

Data Sharing and Replication

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Project Protocol, Reporting Standards

Data Sharing

Replication

Conclusion

## Data Sharing and Replication Enabling Reproducible Research

#### Eva Vivalt

Australian National University

Bergen, August 2017

Slides available online at http://www.github.com/vivalt/Bergen2017

\*Adapted from Garret Christensen, Delhi 2017





#### Outline

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#### Reproducibility & Transparency

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What are problems associated with reproducibility?

- What are solutions to these problems?
- What are practical tools to implement these solutions?



#### Introduction

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Science advances by building on the work of others.

If I have seen further, it is by standing on the shoulders of giants

-Sir Isaac Newton, 1676



#### **Problems**

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What prevents us from building on others' work?

- Data not shared
- Analysis not shared
- Methods/protocol not shared



#### Solutions

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What enables us to build on others' work?

- Data shared in trusted public repository
- Code/Analysis shared in trusted public repository
- Methods/protocol follow appropriate reporting standard
- Also: findings/scholarly publications available (open access)



#### Project Protocol, Reporting Standards

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Make sure you report everything another researcher would need to replicate your research, including the exact methods.

What to report (following medicine):

- Find the appropriate reporting standard for your field and follow it.
- Enhancing the QUAlity and Transparency Of health Research (EQUATOR Network)
- The most widely-adopted standard: Consolidated Standards of Reporting Trials (CONSORT).
- Standard Protocol Items: Recommendations for Interventional Trials (SPIRIT Statement).
- Transparency and Openness Promotion (TOP)
  Guidelines: http://cos.io/top





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# Science MAAAS

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#### SHARE

POLICY FORUM | SCIENTIFIC STANDARDS



## Promoting an open research culture

Turitto, G. VandenBos, S. Vazire, E. J. Wagenmakers, R. Wilson, T. Yarkoni



B. A. Nosek<sup>\*</sup>, G. Alter, G. C. Banks, D. Borsboom, S. D. Bowman, S. J. Breckler, S. Buck, C. D. Chambers, G. Chin, G. Christensen, M. Contestabile, A. Dafoe, E. Eich, J. Freese, R. Glennerster, D. Goroff, D. P. Green, B. Hesse, M. Humphreys, J. Ishiyama, D. Karlan, A. Kraut, A. Lupia, P. Mabry, T. Madon, N. Malhotra, E. Mayo-Wilson, M. McNutt, E. Miguel, E. Levy Paluck, U. Simonsohn, C. Soderberg, B. A. Spellman, J.



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Science 26 Jun 2015: Vol. 348, Issue 6242, pp. 1422-1425 DOI: 10.1126/science.aab2374

## Taking up TOP

#### Marcia McNutt

+ Author Affiliations

Science 03 Jun 2016: Vol. 352, Issue 6290, pp. 1147 DOI: 10.1126/science.aag2359

Article

Figures & Data

Info & Metrics

eLetters

🖺 PDF

Nearly 1 year ago, a group of researchers boldly suggested that the standards for research quality, transparency, and trustworthiness could be improved if journals banded together to adopt eight standards called TOP (Transparency and Openness Promotion).\* Since that time, more than 500 journals have been working toward their implementation of TOP. The editors at *Science* have held additional retreats



PHOTO: STACEY PENTLAND PHOTOGRAPHY



#### Project Protocol, Reporting Standards

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Where to report:

If not in the methods section of the article (of limited length), supplementary online appendix linked with article or in trusted digital repository.



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- To build on the work of others, data must be shared.
- Data sharing is associated with more citations (causality unclear). Piwowar et al. 2007



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#### History in Economics:

- Journal of Money Credit and Banking Project: Dewald, Thursby, Anderson AER 1986.
  - Low response rate to requests to share data.
  - Attempted to reproduce 9 papers, problems with all (some minor) even with help of original authors.

## Replication in Empirical Economics: The Journal of Money, Credit and Banking Project

By WILLIAM G. DEWALD, JERRY G. THURSBY, AND RICHARD G. ANDERSON\*

This paper examines the role of replication in empirical economic research. It presents the findings of a two-year study that collected programs and data from authors and attempted to replicate their published results. Our research provides new and important information about the extent and causes of failures to replicate published results in economics. Our findings suggest that inadvertent errors in published empirical articles are a commonplace rather than a rare occurrence.

	Requested	Requested	Requested
Requests	62	27	65
Responses	42	26	49
Response Rate (Percent)	66	96	75

Table 1—Responses to Requests for Data from Authors of Empirical Papers<sup>a</sup>

Published

before Data

217

14

Data Available, But Not Sent<sup>c</sup> Nonrespondents Total Not Submitted

Mean Response Time (Days)

Nonsubmission Rate (Percent)

Not Submitted: Confidential Data Lost or Destroyed Data

> 28 66 a Includes all requests made through December 1984, and excludes authors whose

Accepted

before Data

125

Under Review

when Data

130

16

18

papers were rejected. <sup>b</sup>Two data sets were partially confidential. <sup>c</sup>This category includes authors who (i) stated that their data were available from published sources, but did not send their data; and (ii) authors who claimed to have their data but were unwilling to sort through their papers to find the data.



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- A Decade After JMCB: Anderson and Dewald, St Louis Fed 1994.
  - Repeated similar experiment
  - Similar bleak results
- Verifying the Solution from a Nonlinear Solver, McCullough and Vinod, AER 2003.
  - Different software programs get you different answers.
  - But finally change—AER institutes data sharing requirement. Policy



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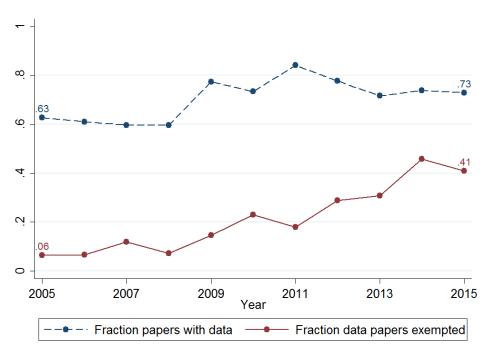
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How is econ doing as a discipline?

- *AER* internal review generally positive (Glandon 2010)
- Many, including McCullough, still skeptical of the ability to reproduce (Econ Journal Watch, 2007)
- Though AER, all AEA, and other top 5 journals have mandatory data policies, and shared data is often only the "analysis" data instead of raw data. Exemptions for proprietary/restricted data increasing.
- A study by the Replication Network shows that fewer than 27 journals regularly publish data, only 10 explicitly state they publish replications. (Duvendack et al 2015)





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Why share your data in a trusted public repository?

- Find the appropriate repository: http://www.re3data.org/
- Repositories will last longer than your own website.
- Repositories are more easily searchable by other researchers.
- Repositories will store your data in a non-proprietary format that won't become obsolete.
- Repositories manage meta-data better.
- Repositories create digital citable identifiers (DOI).



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#### **Examples of Trusted Repositories:**

- Harvard's Dataverse
- Data Dryad
- figshare
- Open Science Framework
- OpenICPSR
- Check the journal-they may use one of these
  - REStat's Dataverse



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■ With data available, we can begin to replicate studies.

- We should be very careful about what we mean by "replication."
- "The Meaning of Failed Replications" Michael Clemens, CGD Working Paper 399.

Table 1: A Proposed Definition to Distinguish Replication and Robustness Tests

				Methods in follow-up study versus methods reported in original:			
	Sampling distribution for parameter estimates	Sufficient conditions for discrepancy	Types	Same specification	Same population	Same sample	Examples
Replication	Same	Random chance, error, or fraud	Verification	Yes	Yes	Yes	Fix faulty measure- ment, code, dataset
Keplication	Sume		Reproduction	Yes	Yes	No	Remedy sampling error, low power
	D.100	Sampling	Reanalysis	No	Yes	Yes/No	Alter specification, recode variables
Robustness	Different	distribution has changed	Extension	Yes	No	No	Alter place or time; drop outliers

The "same" specification, population, or sample means the same as reported in the original paper, not necessarily what was contained in the code and data used by the original paper. Thus for example if code used in the original paper contains an error such that it does not run exactly the regressions that the original paper said it does, new code that fixes the error is nevertheless using the "same" specifications (as described in the paper).



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Why Replicate? Motivation and suggestions from Nicole Janz of Political Science Replication and Cambridge University

- For science in general:
  - Uncover misconduct and sloppy science
  - Confirm previous findings and generalizability
  - Point to misuse of statistical methods
- For you as researchers:
  - Learn statistics
  - Jump to research frontier
  - Publish
  - Make your own research routinely reproducible
  - Fun





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Which study should you pick to replicate? (Janz 2015)

- Don't select a study with methods that you don't know or can't learn within a reasonable time.
- Pick a recent study (<5 yo) from a good journal.
- Data (and code) should be publicly available.
- The journal that published the original study has published replications before.



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Which journals publish replications?

- List from The Replication Network study, Duvendack et al.
- Sadly fairly limited in economics (10).
- Selected journals from Janz (2015)

#### TABLE 2. Journals whose websites explicitly mention that they publish replications

)	Econ Journal Watch
)	Economic Development and Cultural Change

- Economics of Education Review
- Empirical Economics 4)
- Experimental Economics 5) Explorations in Economic History 6)
- International Journal of Forecasting
- 8) Jahrbücher für Nationalökonomie und Statistik/Journal of Economics and Statistics

3)

- 9)
  - Journal of Applied Econometrics
- 10) Review of International Organizations

## Journals Open to Replication (selection)

#### Political Science









#### **Economics**

















- \*original study was published in the same journal
- \* home of the original 'Many Labs' project
- \*special issue dedicated to replications (March 2015)
- ^this journal invites replication studies



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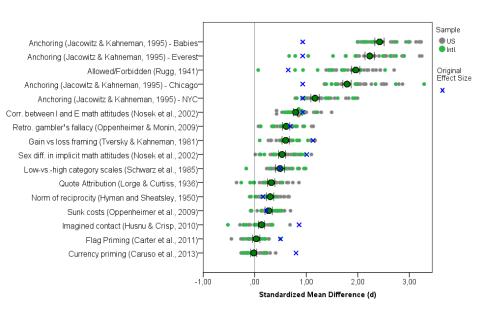
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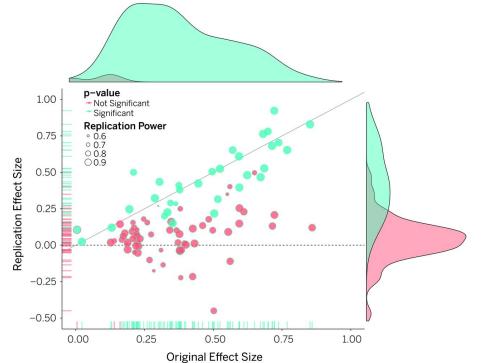
Replication

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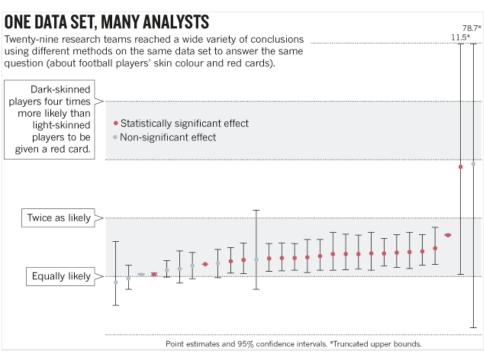
How exactly to replicate?

- Be systematic: write a pre-analysis plan.
- Don't just go on a fishing expedition. We all know that if you dig hard enough, you can find a specification that makes results appear weaker. Don't selectively report those specifications.
- Be courteous and professional.
- Take an entirely systematic approach:
  - Many Labs Project
  - Crowdsource your analysis





		Odds Ratio
i dissorringi cissorr	2.00	
	2.93	
Tobit regression	2.88	
	1.48	
Multilevel logistic binomial regression  Generalized linear mixed effects models with a logit link function	1.42	
Multilevel logistic binomial regression	1.41	
Cross-classified multilevel negative binomial model Poisson Multi-level modeling	1.40	
Negative binomial regression with a log link analysis	1.39	
	1.39	
Mixed effects logistic regression	1.38	
Multilevel logistic regression	1.38	•
Generalized linear mixed models	1.38	
	1.34	
Hierarchical Poisson Regression	1.32	
Mixed model logistic regression	1.31	· · · ·
	1.31	
	1.30	
Linear Probability Model	1.28	
Clustered robust binomial logistic regression	1.28	
	1.25	<u> </u>
Weighted least squares regression with referee fixed-effects and clustered standard errors		<u> </u>
	1.21	I .
	1.18	T • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	1.12	
	1.10	<b>↑</b>
	1.03	. I
	1.02	i.
Bayesian logistic regression	0.96	<b>→</b>
	0.89	
	OR	



#### Another social science looks at itself

Experimental economists have joined the reproducibility discussion by replicating selected published experiments from two top-tier journals in economics. Camerer *et al.* found that two-thirds of the 18 studies examined yielded replicable estimates of effect size and direction. This proportion is somewhat lower than unaffiliated experts were willing to bet in an associated prediction market, but roughly in line with expectations from sample sizes and P values.

Science, this issue p. 1433

#### **Abstract**

The replicability of some scientific findings has recently been called into question. To contribute data about replicability in economics, we replicated 18 studies published in the *American Economic Review* and the *Quarterly Journal of Economics* between 2011 and 2014. All of these replications followed predefined analysis plans that were made publicly available beforehand, and they all have a statistical power of at least 90% to detect the original effect size at the 5% significance level. We found a significant effect in the same direction as in the original study for 11 replications (61%); on average, the replicated effect size is 66% of the original. The replicability rate varies between 67% and 78% for four additional replicability indicators, including a prediction market measure of peer beliefs.



An economics study featuring a performance by Robin Williams failed to replicate after the actor's death

Bonnie Schiffman/Touchstone/The Kobal Collection

## About 40% of economics experiments fail replication survey

By John Bohannon | Mar. 3, 2016, 2:00 PM



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- Science builds on previous work
- To do that, work must be public
- Share your data and code publicly
- Replicate the work of others