Chuck}
```

Given:

```
public class Record<K, V> {
    private K key;
    private V value;
    public Record(K key, V value) {
        this.key = key;
        this.value = value;
    }
    public static <T> Record<T, T> write(T value) {
        return new Record<T, T>(value, value); }
    public K getKey() {return key;}
    public V getVal() {return value;}
}
```

Which option fails?

```
A. Record<String, Integer> employee = new Record<String, Integer> ("Smith", 25);
B. Record<String, String> quote = Record.<String> write("Knowledge is power.");
C. Record<Object, Object> score = new Record<String, Integer> ("Joe Random", 86);
D. Record<String, String> animation = new Record<>("Shaun The Sheep", "Season 5");
```

Given the definition of the Coder class:

```
public class Coder {
    enum Gender {
        FEMALE, MALE,
    }
    String name;
    Gender gender;
    public Coder(String name, Gender gender) {
        this.name = name;
        this.gender = gender;
    }
    public String getName() {
        return name;
    }
    public Gender getGender() {
        return gender;
    }
}
```

and the code fragment:

What is the output?

```
A. {MALE = [Chuck, Bob], FEMALE = [Alice]}
B. {FEMALE = [Alice], MALE = [Chuck, Bob]}
C. {MALE = [Bob, Chuck], FEMALE = [Alice]}
D. {MALE = [Bob], MALE = [Chuck], FEMALE = [Alice]}
```

Given the code fragments:

```
public class Stock implements Comparator<Stock> {
    String ticker;
    double price;
    public Stock() {
    }
    public Stock(String ticker, double price) {
        this.ticker = ticker;
        this.price = price;
    }
    public int compare(Stock s1, Stock s2) {
        return s1.ticker.compareTo(s2.ticker);
    }
    public String toString() {
        return ticker + ":" + price;
    }
}
```

and

```
List<Stock> portfolio = Arrays.asList(
    new Stock("MSFT", 74),
    new Stock("GOOGL", 952));
Collections.sort(portfolio, new Stock());
System.out.print(portfolio);
```

- **A.** [GOOGL:952.0, MSFT:74.0]
- **B.** [MSFT:74.0, GOOGL:952.0]
- **C.** A compilation error occurs because the Stock class does not override the abstract method compareTo().
- **D.** An Exception is thrown at run time.

Given:

```
public interface Printable<Integer> {
    public default void printOnDemand(Integer copies) {
        System.out.println("Printing on demand.");
    }
    public void offsetPrinting(Integer copies);
}
```

Which statement is true?

A. Printable can be used as below:

B. Printable can be used as below:

```
Printable<Integer> publisher = x -> x + 10;
publisher.offsetPrinting(100000);
publisher.printOnDemand(2);
```

C. Printable can be used as below:

```
Printable publisher = (Integer x) -> System.out.println(x);
publisher.offsetPrinting(100000);
Printable.printOnDemand(2);
```

D. Printable cannot be used in a lambda expression.